Company Registration No. 03406623 (England and Wales)

WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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29/09/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE #67

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STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors, in preparing this strategic report, have complied with s414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Review of the business

The company continues to maintain its market position although turnover has decreased from last year due to the conditions of the industry following the global economic crisis.

The relevant accounting standards require the company to include all investment properties at their open market value. The directors have undertaken an assessment of the relevant assets and believe that the investment property values included in the financial statements reflect their open market values.

The company maintains its policy of when an appropriate offer is received on its existing properties, it may look to make disposals if the outlet is not meeting internal benchmarks. During the year, in accordance with the company's strategy, underperforming pubs were disposed of generating a net loss of approximately £224k.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company has no foreign exchange risks or any such financial instruments apart from Bond A and B issued and secured against the group's properties. A comprehensive explanation is stated at note number 11 in the accounts.

Financial Risk

The company supplies goods to customers on normal credit terms. Trade debtor balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and credit terms for all customers are regularly reviewed. During the year under review the company experienced difficulties in collecting payment from its debtors and as a consequence provision has been made in the account for doubtful debts. The directors policy on future tenants is detailed under Commercial risk. The company's other financial risks arise on loans and cash balances. Surplus funds are held in short-term, interest-bearing deposits with major banks. The company has not entered into any derivative transactions such as interest rate swaps in relation to any borrowing or investments.

Commercial Risk

The company operates in a competitive market and there is a continuing risk that the company could lose its customers due to economic downturn. The company is not dependant on any single customer. In order to manage credit risk the covenant strength of potential tenants is assessed on a case by case basis and, as a standard policy, security is obtained in the form of a rental deposit or a guarantee. Existing tenants are reviewed on a regular basis to monitor payment and trading patterns.

Banking Risk

The company has long term financing in place with its bonds (see note 11) and as such, the banking risks are minimal for the group.

On behalf of the board

P O'Driscoll Director

4 September 2014

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of managing leased properties.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £4.165 million (2013: £3.565 million). The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2013:

P O'Driscoll

S Nahum

M R Turner

J Samad

(Resigned 2 May 2014)

Going concern

Having reviewed the company's financial forecasts and expected future cash flows, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Auditors

The auditors, Gerald Edelman, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

P O'Driscoll

Director

4 September 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Wellington Pub Company PLC for the year ended 31 March 2014 set out on pages 6 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 2 - 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF WELLINGTON PUB COMPANY PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

8

Stephen Coleman ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Gerald Edelman

4/9/14

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

25 Harley Street London W1G 9BR

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Notes	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Turnover	2	26,834	27,207
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(7,161) 168	(9,780) 172
Operating profit	3	19,841	17,599
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	206 (10,628)	211 (11,076)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		9,419	6,734
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	1,369	7,661
Profit for the year	14	10,788	14,395

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

Note of historical cost profits and losses

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	9,419	6,734
Realisation of property revaluation gains of previous years	2,336	4,917
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	11,755	11,651
Historical cost profit for the year retained after taxation,		
extraordinary items and dividends	8,959	15,747

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

		20	14	20	13
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		456,120		461,455
Current assets					
Debtors	9	7,001		7,595	
Cash at bank and in hand		34,775		33,362	
		41,776		40,957	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(19,625)		(24,051)	
Net current assets			22,151		16,906
Total assets less current liabilities			478,271		478,361
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	11		(141,716)		(148,499)
Provisions for liabilities	12		(10,339)		(10,269)
			326,216		319,593
					 =
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		13		13
Revaluation reserve	14		226,012		228,348
Profit and loss account	14		100,191		91,232
Shareholders' funds	15		326,216		319,593

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 4 September 2014

P O'Driscoll Director

Company Registration No. 03406623

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	£'000	2014 £'000	£'000	2013 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities		18,268		17,913
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	206		211	
nterest paid	(10,628)		(11,076)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments				
and servicing of finance		(10,422)		(10,865)
Taxation		(406)		3,791
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets	(277)		(2,337)	
Receipts from sales of tangible assets	5,365		9,031	
Net cash inflow for capital expenditure		5,088		6,694
Equity dividends paid		(4,165)		(3,565)
let cash inflow before management of liquid esources and financing		8,363		13,968
ossarous and infancing		0,303		13,500
-inancing				
Net cash movement in bonds	(6,601)		(6,176)	
Net cash outflow from financing		(6,601)		(6,176)
Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		1,762		7,792

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2013	2014	perating	cash inflow from op	Reconciliation of operating profit to ne activities
£'000	£'000			
17,599	19,841			Operating profit
36	24			Depreciation of tangible assets
-	131			Amortisation of bond issue costs
(657	224			Loss/(profit) on disposal of tangible assets
(2,197	594			Decrease/(increase) in debtors
3,132	(2,546)		year	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors within on
17,913	18,268		;	Net cash inflow from operating activitie
March 2014	Other non- 31 cash changes	Cash flow	1 April 2013	Analysis of net debt
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
				Net cash:
34,775	-	1,413	33,362	Cash at bank and in hand
(403)		349	(752)	Bank overdrafts
34,372	-	1,762	32,610	
-	-	-	-	Bank deposits Debt:
(6,915)	(6,915)	6,601	(6,601)	Debts falling due within one year
(141,716)	6,783	-	(148,499)	Debts falling due after one year
(148,631)	(132)	6,601	(155,100)	
(114,259)	(132)	8,363	(122,490)	Net debt
2013	2014	•	nent in net debt	Reconciliation of net cash flow to move
£'000	£'000			
7,792	1,762			Increase in cash in the year
6,176	6,601			Cash outflow from decrease in debt
13,968	8,363		rs	Change in net debt resulting from cash flo
	(132)			Amortisation of issue costs
13,968	8,231			Movement in net debt in the year
(136,458)	(122,490)			Opening net debt
(122,490)	(114,259)			Closing net debt

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties. Turnover relates to one continuing activity, leasing of public houses to independent publicans. All of the company's business is performed in the United Kingdom.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

The part of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets which relates to the revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

1.5 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets.

1.7 Repairs and maintenance

Expenditure on repairs and maintenance is charged to profit on the basis of costs incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1 Accounting policies

(continued)

1.8 Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits and if not they are included in shareholders' funds. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments, other than equity shares, is allocated to periods over the term of the instruments at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

Operating profit is stated after charging:	24 224	36
		26
Depreciation of tangible assets	224	30
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	224	-
Operating lease rentals	119	119
Auditors' remuneration - Audit work	25	25
- Tax work	3	3
- Accounts work	3	3
and after crediting:		
Profit on disposal of tangible assets	-	(657)
4 Investment income	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest	206	211
	206	211
5 Interest payable	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
On loans repayable after five years	10,628	11,076

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

6	Taxation	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	526	2,371
	Adjustment for prior years	(1,965)	(10,171)
	Total current tax	(1,439)	(7,800)
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax charge/credit current year	70	139
		(1,369)	(7,661) ———
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	9,419	6,734
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of		
	UK corporation tax of 23.00% (2013 - 24.00%)	2,166	1,616
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	3	-
	Depreciation add back	6	9
	Capital allowances	(82)	(146)
	Adjustments to previous periods	(1,965)	(10,171)
	Loss/(profit) on sale of tangible assets	52	(158)
	Chargeable gains Group relief	4 32 (2,051)	1,050 -
		(3,605)	(9,416)
	Current tax charge for the year	(1,439)	(7,800)
7	Current tax charge for the year Dividends	(1,439) = 2014 £'000	(7,800 201 £'00
	Ordinary interim paid	4,165	3,565

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Tangible fixed assets				Investmen properties
Cost or valuation				£'000
At 1 April 2013				461,758
Additions				277
Disposals				(5,588)
At 31 March 2014				456,44,7
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2013				303
Charge for the year				24
At 31 March 2014				327
Net book value				
At 31 March 2014				456,120 ————
At 31 March 2013				461,455
The split of freehold/leasehold buil	ldings is as follows			
The split of freehold/leasehold buil	Freehold	Short Leasehold	Long Leasehold	Total
			_	Total
Cost or valuation	Freehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	£'000
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013	Freehold £'000 453,103	Leasehold	Leasehold	£'000 461,758
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions	Freehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	£'000
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation	£'000 453,103 277	Leasehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	£'000 461,758 277 -
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	### Leasehold ### 2000 765	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588)
. The split of freehold/leasehold buil Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014	£'000 453,103 277	Leasehold £'000	Leasehold £'000	£'000 461,758 277 -
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	765	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	### Leasehold ### 2000 765	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588)
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013 On disposals	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	765 - - - - 765 - 303	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013 On disposals	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	765 - - - - 765 - 303	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013 On disposals Charge for the year	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	765 - - - - 765 - 303	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013 On disposals Charge for the year At 31 March 2014 Net book value	£'000 453,103 277 (5,588) 447,792	Teasehold £'000 765	T,890 7,890 7,890 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447 303 - 24
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2013 Additions Revaluation Disposals At 31 March 2014 Depreciation At 1 April 2013	£'000 453,103 277 - (5,588)	765 	Leasehold £'000 7,890	£'000 461,758 277 - (5,588) 456,447 303 - 24

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

8 Investment properties

(continued)

The most recent valuation of the company's investment properties was a desktop valuation carried out by the directors of the company. The directors consider the valuation at which the company's investment properties are included in the financial statements to reflect their open market value.

Deferred taxation has not been provided on the revaluation surplus as there is no intention to dispose of the properties. The amount of deferred tax that has not been provided on the revalued portfolio is estimated to be £21.4 million (2013: £23.1 million).

9	Debtors	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Trade debtors	3,837	3,882
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	961	961
	Other debtors	1,703	2,261
	Prepayments and accrued income	500	491
		7,001	7,595
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	7,318	7,353
	Trade creditors	1,768	2,977
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	79	848
	Corporation tax	526	2,371
	Other taxes and social security costs	688	1,121
	Other creditors	1,950	1,526
	Accruals and deferred income	7,296	7,855
		19,625	24,051

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Analysis of loans		
Class A secured fixed rate bonds at 6.735% repayable January 2029	118,031	122,460
Class B secured fixed rate bonds at 7.335% repayable January 2029	30,600	32,640
	148,631	155,100
Included in current liabilities	(6,915)	(6,601)
	141,716	148,499
Loan maturity analysis		
In more than one year but not more than two years	7,252	6,915
In more than two years but not more than five years	24,014	22,858
In more than five years	114,042	122,449
	145,308	152,222
Less: Unamortised issue costs	(3,592)	(3,723)

As security for the payment of all monies due and payable in respect of the Bonds under the trust deed, Wellington Pub Company Plc (the issuer) has entered into a Deed of Charge creating inter alia the following security:

A first fixed charge by way of a mortgage of all estates and other interests of the issuer;

An assignment by way of fixed security of the issuer's right, title, interest and benefit in and to the rental income;

An assignment by way of fixed security of the issuer's right, title, interest and benefit in and to the Assigned Documents;

An assignment by way of first fixed security of the issuer's right title, interest and benefit in and to all amounts from time to time standing to the credit of the Bank Accounts:

A first floating charge over all the property, assets and undertakings of the issuer.

On 2 March 1998 the company performed a bond issue for £231 million. The issue costs are being amortised over the life of the bonds at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

Interest and principal payments on the Class B bonds will be subordinated to such payments on the Class A bonds so that Class B Bondholders will not be entitled to receive any payment of interest or principal unless and until all amounts of interest due or overdue and principal then due to Class A Bondholders have been paid in full.

During the year, the company repaid £4,561,000 (2013: £4,136,000) of the Class A secured fixed rate bonds and £2,040,000 (2013: £2,040,000) of the Class B secured fixed rate bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

12	Provisions for liabilities		
			Deferred tax liability £'000
	Balance at 1 April 2013 Profit and loss account		10,269 70
	Balance at 31 March 2014		10,339
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	10,339	10,269
13	Share capital	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares partly paid of £0.50 each	13	13

The alloted share capital equalled 100,000 shares at £0.50 each of which 400 shares were fully paid and 99,600 shares were partly paid at £0.125 each.

14 Statement of movements on reserves

	Revaluation reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
Balance at 1 April 2013 Profit for the year	228,348 -	91,232 10,788
Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account Dividends paid	(2,336)	2,336 (4,165)
Balance at 31 March 2014	226,012	100,191

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

15	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Profit for the financial year	10,788	14,395
	Dividends	(4,165)	(3,565)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	6,623	10,830
	Opening shareholders' funds	319,593	308,763
	Closing shareholders' funds	326,216	319,593

16 Employees

Number of employees

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors.

17 Control

The company's parent undertaking is Wellington Investments Limited, a company incorporated in the UK. The ultimate UK holding company is Investors in Private Capital Limited. Group accounts are prepared by the ultimate UK holding company and copies can be obtained from Companies House.

The ultimate controlling party is Landal Worldwide Corp, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands.

18 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.