Registered number: 03405105

COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Teo Kok Woon Teo Cheng Woon

Company secretary -

Tan Shang Teow

Registered number

03405105

Registered office

47 Lillie Road London SW6 1UD

Independent auditor

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

9th Floor

280 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 4RB

Solicitors

Baker & McKenzie

100 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6JA

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Introduction

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

Business review

The company has continued to operate a hotel in London in the year

Principal risks and uncertainties

The hotel is operating in a competitive market environment and is subject to business risks facing other hoteliers in London. The company's key risks identified by the directors are the general economy, attractiveness of the UK as a visitor location, its competitiveness against its main rivals and the maintenance of high standards including complying with all laws and regulations.

The directors review the company's exposures to these risks regularly.

Key performance indicators

Turnover has increased by 4% over the past year. The company's EBITDA, as a measure of its key performance indicator for the year was £785,055 (2013 - £642,959).

The company's other key performance indicators include hotel occupancy, average achieved room rates and profit margins.

The directors consider the results of the year to be satisfactory.

Future Outlook

The company will continue to maintain the hotel's high standards to maintain its trading levels.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Director

Date: 29th lest 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of hotel operators.

Results

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £934,379 (2013 - £373,296).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Teo Kok Woon Teo Cheng Woon

Financial instruments

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. It is exposed to the usual credit risk and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit and manages this through credit control procedures. The nature of its financial instruments means that they are not subject to price risk or liquidity risk.

Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing his report and to
 establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Teo Kok Woon Director

Date: Lat Set 2015

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cockpit Hotel (London) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

BDO LLP

Stuart Collins (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor London
United Kingdom

Date: 29 September 2015

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
TURNOVER	2	14,508,731	13,910,870
Cost of sales		(918,501)	(887,305)
GROSS PROFIT		13,590,230	13,023,565
Administrative expenses		(13,141,958)	(13,022,648)
Exceptional administrative expenses - discount recovered		-	300,000
Total administrative expenses		(13,141,958)	(12,722,648)
Other operating income	3	72,039	72,109
OPERATING PROFIT	4	520,311	373,026
Interest receivable and similar income		2,185	270
Interest payable and similar charges		(117)	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		522,379 ··	373,296
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7 .	412,000	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16	934,379	373,296

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2014 or 2013 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03405105

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	£	2014 £	£	2013 £
FIXED ASSETS		_		_	
Intangible assets	8		4		4
Tangible assets	9		889,558		1,059,647
			889,562		1,059,651
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	27,038		26,511	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than			•		
one year	11	324,092		-	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	2,356,697		2,404,369	
Cash at bank		1,767,078		1,118,295	
		4,474,905		3,549,175	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(1,955,362)		(2,134,100)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,519,543		1,415,075
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES		3,409,105		2,474,726
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(8,525,079)		(8,525,079)
NET LIABILITIES			(5,115,974)		(6,050,353)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		1,000,000		1,000,000
Profit and loss account	16		(6,115,974)		(7,050,353)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	17		(5,115,974)		(6,050,353)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Teo Kok Woon Director

Date: 19th Rpt 2015

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	18	667,732	809,235
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19	2,068	270
Taxation		73,638	-
Capital expenditure and financial investment	19	(94,655)	(268,123)
INCREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR		648,783	541,382

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014 £	2013 £
Increase in cash in the year		648,783	541,382
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT IN THE YEAR		648,783 (7,406,784)	541,382 (7,948,166)
Net debt at 1 January 2014 NET DEBT AT 31 DECEMBER 2014	20	(6,758,001)	(7,406,784)

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The balance sheet shows that liabilities exceed assets by £5,115,974. Tambusu Holdings Limited has indicated its willingness to provide support to the company for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least 12 months from the date of authorisation of these financial statements and has confirmed to the company that it will not seek repayment of the amount due to it of £8,525,079 before, at the earliest, 1 January 2016.

The company made a profit after tax for the financial year of £934,379 (2013 - £373,296).

Taking the above matters into account the directors are of the view that the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Furniture, fittings and equipment - 5-33% straight line

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account at a constant rate of return over the lease term.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.7 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.8 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2. TURNOVER

The whole of the turnover is attributable to one class of business.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

		20 ⁻	14 2013
	•	•	£ £
Rents receivable		72,03	72,109
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	•		• -	
		-		
4.	OPERATING PROFIT			

	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):	·	
		2014 £	2013 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company	264,744	269,933
	Operating lease rentals: - other operating leases Difference on foreign exchange	5,059,942 477	5,055,391 133
	During the year, no director received any emoluments (2013 - £NIL).		-
5.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
	·	2014 £	2013 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the company's annual accounts	18,500	17,600
6.	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs were as follows:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,302,289 185,808 18,625	2,087,726 177,284 8,666
		2,506,722	2,273,676
	The average monthly number of employees, excluding the directors, du	ring the year was a	as follows:
•		2014 No.	2013 No.
	Operational Administrative	100 12	99 8
		112	107

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

7. TAXATION

	2014 £	2013 £
Analysis of tax charge in the year	_	
Current tax (see note below)		
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	-	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Brought forward tax losses	(73,000) (339,000)	-
Total deferred tax (see note 14)	(412,000)	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(412,000)	-

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.49% (2013 - 23.25%). The differences are explained below:

•	2014 £	2013 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	522,379 	373,296
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.49% (2013 - 23.25%)	112,276	86,791
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9,863	914
Capital allowances for year less than/(in excess of) depreciation	34,251	(45,599)
Tax losses brought forward	(156,390)	(42,106)
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

8.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		Goodwill
	Cost	£
		_
	At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014	<u>.</u> 4
	Net book value	•
	At 31 December 2014	4
	•	-
	At 31 December 2013	4
		- -
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
3.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Furniture,
		fittings and
		equipment
		£
	Cost	
•	At 1 January 2014 Additions	11,392,468 94,655
	Additions	
	At 31 December 2014	11,487,123
	Depreciation	
	At 1 January 2014	10,332,821
	Charge for the year	264,744
	At 31 December 2014	10,597,565
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2014	889,558
	At 31 December 2013	1,059,647
		
10.	STOCKS	•
10.	JIOONS	•

Food and beverage

2014

27,038

£

2013

26,511

£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

11.	DEBTORS		•
,,,	525.0.10	2014	2013
	Dura office was a floor of a constant	£	£
	Due after more than one year	204.000	
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	324,092	-
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	493,208	397,761
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	684,219	901,424
	Other debtors	52,058 745,040	489,969
	Prepayments and accrued income	715,212	615,215
	Deferred tax asset (see note 14)	412,000	<u>-</u>
		2,356,697	2,404,369
	·		
12.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	Amounts faming due within one year		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Trade creditors	439,136	351,177
	Other taxation and social security	255,117	432,120
	Other creditors	13,133	16,596
	Accruals and deferred income	1,247,976	1,334,207
		1,955,362	2,134,100
			•
13.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2014	2013
		3	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8,525,079	8,525,079
			
4.4	DEEEDDED TAVATION		
14.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	At 1 January 2014	440.000	-
	Other movement	412,000	-

At 31 December 2014

412,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

1/	DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)	

The deferred	taxation	balance	is made	up as follows:
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	2014	2013
	3	£
Accelerated capital allowances	73,000	•
Tax losses	339,000	-
•	412,000	•

A deferred tax asset has been recognised for the anticipated utilisation of tax losses as the directors now believe it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable profits will be generated over the foreseeable future.

15. SHARE CAPITAL

	2014	2013
•	. £	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000

16. RESERVES

·	loss account £
At 1 January 2014 Profit for the year	(7,050,353) 934,379
At 31 December 2014	(6,115,974)

Profit and

.

17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	2014 £	2013 £
Opening shareholders' deficit Profit for the financial year	(6,050,353) 934,379	(6,423,649) 373,296
Closing shareholders' deficit	(5,115,974)	(6,050,353)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

18.	NET (CASH I	FLOW	FROM	OPERAT	ING A	CTIVITIES
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			•	
			2014	2013
			£	£
	Operating profit		520,311	373,026
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		264,744	269,933
	Increase in stocks		(526)	(4,638)
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors		61,942 (178,739)	(236,867) · 407,781
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	_	(176,739)	407,761
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	=	667,732	809,235
19.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NET	ITED IN CASH FL	OW STATEMEN	т
			2014	2013
			£	£
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
	Interest received		2,185	270
	Interest paid		(117)	-
	Net cash inflow from returns on investments and finance	servicing of	2,068	270
			2014	2013
	·.		£	. £
	Capital expenditure and financial investment			
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(94,655)	(268,123)
		=		
20.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT	·		
		1 January 2014	Cash flow	31 December 2014
		£	£	3
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,118,295	648,783	1,767,078
	Debts falling due after more than one year	(8,525,079)		(8,525,079)
	Net debt	(7,406,784)	648,783	(6,758,001)
				=

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

21. OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

·	Land a	Land and buildings	
	2014	2013	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
Within 1 year	•	120,000	
Between 2 and 5 years	5,100,000	· -	
After more than 5 years	· •	5,100,000	

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following are related party transactions by virtue of the other party to the transaction being in the same group. No amounts due from any related parties have been written off during the year.

Tambusu Holdings Limited has provided an interest free loan to the company with the balance outstanding at the year end being £8,525,079 (2013 - £8,525,079). There were no transactions in the year.

The company leases the hotel property from Lillie Investments Limited, a fellow group undertaking. During the year the company was charged rent of £5,014,136 (2013 - £4,935,391) by Lillie Investments Limited. The year end balance due from Lillie Investments Limited was £466,509 (2013 - £451,309). Other movements in this balance represented net loans to Lillie Investments Limited.

The company leases the land adjacent to the hotel from Favor Well Limited, a fellow group undertaking. The rent charged and paid during the year was £45,806 (2013 - £120,000). Loans made to Favour Well Limited during the year were £40,992 (2013 - Nil). Loans totalling £205,351 were transferred from Favor Well Limited to Goodearth Hotels Limited during the year. As a result, the year end balance due from Favor Well Limited was £Nil (2013 - £164,359).

During the year, the company lent Goodearth Hotels Limited £205,351, a fellow group undertaking (2013 - the company received a repayment of £4,851). The year end balance due from Goodearth Hotels Limited was £217,710 (2013 - £12,359).

The company loaned £50,695 (2013 - £37,515) to Kozan Investments Limited, a fellow group undertaking. The year end balance due from Kozan Investments Limited was £324,092 (2013 - £273,397).

23. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking are Tambusu Holdings Limited (incorporated in the British Virgin Islands) and Tambusu Group Holdings Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands) respectively.

Mr Teo Kok Woon is the ultimate controlling party.