Registration number: 03425315

Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020



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Company Information

Directors

Pete Calveley

Mark Hazlewood

Michael O'Reilly

Company secretary

Michael O'Reilly

Registered office

3rd Floor, The Aspect

12 Finsbury Square

London EC2A 1AS

Auditor

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Salt Quay House 6 North East Quay

Plymouth PL4 0HP

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited ("the Company") is the sale of sheltered housing to the frail and elderly on long leases. The Company refer to the assets on long leases as Close Care Units (CCU). Care and property services are provided by other companies within the Grove group ("Group").

Business review

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 10. The Directors are satisfied with the Company's results.

The Company operates under the Barchester group brand. Barchester commands a leading position in the UK long term care sector. The business provides in excess of 15,000 registered beds, spread across its portfolio of over 230 high quality services (including nursing homes and domiciliary care) and 6 hospitals with a national footprint across the UK, the largest proportion located within London and the South East and the remainder evenly spread through the UK.

The key performance measures that the Board use to monitor Barchester's progress against its objectives are:

- Quality of care, the health and well-being of our residents;
- · Occupancy levels;
- Fee levels;
- · EBITDA and EBITDA per bed;
- · Margin; and
- · Staff agency and cost.

Barchester's strategy is one of continued growth through extension of existing facilities, acquisitions of nursing homes of a suitable quality, and development of newly built care homes. Barchester is especially focused on the private pay market.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

Directors of the Company

The Directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Pete Calveley

Mark Hazlewood

Michael O'Reilly - Company secretary and director

Dividends

The Directors recommend no final dividend payment be made in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £nil).

Going concern

The Directors have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. The Directors therefore believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

Approved by the Board on 5 July 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Hazlewood

Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2020, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited (continued)

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors, the audit committee, internal audit and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, including the internal audit function, and the Company's channel for "whistleblowing", as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- · Reading Board minutes.
- · Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management and directors.
- · Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because of the simplistic nature of income transactions and that the value of transactions is immaterial to the wider Group.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

In determining the audit procedures we took into account the results of our evaluation and testing of the operating effectiveness of some of the Company-wide fraud risk management controls.

We also performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries and other adjustments to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted by senior finance management, journals with unusual combinations, unusual cash journals, and journal entries containing specific wording
- Evaluated the business purpose of significant unusual transactions
- Assessing significant accounting estimates for bias

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited (continued)

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the Company's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation, and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: anti-bribery law and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the financial and regulated nature of the Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited (continued)

Directors' report

The Directors are responsible for the Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Brokenshire (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Tan Broters hire

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Salt Quay House 6 North East Quay Plymouth PL4 0HP

Date: 9 July 2021

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Turnover		240	853
Cost of sales		(224)	(690)
Operating profit	_	16	163
Profit before tax		. 16	163
Taxation	5 _		-
Profit for the financial year		16	163

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Profit for the year	16	163
Total comprehensive income for the year	16	163

(Registration number: 03425315) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	11	11
Current assets			
Stocks	7	979	681
Debtors	8	586	1,013
		1,565	1,694
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9 _	(444)	(589)
Net current assets		1,121	1,105
Net assets	=	1,132	1,116
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	-	-
Profit and loss account		1,132	1,116
Total equity	=	1,132	1,116

Approved and authorised by the Board on 5 July 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Hazlewood

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2020		1,116	1,116
Profit for the year		16	16
Total comprehensive income		16	16
At 31 December 2020	-	1,132	1,132
	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2019		855	855
Profit for the year		163	163
Total comprehensive income	-	163	163
Purchase of own share capital		98	98
At 31 December 2019		1,116	1,116

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The functional and presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £'000.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

There were no judgements or material estimation uncertainties affecting the reported financial performance in the current or prior year.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Grove Limited the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions contained in FRS 102 Section 1.12. By virtue of FRS 102 Section 33.1A the Company has not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned entities which form part of the Group.

Name of parent of group

These financial statements are consolidated in the financial statements of Grove Limited.

The financial statements of Grove Limited may be obtained from www.jerseyfsc.org.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Directors of Grove Limited (the Company's ultimate parent undertaking) have prepared cash flow forecasts for Grove Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), of which this company is a member, for a period of 18 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The group meets its day to day working capital requirements through its cash reserves, bank loans and shareholder loans. The Board have prepared forecasts for the remainder of 2021 and the twelve months ended 31 December 2022. These forecasts take into account the impact of Covid-19 to date, and revised expectations in relation to occupancy, labour costs and additional related costs (such as PPE, anticipated on-going testing and a full programme of capital expenditure).

The Board has also reviewed the impact of a possible "third wave" of Covid-19 and the impact on cash should this arise due to an increase in deaths. Steps have been taken to mitigate against the impacts of such an outbreak, and the reduction in the incidence of Covid-19 cases in residents, patients and staff has been reassuring. The steps taken by the Board include:

- Mandatory vaccination of all staff who have a role which requires them to work in any of our homes or hospitals at any time.
- Mandatory vaccination of any new residents moving in.
- Maintaining our independent supply chain for PPE (as we did throughout 2021).
- Commitment to on-going testing of residents, patients, staff, visitors and contractors who enter any home or hospital.

In particular, we believe that our position on vaccinations should mean that any increase in cases in the general population should not translate directly into increased cases in the homes and hospitals.

The Board also considered the impact on cash forecasts should occupancy be impacted by a further reduction in demand from residents or their families. The Board is satisfied that mitigations are in place to address demand pressures.

Our forecasts, including the downside sensitivities, indicate that the Group will have sufficient cash resources for the forecast period through to December 2022. In addition to the forecast cash surplus, the Group has a £20 million revolving credit facility available from NatWest. This is forecast not to be required at any time throughout the forecast period, even in the downside sensitised cases described above. In addition, there are a number of areas of discretionary expenditure which could be reduced if necessary and sufficient assets on the balance sheet that could be used to raise additional debt if required.

Consequently, the Directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Turnover relates to the income received from the sale of close care units, and arises entirely in the United Kingdom.

Where a lease is granted in respect of property, revenue is recognised where the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the lessee and where recovery is reasonably certain.

Тях

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets is stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimate useful economic lives.

Asset class

Land

Freehold Buildings

Depreciation method and rate

No depreciation is provided on freehold land

Straight line over 50 years

Stocks

Close care units are classified as assets held for resale and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are expenditure incurred in acquiring the close care units and bringing them to their existing condition. Net realisable value is estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. If close care units are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its net realisable value; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

3 Directors' remuneration

The Company had no employees other than Directors (2019: Nil). The Directors received remuneration for services to Barchester Healthcare Homes Limited of which Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited is a subsidiary undertaking, however the proportion attributable to their services to Barchester Assisted Living Properties (Chorleywood) Limited is not separately identifiable.

4 Auditor's remuneration

The remuneration of the auditor in the current year was borne by another Group company. The estimate for the current year is £4,000 (2019: £4,000).

5 Taxation

The tax charge for the year in the profit and loss account is £Nil (2019: £Nil).

The tax on profit before tax for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2019 - lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2019 - 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	£ 000	£ 000
Profit before tax	16	163
Corporation tax at standard rate	3	31
Tax decrease arising from group relief	(9)	(40)
Tax increase from transfer pricing adjustments	6	9
Total tax charge/(credit)	<u> </u>	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

6 Tangible assets

	Land £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2020	11	11_
At 31 December 2020	11	11
Depreciation At 1 January 2020		<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2020	<u> </u>	_
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020	11	11
At 31 December 2019	11	11

Included within the net book value of land above is £11,000 (2019 - £11,000) in respect of freehold land.

7 Stocks

	2020	2019
	£ 000	£ 000
Finished goods and goods for resale	979_	681

Stocks comprises close care units which have been developed by the company and are held for resale.

8 Debtors

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Amounts owed by related parties	571	1,012
Other debtors	15_	1
	586	1,013

Amounts due from related parties stated above are legally due on demand and are thus recoverable within one year. It is not expected that a demand for these amounts will be made within the next year.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

9 Creditors

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Due within one year	•	
Amounts due to related parties	442	442
Other payables	2	121
Accrued expenses		26
	444	589

Amounts due to related parties are legally due on demand and are thus due within one year. It is not expected that a demand for these amounts will be made within the next year.

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

, ,	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

11 Commitments

Close care units

The Company has committed to repurchase some close care units. The Directors do not envisage any impairment of the recoverable value of the underlying properties and are consequently of the opinion that no loss should be recognised by the Company in relation to these commitments.

The total of these commitments not provided in the financial statements was £716,000 (2019 - £656,000).

12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Barchester Healthcare Homes Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent is Grove Limited, incorporated in Jersey.

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Grove Limited. These financial statements are available upon request from www.jerseyfsc.org.

The parent of the largest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Grove Limited, incorporated in Jersey.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking (continued)

The address of Grove Limited is: 13 Castle Street St Helier Jersey JE1 1ES

The parent of the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Barchester Healthcare Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of Barchester Healthcare Limited is: 3rd Floor, The Aspect 12 Finsbury Square London EC2A 1AS