

Registered no. 3444488

RUSHTON INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

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COMPANIES HOUSE 25/10/02

LUBBOCK FINE Chartered Accountants Russell Bedford House City Forum, 250 City Road London EC1V 2QQ

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ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COMPANY

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2001 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

OTHER INFORMATION

On 23 October 2002 we reported as auditors to the members of the company on the financial statements prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985 and our report included the following paragraph:

FUNDAMENTAL UNCERTAINTY

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1 of the financial statements concerning the applicability of the going concern basis of preparation of these financial statements. The going concern basis assumes the continuing support of the shareholders to meet day to day working capital requirements of the company so that it can settle its liabilities as and when they arise. In view of the significance of this uncertainty we consider that it should be brought to your attention, but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

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Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Date: 23 October 2002

Russell Bedford House City Forum, 250 City Road London EC1V 2QQ

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2001

	Note	£	2001 £	£	2000 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		25,577		81,196
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		47,710 327,848 641 376,199		45,288 240,703 24 286,015	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	3	(180,377)		(370,183)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIE	ES)		195,822		(84,168)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LI	ABILITIE	s	221,399		(2,972)
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(522,116) (3 <u>00,717</u>)		(69,499) (72,471)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account DEFICIENCY	5		53,763 (354,480) (300,717)		53,763 (126,234) (72,471)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

B Rushton C Director

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The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

Going concern

The company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through a bank facility, which is reviewed periodically together with intercompany loans from the parent company and, after the sale of the company, from loans provided by the shareholders. The directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence in the future, on the grounds that the company's bankers and the parent company will continue their support. In addition, following the sale of the company by its parent, the new shareholders have agreed to continue to provide loan funding to the company.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the withdrawal of the support of the bankers and shareholders.

Comparative figures

Comparative figures are for the period from 1 April 2000 to 31 December 2000.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office Equipment

- 33% per annum straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

- 25% per annum straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% per annum straight line

Work in progress

Is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of .

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the Profit and loss account.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption applicable to wholly-owned subsidiaries and has not disclosed transactions with group companies as the consolidated financial statements for the group are publicly available.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 January 2001 Additions Disposals	210,476 2,620 (85,987)
At 31 December 2001	127,109
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2001 Charge for year On disposals	129,280 32,169 (59,917)
At 31 December 2001	101,532
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2001	25,577
At 31 December 2000	81,196

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

2001	2000
£	£
25,037	127,487
13,066	41,246
38,103	168,733
	£ 25,037 13,066

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

2001	2000
£	£
27,974	43,114
6,644	26,385
34,618	69,499
	£ 27,974 6,644

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

Authorised Share Capital.	2001	2000
250,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		***************************************
	2001	2000
	£	£
53,763 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	53,763	53,763

6. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is ProXchange Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The company became a wholly owned subsidiary of ProXchange Limited on 11 January 2001.

Copies of the group accounts can be obtained from:

Companies House Crown Way Cardiff CF14 3UZ

7. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

After the year end, the company has received additional short term loans from ProXchange Limited. These loans, totalling £74,652, are interest free and due for repayment in June 2002.

Subsequently, ProXchange Limited sold its whole interest in Rushton International Limited.