Strategic Report, Report of the Director and

Financial Statements

for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

<u>for</u>

Media & Sport Management Ltd

AMENDING

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Media & Sport Management Ltd

Company Information for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

DIRECTOR:

F Principe

REGISTERED OFFICE:

6th Floor, 2 Kingdom Street

London W2 6BD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03430398 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Clay Knox Accountancy Limited

Clay Barn, Ipsley Court Berrington Close

Redditch Worcestershire

B98 0TJ

Media & Sport Management Ltd

Strategic Report

for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

The director presents his strategic report for the period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year are set out on page 8 and show the profit on ordinary activities after taxation for the year as being £41,194 (2016: £997,914).

The turnover of the company for the year is £7,395,123 (2016: £14,021,989).

The company carried out operational changes during the year which is reflected in the reduction in turnover and of fees payable.

The company was subject to a major fraud in the year involving trusted advisors of the company; the direct loss resulting from this fraud amounting to in excess of £1.82m. The company is currently taking legal action to recover the amounts involved together with indirect costs resulting from the fraud.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company is dependant on the excellent relationships that it enjoys with its business partners. The company is dedicated to providing a high quality professional service to ensure the maintenance of the business relationships upon which it depends. The company operates in an increasingly popular worldwide market sector, this showing no signs of a slow down in growth.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company manages the business by reference to key performance indicators, the principal indicators being as follows:

Gross profit: 17.22% (2016: 13.15%) (gross profit/sales)

Liquidity ratio: 1.25 (2016: 1.31) (current assets/current liabilities)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

PPrincipe - Director

Date: 16/0.1/2018

Report of the Director

for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of facilitating the sponsorship of Formula One motor racing.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the period ended 30 December 2017.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE PERIOD

Information relating to events since the end of the period is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTOR

F Principe held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2017 to the date of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments used by the Company arise wholly and directly from its activities. The financial instruments are comprised of debtors, cash at bank and creditors.

The company has put in place the following measures in order to manage the financial risks arising from these financial instruments.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The company operates within the global markets and uses Pound Sterling as its functional currency and is thus exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from fluctuation of various foreign currencies. The company therefore holds cash in different foreign currencies to minimise the risk.

CREDIT RISK

The company's principal financial assets are bank balances and trade and other receivables.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables.

The company's credit risk on the liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The company mitigates liquidity risk by ensuring that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments.

BUSINESS RISK

The licensing of the sports rights is critical to the success of the business. The director monitors the level of this contract exposure and endeavour, wherever possible, to progress revenue contract renewal negotiations well before the contracts are due to terminate, thus limiting the financial risk of such exposure.

OVERSEAS BRANCH

The company has an overseas branch in Lugano, Switzerland.

Report of the Director

for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Clay Knox Accountancy Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

F Principe - Director

Date: 16/01/2010

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Media & Sport Management Ltd (the 'company') for the period ended 30 December 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 December 2017 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Media & Sport Management Ltd

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page four, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Media & Sport Management Ltd

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Isn Bailey BSc FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Clay Knox Accountancy Limited

Clay Barn, Ipsley Court Berrington Close Redditch Worcestershire

B98 0TJ

Date: 25/1/19

Income Statement for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

		Period 1/1/17 to 30/12/17	Year Ended 31/12/16
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		7,395,123	14,021,989
Cost of sales		6,121,861	12,177,521
GROSS PROFIT		1,273,262	1,844,468
Administrative expenses		751,374	709,353
OPERATING PROFIT	4	521,888	1,135,115
Investments written off	5	(450,012)	113
		71,876	1,135,228
Interest receivable and similar income		990	120
		72,866	1,135,348
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	115	22
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		72,751	1,135,326
Tax on profit	7	31,557	137,412
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		41,194	997,914

Other Comprehensive Income for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to	Year Ended
	30/12/17	31/12/16
Notes	£	£
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	41,194	997,914
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	· -	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE	 _	
PERIOD	41,194	997,914

Balance Sheet 30 December 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		98,479		137,975
Investments	9		115		113
			98,594		138,088
CURRENT ASSETS			•		
Debtors	10	1,880,099		1,549,142	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,196,165		764,816	
		3,076,264		2,313,958	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	2,443,249		1,761,631	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			633,015		552,327
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			731,609		690,415
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		20,000		20,000
Retained earnings	15		711,609		670,415
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			731,609		690,415

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2016	20,000	(327,499)	(307,499)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		997,914	997,914
Balance at 31 December 2016	20,000	670,415	690,415
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		41,194	41,194
Balance at 30 December 2017	20,000	711,609	731,609

Cash Flow Statement for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

		Period 1/1/17 to	Year Ended
		30/12/17	31/12/16
	lotes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities		-	_
Cash generated from operations	1	1,064,554	105,900
Interest paid		(115)	(22)
Tax paid		(140,457)	(10,423)
Net cash from operating activities		923,982	95,455
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed asset investments		(450,014)	-
Interest received		990	120
Net cash from investing activities		(449,024)	120
		·	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		474,958	95,575
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of			
period	2	721,207	625,632
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2	1,196,165	721,207

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to	Year Ended
	30/12/17	31/12/16
	£	£
Profit before taxation	72,751	1,135,326
Depreciation charges	39,496	7,327
Fixed asset investments written off	450,012	-
Finance costs	115	22
Finance income	(990)	(120)
	561,384	1,142,555
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(343,733)	4,704,999
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	846,903	(5,741,654)
Cash generated from operations	1,064,554	105,900

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Period ended 30 December 2017

	30/12/17 f	1/1/17 £
Cash and cash equivalents	1,196,165	764,816
Bank overdrafts	<u> </u>	(43,609)
	1,196,165	721,207
Year ended 31 December 2016		
	31/12/16	1/1/16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	764,816	626,752
Bank overdrafts	(43,609)	(1,120)
	721,207	625,632

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Media & Sport Management Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax, except in respect of service contracts when turnover is recognised when the company obtains the right to consideration.

Revenue recognition

Sponsorship fees are recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract term.

Events income is recognised in the year in which the event has taken place.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Motor vehicles

5% on reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 33% on cost

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less any provision for impairment.

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to	Year Ended
	30/12/17	31/12/16
	£	£
Wages and salaries	124,763	117,619
Social security costs	5,169 ———	1,867
	129,932	119,486
		====
The average number of employees during the period was as follows:		
	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to	Year Ended
	30/12/17	31/12/16
Management	4	4
	==	
	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to	Year Ended
	30/12/17	31/12/16
	£	£
Director's remuneration	45,603	27,324

4. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Period 1/1/17	
•	to 30/12/17 £	Year Ended 31/12/16 £
Other operating leases	18,432	25,490
Depreciation - owned assets	39,496	7,327
Auditors' remuneration	4,600	6,075
Foreign exchange differences	(94,290)	(12,944)

5. **EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS**

During the year, the company was subjected to fraud by a trusted advisor to the company. As a result, the company has had to write off investments in share options costing £450,000, which, combined with other fraudulent activities, resulted in total losses in excess of £1.82m. The company has commenced legal action against the parties involved in an attempt to recover the losses.

6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

	Period 1/1/17	
	to 30/12/17 £	Year Ended 31/12/16 £
Bank interest	115	

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the period was as follows:

	Period	
	1/1/17	
	to 30/12/17	Year Ended 31/12/16
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	10,163	141,927
Overseas tax	21,394	(4,515)
Tax on profit	31,557	137,412

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Period 1/1/17	
	to 30/12/17 £	Year Ended 31/12/16 £
Profit before tax	72,751	1,135,326
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.250% (2016 - 20%)	14,005	227,065
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	11,716	8,152
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	-	(536)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	5,836	
Utilisation of tax losses	-	(92,755)
Overseas tax		(4,514)
Total tax charge	31,557	137,412

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and to 18% (effective 1 April 2020) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

In the budget on 8 March 2017, the Chancellor announced additional planned reductions to 17% by April 2020.

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 January 2017			
and 30 December 2017	160,607	1,060	161,667
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2017	22,906	786	23,692
Charge for period	39,222	274	39,496
At 30 December 2017	62,128	1,060	63,188
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 December 2017	98,479		98,479
At 31 December 2016	137,701	274	137,975

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

9.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
		2017	2016
	·	£	£
	Shares in group undertakings	115 ====	<u>113</u>
	Additional information is as follows:		Shares in
			group
			undertakings
			£
	COST		
	At 1 January 2017		113
	Additions		2
	At 30 December 2017		115
	At 50 December 2017		
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 30 December 2017		115
			==
	At 31 December 2016		<u> 113</u>
			
	Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were as follows:		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2017	2016
		£	£
	Other investments not loans -		
	Additions	450,012	-
	Other investments not loans - Investments written off	(450,012)	_
	mvestments written on	(450,012)	<u> </u>
		-	-
40			
10.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2017	2016
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	796,130	1,264,833
	Amounts owed by participating interests	37,404	39,156
	Other debtors	176,716	127,632
	Tax	-	12,776
	VAT	36,043	
	Prepayments and accrued income	833,806	104,745
		1,880,099	1,549,142

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	-	43,609
Trade creditors	1,084,888	405,678
Tax	21,438	143,114
Social security and other taxes	3,405	134,442
Other creditors	5,938	
Accruals and deferred income	1,327,580	1,034,788
	2,443,249	1,761,63
LOANS		
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial assets measured at amortised cost as at 30 December 2017 are in the sum of £1,667,340 (2016: £1,408,734). This comprises of trade debtors, amounts owed by participating interests and accrued income.

The financial liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 30 December 2017 are in the sum of £2,412,468 (2016: £1,440,465). This comprises of trade creditors and accrued expenses.

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2017	2016
			value:	£	£
	20,000	Ordinary	£1	20,000	20,000
15 .	RESERVES				D-4-11
					Retained
					earnings £
	At 1 January	2017			670,415
	Profit for the	e period			41,194
	At 30 Decem	nber 2017			711,609
					===

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 1 January 2017 to 30 December 2017

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year commission of £923,124 (2016: £328,807) was payable to a shareholder.

Included in prepayments are commissions paid in advance of £nil (2016: £65,613) to a shareholder.

During the year loans totalling £85,884 (2016: £36,893) were given to a shareholder of the company at interest rates of 2.5% - 3% per annum. Included in other debtors is £122,777 (2016: £36,893) owed from the shareholder.

During the year a loan of £nil (2016: £76,823) was made to the director. Included in other debtors is £6,288 (2016: £76,823) owed by the director.

During the year expenses of £7,642 (2016: £nil) were paid on behalf of a shareholder. Included in other debtors is £7,642 (2016: £nil) owed by a shareholder.

During the year a loan of £26,075 (2016: £nil) was given to the partner of a shareholder. Included in other debtors is £26,075 (2016: £nil) owed to the company.

During the year consultancy fees of £29,858 (2016: £nil) were paid to a family member of a shareholder.

During the year fees of £27,130 (2016: £15,598) were payable to a company in which a director has a material interest.

Included in amounts owed to a participating interest is a balance of £37,404 (2016: £39,156) receivable from a partner.

During the year fees of £555,225 (2016: £369,816) were payable to a company in which a director has a material interest. Included in trade creditors and accruals is £344 (2016: £241,778).

During the year expenses of £3,840 (2016: £nil) were paid on behalf of a company in which a director has a material interest. Included in other debtors is £3,840 (2016: £nil) owed to the company.

17. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no events subsequent to the year end to disclose.

18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is owned by Mr. E Zanarini by virtue of his shareholding in the company for both this and the preceding year.