Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2013

Company Number 3453820

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# Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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#### **Directors**

D J Pepper J J Kita A G Rajendra J F Stern

#### Secretary and registered office

J F Stern, One New Change, London, EC4M 9AF

#### Company number

3453820

#### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, Kings Wharf, 20-30 Kings Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 3EX

## Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the business continues to be that of supplying heating and water heating equipment for commercial/industrial buildings. Our route to market is via specification and orders for equipment are placed by specialist distributors or contractors.

2013 was the year when the recession had its biggest negative impact on our sales performance, which was 13% lower than 2012. In previous years we have supplied a lot of equipment for public sector buildings, and although spending cuts started in 2010, with for example, the scrapping of the Building Schools for the Future programme, the effect in 2010 to 2012 was more of a gradual reduction in projects. In 2013 those projects and particularly the larger higher value projects ground to an almost complete halt.

For most of the year the private sector appeared to have little confidence in the economy and there was a marked reduction in new projects in all sectors including some of those which had previously coped well in recession for example Food Retail and Budget Hotels.

The lack of confidence even affected refurbishment and replacement projects, and there is a feeling that many end users had a tendency to repair products rather than replace them with newer more efficient models. Whilst this resulted in lower sales of products our spares sales continued to be healthy, growing by 11%.

At the beginning of 2013 we had a number of new product plans in place, but for various reasons only one of these materialised, with the EcoCharger range being launched in December, which didn't give anytime to have a meaningful impact on 2013 results. The lack of new products created further difficulties for us in very difficult market conditions.

We had expected market conditions to be difficult resulting in challenges on GPM. We had forecast an overall GPM of 38%, so it was positive that GPM held up better than anticipated at 40%. Overheads were again well controlled, showing a reduction of over 4% against 2012.

Our net result was a pre-tax profit of £165,650 which represents a reduction of £406,770 against 2012, but in the face of the difficult market conditions and the delays in launching new products, a pre-tax net profit margin performance of 3% is still a reasonable result.

	2013	2012	% Change
Revenue (£)	6,231,684	7,160,854	(13)
Profit before tax (£)	165,650	572,420	(71)
Profit before tax (%)	3	8	-

#### Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### **Outlook**

We have every reason to expect that 2014 will be a better year. There is more confidence in the market and we saw the evidence of this with a stronger end to 2013, where Q4 sales performance was 3% up on Q4, 2012. There are some forthcoming public sector initiatives including the Priority Schools Building Programme, which will give some impetus to a sector which has always been an important one for us. There is also the feeling that the existing stock in many public sector properties is in such a poor state, as a result of the spending cutbacks, that there will be a spate of emergency replacements for those buildings which do not benefit from any of the new initiatives.

Our new product launch programme is back on track and following the launch of EcoCharger in December we expect to add a further 4 new product ranges during 2014, all of which should add to our performance. Our forecast is to grow sales by 23% and whilst this will be challenging, it is achievable considering the new product developments and our other planned initiatives.

#### Risks and uncertainties

There are a number of risks specific to the business, which are managed accordingly:

#### Supply Chain

Most of the products are supplied via Group but the company conducts frequent review meetings with all major suppliers. Review meetings cover items such as quality, cost, logisitics and product development.

#### Credit Control

The company uses the services of credit agencies and regularly reviews the details provided, along with specific customer payment history.

#### Foreign Exchange

Some products are purchased in either Dollars or Euro's. The company hedges 80% of anticipated annual exposure.

On behalf of the board

JJ Kita
JJ Kita
Director
JUNE 6, 2014

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows the profit for the year.

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the year were:

D J Pepper J J Kita A G Rajendra J F Stern

#### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

Dated: June 6, 2014

JJ Kita

Director

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#### Independent auditor's report

#### To the members of Lochinvar Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Lochinvar Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Independent auditor's report (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

BOOLL

Christopher Pooles (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Reading
United Kingdom

) JUNE 2014

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	6,231,684	7,160,854
Cost of sales		3,756,485	4,190,736
Gross profit		2,475,199	2,970,118
Administrative expenses		2,310,521	2,413,106
Operating profit	3	164,678	557,012
Other income		2,214	15,891
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	(1,242)	353 (836)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		165,650	572,420
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	37,599	146,076
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		128,051	426,344

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Balance sheet** at 31 December 2013

Company number 3453820	Note	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	9		139,508		140,318
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	1,455,445 1,250,706 947,726 ————————————————————————————————————		1,828,731 1,356,302 702,062 	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	981,734		1,346,426	
Net current assets		-	2,672,143		2,540,669
Total assets less current liabilities			2,811,651		2,680,987
Provisions for liabilities	13		16,844		14,231
			2,794,807		2,666,756
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	16 17		400,002 2,394,805		400,002 2,266,754
Shareholders' funds	18		2,794,807		2,666,756

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on

JJ Kita

JJ Kita

Director

Dated! June 4, 2014

# Cashflow statement for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	19		473,544		204,879
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid: lease finance Other income		(1,242) 2,214		353 (836) 15,891	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			972		15,408
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(187,598)		73,110
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(54,504) 17,000		(19,919) 23,300	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			(37,504)		3,381
Cash inflow before use of financing			249,414		296,778
Financing Capital element of finance leases repaid			(3,750)		(4,420)
Increase in cash	20		245,664		292,358

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

#### 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### Goodwill

Aguired goodwill is initially recognised at cost and then amortised over its estimated useful life of 20 years.

Where there is an indication that the value of the goodwill may have been impaired, an impairment review is carried out. If the impairment review indicates that the recoverable amount is lower than the current value, the goodwill is written down to the recoverable amount. The remaining recoverable amount is then amortised over the revised useful economic life.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover relating to the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customer. Turnover relating to maintenance and installation services is recognised once the work has been completed.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment - 33.3% Straight line
Leasehold property - over the term of the lease
Plant and machinery - 25% Reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% Reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment - 25% Reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

#### Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

## Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

#### 2 Turnover

	2013	2012
Analysis by geographical market:	£	£
United Kingdom Rest of the world	5,983,696 247,988 ———	6,844,770 316,084
	6,231,684	7,160,854

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

3	Operating profit		
		2013 £	2012 £
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	L	L
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Exchange differences Auditor's remuneration - audit services Auditors' remuneration - non audit services	38,861 (547) 126,228 109,412 7,962 18,500 3,750	53,098 4,104 78,299 109,412 (3,985) 27,151
4	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,185,784 138,638 30,876	1,237,794 133,304 27,376
		1,355,298	1,398,474
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was 32	(2012 - 34).	
5	Directors' remuneration		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	114,119 7,194	114,661 5,582

There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year (2012 - 1).

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

6	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Lease finance charges	1,242	836
7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
		2013 £	2012 £
	UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year	34,986	153,232
	Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,613	(7,156)
		07.500	
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	37,599	146,076
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of	·	
		·	
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of	corporation ta	x in the UK 2012
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below:  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 25%)	corporation tag 2013	x in the UK 2012 £
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below:  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 25%)  Effect of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2013 £ 165,650 38,508 2,616	2012 £ 572,420
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below:  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 25%)  Effect of:	2013 £ 165,650 38,508	2012 £ 572,420

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

8	Intangible fixed assets	
		Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013	520,000
	Amortisation At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013	520,000
	Net book value At 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013	

## Note forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### 9 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer Equipment £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings & equipment £	Leasehold property £	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2013 Additions Disposals	66,779 39,399 (18,987)	43,481 300 -	144,493 14,766 (37,440)	116,895 39 -	124,113 - -	495,761 54,504 (56,427)
At 31 December 2013	87,191	43,781	121,819	116,934	124,113	493,838
Depreciation At 1 January 2013 Provided for the year Disposals	52,960 9,763 (18,987)	33,446 2,534	64,090 21,532 (20,987)	103,601 3,324	101,346 1,708 -	355,443 38,861 (39,974)
At 31 December 2013	43,736	35,980	64,635	106,925	103,054	354,330
Net book value At 31 December 2013	43,455	7,801	57,184	10,009	21,059	139,508
At 31 December 2012	13,819	10,035	80,403	13,294	22,767	140,318

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### 9 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £4,201 (2012 - £5,062) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The related depreciation charge on these assets for the year was £1,400 (2012 - £1,867).

#### 10 Stocks

	2013 £	2012 . £
Finished goods and goods for resale 1,45	55,445	1,828,731

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above.

#### 11 Debtors

	2013 £	2012 £
Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	1,118,712 3,000 128,994	1,257,952 1,948 96,402
	1,250,706	1,356,302

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

#### 12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2013 £	2012 £
Trade creditors	225,747	132,897
Amounts owed to group undertakings	131,372	322,312
Corporation tax	619	153,231
Other taxation and social security	165,582	170,531
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	•	3,750
Other creditors	3,097	3,223
Accruals and deferred income	455,317	560,482
	981,734	1,346,426

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

13	Provisions for liabilities		
			Deferred taxation £
	At 1 January 2013 Charged to profit and loss account		14,231 2,613
	At 31 December 2013		16,844
	Deferred taxation		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	16,844	14,231

#### 14 Foward foreign exchange contracts

It is company policy to hedge its foreign exchange risk by taking out forward foreign exchange contracts. The fair value of forward exchange contracts, being the market price at the balance sheet date, is £1,382,136 (2012: £937,038). At 31 December 2013 there was £39,909 of unrecognised net losses (2012: £2,863 net gain) on forward foreign exchange contracts.

#### 15 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £30,876 (2012 - £27,376). Contributions amounting to £3,097 (2012 - £1,295) were payable to the fund and are included in creditors.

#### 16 Share capital

	2013 £	2012 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
400,002 Ordinary shares of £1 each	400,002	400,002

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

17	Reserves		
			Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year		2,266,754 128,051
	At 31 December 2013		2,394,805
18	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Profit for the year	128,051	426,344
	Opening shareholders' funds	2,666,756	2,240,412
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,794,807	2,666,756
19	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities	es	
		2013 £	2012 £
	Operating profit Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (Profit)/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets Decrease/(increase) in stocks Decrease/(increase) in debtors Decrease in creditors	164,678 38,861 (547) 373,286 105,596 (208,330)	557,012 53,098 4,104 (7,207) (70,423) (331,705)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	473,544	204,879

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

20	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in	n net funds		
			2013 £	2012 £
	Increase in cash		245,664	292,358
	Cash inflow from changes in debt		3,750	-
	Movement in net funds		249,414	292,358
	Opening net funds		698,312	405,954
	Closing net funds		947,726	698,312
21	Analysis of net funds			
		At 1 January 2013 £	Cash flow £	At 31 December 2013 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	702,062	245,664	947,726
	Finance leases	(3,750)	3,750	-
			3,750	
	Total	698,312	249,414	947,726
	•			

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

#### 22 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Operating leases which expire:	Land and buildings 2013 £	Other 2013 £	Land and buildings 2012 £	Other 2012 £
Within one year In two to five years After five years	- - 115,208	- 110,878 -	112,885	7,423 111,739 -
	115,208	110,878	112,885	119,162

#### 23 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of A O Smith Corporation and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with A O Smith Corporation or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

During the year the company sold a motor vehicle to D J Pepper, a director, at the market value of £17,000. This amount was fully paid up by the year end.

#### 24 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a subsidiary of A O Smith Corporation which is the ultimate parent company incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and can be obtained from A O Smith Corporation, PO Box 245008, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53224, USA.