

WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005



GERALD EDELMAN

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

25 HARLEY STREET · LONDON W1G 9BR T +44 (0)20 7299 1400 · F +44 (0)20 7299 1401

> E gemail@geraldedelman.com www.geraldedelman.com

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors S Nahum

M Turner

(Appointed 13 October 2004)

(Appointed 21 September 2004)

Secretary A Benjamin

Company number 3406623

Registered office 25 Harley Street

> London W1G 9BR

Auditors Gerald Edelman

25 Harley Street

London W1G 9BR

Units 1 & 2 Beechwood Place **Business address**

Wenman Road

Thame Oxfordshire **OX9 3XA**

Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc

> PO Box 75 3 Cornmarket Thame Oxfordshire **OX9 3YS**

Solicitors Gosschalks

Queens Gardens

Hull HU1 3DZ

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

The directors present their report and financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2005.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of managing leased properties.

Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 5.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £4.713 million. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2004:

A McIntosh	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
H Osmond	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
M Jonas	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
B F Baldock	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
T A Teichman	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
R Myers	(Resigned 31 August 2004)
S Nahum	(Appointed 13 October 2004)
D Baker	(Appointed 21 September 2004 and resigned 13 October 2004)
P Norris	(Appointed 31 August 2004 and resigned 21 September 2004)
S Hosier	(Appointed 26 August 2004 and resigned 21 September 2004)
M Turner	(Appointed 21 September 2004)

Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

The directors interests in the shares of the company were as stated below.		
	Ordinary sh	nares of 50p each
3	1 March 2005	1 January 2004
S Nahum	-	-
M Turner	-	-

Mr M Turner is a director of Investors in Private Capital Limited, the United Kingdom holding company. His interest in the shares of that company are shown in its own directors report.

Creditor payment policy

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

On average, trade creditors at the year end represented approximately 25 days (2003 - 30) days' purchases.

Auditors

Gerald Edelman were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- -make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- -state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- -prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Director

7 October 2005

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Wellington Pub Company Plc on pages 5 to 20 for the period ended 31 March 2005. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention (as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets) and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2005 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Gerald Edelman

7 October 2005

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

25 Harley Street London W1G 9BR

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	Notes	Period ended 31 March 2005 £000's	Year ended 31 December 2003 £000's
Turnover	2	35,160	27,148
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(3,020)	(1,847) 366
Operating profit	3	32,801	25,667
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	1,313 (18,647)	1,061 (15,786)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		15,467	10,942
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(3,906)	(3,834)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		11,561	7,108
Dividends	7	(4,713)	(3,100)
Retained profit for the period	17	6,848	4,008

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	Period ended 31 March 2005 £000's	Year ended 31 December 2003 £000's
Profit for the financial period	11,561	7,108
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	34,795	151,889
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the period	46,356	158,997
Note of historical cost profits and losses		
	Period ended 31 March 2005 £000's	Year ended 31 December 2003 £000's
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	15,467	10,942
Realisation of property revaluation gains of previous years	2,537	291
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	18,004	11,233
Historical cost profit for the period retained after taxation, extraordinary items and dividends	9,385	4,299

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2005

		20	05	20	03
	Notes	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8 and 9		434,489		392,249
Current assets					
Debtors	10	2,944		8,992	
Investments	11	-		600	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,885		27,378	
O (1)		25,829		36,970	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(16,313)		(14,524)	
Net current assets			9,516		22,446
Total assets less current liabilities			444,005		414,695
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(195,149)		(210,657)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	15		(13,110)		(9,935)
			235,746		194,103
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		13		13
Revaluation reserve	17		206,442		174,184
Profit and loss account	17		29,291		19,906
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	18		235,746		194,103

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 7 October 2005

M Turner Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

	£000's	Period ended 31 March 2005 £000's	£000's	Year ended 31 December 2003 £000's
Net cash inflow from operating activities		37,876		16,303
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	1,275		1,076	
Interest paid	(18,647)		(15,782)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments				
and servicing of finance		(17,372)		(14,706)
Taxation		(576)		-
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets	(13,299)		(2,251)	
Receipts from sales of tangible assets	8,121		5,454 	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow for capital				
expenditure		(5,178)		3,203
Equity dividends paid		(4,713)		(3,100)
Net cash inflow before management of liquid				
resources and financing		10,037		1,700
Financing				
Repayment of bank loans	(14,530)		(6,474)	
Net cash outflow from financing		(14,530)		(6,474)
Decrease in cash in the period		(4,493)		(4,774)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to n	et cash inflow from o	perating	2005	2003
				£000's	£000's
	Operating profit			32,801	25,667
	Depreciation of tangible assets			85	59
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets			(2,352)	(2,415)
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors			6,048	(6,785)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors within o	ne year		1,294	(223)
	Net cash inflow from operating activit	ies		37,876	16,303
2	Analysis of net debt	1 January 2004	Cash flow	Other non- 3 cash changes	31 March 2005
		£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
	Net cash:				
	Cash at bank and in hand	27,378	(4,493)		22,885
	Debt:				
	Debts falling due after one year	(214,591)	14,530	(252)	(200,313)
	Net debt	(187,213)	10,037	(252)	(177,428)
2	December of waters to the second			2005	2002
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to mov	vement in net debt		2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Decrease in cash in the period			(4,493)	(4,774)
	Amortisation of loan issue costs			(252)	(131)
	Cash outflow from decrease in debt			14,530	6,474
	Movement in net debt in the period			9,785	1,569
	Opening net debt			(187,213)	(188,782)
	Closing net debt			(177,428)	(187,213)
				====	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

13 Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties. Turnover relates to one continuing activity, leasing of public houses to independent publicans. All of the company's business is performed in the United Kingdom.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

ATM Machines 20% straight line method 20% straight line method 20% straight line method Motor vehicles 20% straight line method

The part of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets which relates to the revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

1.5 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Investments

Current asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

1 Accounting policies

(continued)

1.8 Repairs and maintenance

Expenditure on repairs and maintenance is charged to profit on the basis of costs incurred.

1.9 Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits and if not they are included in shareholders' funds. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments, other than equity shares, is allocated to periods over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

1.10 Comparative figures

Comparative figures relate to the twelve month period to 31 December 2003.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the period has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	85	59
	Operating lease rentals	161	72
	Auditors' remuneration	30	25
	and after crediting:		
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets	(2,352)	(2,415)
4	Investment income	2005	2003
		£000's	£000's
	Bank interest	1,313	1,061
5	Interest payable	2005	2003
•	interest payable	£000's	£000's
	On bank loans and overdrafts	4	_
	Interest on bonds	18,391	15,655
	Amortisation of loan issue costs	252	131
		18,647	15,786

6	Taxation	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	731	
	Current tax charge	731	_
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Deferred tax adjustments arising in previous periods	3,175 -	3,276 558
		3,175	3,834
		3,906	3,834
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the period Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	15,467	10,942
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00% (2003: 30.00%)	4,640	3,283
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	58	4
	Capital allowances	(856)	(816)
	Tax losses utilised	(2,364)	(2,460)
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	(705)	(725)
	Chargeable disposals	888	714
	Other tax adjustments	(930)	
		(3,909)	(3,283)
	Current tax charge	731 	-
7	Dividends	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Ordinary interim paid	4,713	3,100
			

8	Tangible fixed assets				
		ATM Machines	Fixtures & fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
		£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2004	35	175	67	277
	Additions	37	_	-	37
	Disposals	-	(175)	(67)	(242)
	At 31 March 2005	72	-	_	72
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2004	5	72	6	83
	Transfer	(5)	5	-	-
	On disposals	-	(100)	(13)	(113)
	Charge for the period	17	23	7	47
	At 31 March 2005	17	-	-	17
	Net book value				
	At 31 March 2005	55 		-	55
	At 31 December 2003	30	103	61	194
					

				Tangible fixed assets
Investment				
properties £000's				
2000 0				Cost or valuation
392,055				At 1 January 2004
13,262				Additions
34,795				Revaluation
(5,640)				Disposals
434,472				At 31 March 2005
				Depreciation
-				At 1 January 2004
38				Charge for the period
38				At 31 March 2005
				Net book value
434,434				At 31 March 2005
				At 31 December 2003
392,055				
392,055				
392,055 ———————————————————————————————————	Long	Short	Freehold	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows
	Long Leasehold	Short Leasehold	Freehold	
	_		Freehold £000's	
Total	Leasehold	Leasehold		
Total	Leasehold	Leasehold		The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows
Total £000's	Leasehold £000's	Leasehold £000's	£000's	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows Cost or valuation
Total £000's	Leasehold £000's	Leasehold £000's	£000's	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004
Total £000's 392,055	Leasehold £000's	Leasehold £000's	£000's 381,231	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences
Total £000's 392,055	Leasehold £000's 10,473 -	Leasehold £000's 351 -	£000's 381,231 - 13,262	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions
Total £000's 392,055 - 13,262 34,795	Leasehold £000's 10,473 -	Leasehold £000's 351 -	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843	The split of freehold/leasehold buildings is as follows Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640)	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - - 414 -	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640)	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - - 414 -	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640)	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - - 414 -	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004 Charge for the
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640) 434,472	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - 414 - 765	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640) 434,472	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - 414 - 765	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004 Charge for the
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640) 434,472	Leasehold £000's 10,473 (3,462) 7,011	Leasehold £000's 351 - 414 - 765 - 38	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640) 426,696	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004 Charge for the period At 31 March 2005 Net book value
Total £000's 392,055 13,262 34,795 (5,640) 434,472	Leasehold £000's 10,473 - - (3,462)	Leasehold £000's 351 - 414 - 765 - 38	£000's 381,231 - 13,262 37,843 (5,640)	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2004 Exchange differences Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2005 Depreciation At 1 January 2004 Charge for the period At 31 March 2005

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

9 Investment properties

(continued)

The property portfolio was valued in the post balance sheet period by professionally qualified valuers Motcomb Estates Limited. The valuation was carried out in accordance with the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual. The director considers this valuation to be valid at the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation has not been provided on the revaluation surplus as there is no intention to dispose of the properties. The amount of deferred tax that has not been provided on the revalued portfolio is estimated to be £41 million (2003 £41 million).

10	Debtors	2005	2003
		£000's	£000's
	Trade debtors	1,196	1,222
	Amounts owed by other group undertakings	580	489
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	6,586
	Other debtors	234	267
	Prepayments and accrued income	934	428
		2,944	8,992
11	Current asset investments	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Investment in subsidiary undertakings		600

12 Cash at bank and in hand

Included in cash is £6million held in a liquidity reserve account. This was set up as part of the bond issue and may be used in certain specified cases of fund deficiency for payments of interest on bond issue.

13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Current instalment due on bonds (note 13)	5,164	3,934
	Trade creditors	1,008	140
	Amounts owed to other group undertakings	-	9
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking	-	600
	Corporation tax	155	-
	Other taxes and social security costs	964	934
	Other creditors	607	344
	Accrued interest on subordinated debt and bond issue	2,914	3,204
	Accruals and deferred income	5,501	5,359
		16,313	14,524

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

14	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Analysis of loans		
	Not wholly repayable within five years:		
	Class A secured fixed rate bonds at 6.735% repayable January 2029	151,489	154,506
	Class B secured fixed rate bonds at 7.335% repayable January 2029	48,311	50,311
	Class C secured fixed rate bonds at 11% repayable January 2029	513	9,774
		200,313	214,591
	Included in current liabilities	(5,164)	(3,934)
		195,149	210,657
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	4,897	4,668
	In more than two years but not more than five years	15,930	15,144
	In more than five years	176,929	193,720
		197,756	213,532
	Less : Unamortised issue costs	(2,607)	(2,875)
		195,149	210,657

As security for the payment of all monies due and payable in respect of the Bonds under the trust deed, Wellington Pub Company Plc (the issuer) has entered into a Deed of Charge creating inter alia the following security:

A first fixed charge by way of a mortgage of all estates and other interests of the issuer;

An assignment by way of fixed security of the issuer's right, title, interest and benefit in and to the rental income;

An assignment by way of fixed security of the issuer's right, title, interest and benefit in and to the Assigned Documents;

An assignment by way of first fixed security of the issuer's right title, interest and benefit in and to all amounts from time to time standing to the credit of the Bank Accounts;

A first floating charge over all the property, assets and undertakings of the issuer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

14 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

(continued)

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On 2 March 1998 the company performed a bond issue for £231 million. The issue costs of £3.3 million are being amortised over the life of the bonds at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

Interest and principal payments on the Class B bonds will be subordinated to such payments on the Class A bonds so that Class B Bondholders will not be entitled to receive any payment of interest or principal unless and until all amounts of interest due or overdue and principal then due to Class A Bondholders have been paid in full.

Interest and principal payments on the Class C Bonds will be subordinated to such payments on the Class B Bonds so that Class C Bondholders will not be entitled to receive any payment of interest or principal unless and until all amounts of interest due or overdue and principal then due to Class A Bondholders and Class B Bondholders have been paid in full.

During the period, the company repaid £9,391,480 (2003 - £4,175,160) of the Class C secured fixed rate bonds, £3,098,880 (2003 - £2,299,520) of the Class A secured fixed rate bonds and £2,040,000 (2003 - £nil) of the Class B secured fixed rate bonds.

15 Provisions for liabilities and charges

			Deferred tax liability £000's
	Balance at 1 January 2004		9,935
	Profit and loss account		3,175
	Balance at 31 March 2005		13,110
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2005	2003
		£000's	£000's
	Accelerated capital allowances	13,110	9,935
16	Share capital	2005	2003
	Authorised	£000's	£000's
	100,000 Ordinary shares of 50p each	50	50 ————
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares partly paid of £0.50 each	13	13
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The alloted share capital equalled 100,000 shares at £0.50 each of which 400 shares which were fully paid and 99,600 shares were partly paid at £0.125 each.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

17	Statement of movements on reserves		
		Revaluation	Profit and
		reserve	loss
			account
		£000's	£000's
	Balance at 1 January 2004	174,184	19,906
	Retained profit for the period	-	6,848
	Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account	(2,537)	2,537
	Revaluation during the period	34,795	-
	Balance at 31 March 2005	206,442	29,291
18	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2005 £000's	2003 £000's
	Profit for the financial period	11,561	7,108
	Dividends	(4,713)	(3,100)
	Dividends		(5,100)
		6,848	4,008
	Other recognised gains and losses	34,795	151,889
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	41,643	155,897
	Opening shareholders' funds	194,103	38,206
	Closing shareholders' funds	235,746	194,103

19 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land a	Land and buildings	
	2005	2003	
	£000's	£000's	
Expiry date:			
In over five years	210	210	

20 Employees

Number of employees

There were no employees during the period apart from the directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2005

21 Control

The company's parent undertaking is Wellington Investments Limited. The ultimate United Kingdom holding company is Investors in Private Capital Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Landal Worldwide Corp, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands.

22 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company.

Mr M Turner is a director of Motcomb Estates Limited, the company that carried out the valuation of the investment properties.