Registered number: 03405105

COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

THURSDAY



13

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Teo Cheng Woon Teo Kok Woon

Secretary

Tan Shang Teow

Company number

03405105

Registered office

47 Lillie Road London SW6 1UD

Auditors

PKF (UK) LLP Farringdon Place 20 Farringdon Road London EC1M 3AP

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

9th Floor

280 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 4RB

Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited

111 Cannon Street

London EC4N 5AS

Solicitors

Kilpatrick & Lockhart Nicholson Graham LLP

110 Cannon Street

London EC4R 6AR

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of hotel operators. The company's financial position at 31 December 2006 is shown in the attached balance sheet.

Business review, performance measure and future developments

The company has continue to operate a hotel in London and the directors are pleased to report that turnover has increased by over 13% over the past year, benefiting from similar trends with other hotels in the London area. Apart from the setting and monitoring of budgets, other key performance indicators include hotel occupancy, average achieved room rates and profit margins.

The hotel is operating in a competitive market environment and is subject to business risks facing other hoteliers in London. The company's key risks identified by the directors are the general economy, attractiveness of the UK as a visitor location, its competiveness against its main rivals and the maintenance of high standards including complying with all laws and regulations.

The refurbishment programme is now complete and it is expected that, the hotel will benefit from this investment. The company will continue to maintain the hotel's high standards to maintain its trading levels.

Results

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £340,059 (2005 - Loss £210,189)

Directors

The directors who served during the year were

Teo Cheng Woon Teo Kok Woon

Financial instruments

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. It is exposed to the usual credit risk and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit and manages this through credit control procedures. The nature of its financial instruments means that they are not subject to price risk or liquidity risk.

Provision of information to auditors

So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

The auditors, PKF (UK) LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

This report was approved by the board on 3rd Od. Lour

and signed on its behalf

Tan Shang Teow Secretary

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cockpit Hotel (London) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards ('United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice') are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COCKPIT HOTEL (LONDON) LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

PKF (UK) LLP

Registered auditors

PKF(UK)LY

London, UK

London, UK
Date 23 Ortober 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	1	10,164,390	8,957,385
Cost of sales		(695,591)	(614,969)
GROSS PROFIT		9,468,799	8,342,416
Administrative expenses		(8,922,639)	(8,385,636)
Other operating income		62,368	55,378
OPERATING PROFIT	3	608,528	12,158
Interest receivable		7,078	6,030
Interest payable		(274,315)	(228,633)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE			
TAXATION		341,291	(210,445)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6	(1,232)	256
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	14	340,059	(210,189)

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2006 or 2005 other than those included in the profit and loss account

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006

Note	£	2006 £	5	2005 £
	~	_	~	_
7		4		4
8		3,542,302		3,274,935
-		3,542,306		3,274,939
9	32,447		30,556	
10	633,819		547,182	
	93,643		107,669	
	759,909		685,407	
11	(4,115,226)		(4,192,090)	
		(3,355,317)		(3,506,683)
S		186,989		(231,744)
12		(4,829,201)		(4,750,527)
		(4,642,212)		(4,982,271)
13		1,000,000		1,000,000
14		(5,642,212)		(5,982,271)
15		(4,642,212)		(4,982,271)
	9 10 11 13 14	7 8 9 32,447 10 633,819 93,643 759,909 11 (4,115,226) 12	Note £ £ 7	Note £ £ £ 7 4 3,542,302 - 3,542,306 30,556 9 32,447 30,556 10 633,819 547,182 93,643 107,669 685,407 11 (4,115,226) (4,192,090) 45 (4,192,090) 45 (4,829,201) (4,642,212) (4,642,212) 13 1,000,000 14 (5,642,212)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

Teo Kok Woon Director

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	16	1,153,696	803,305
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	17	(263,737)	(222,603)
Taxation		-	(1,104)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	17	(1,207,395)	(2,374,180)
CASH OUTFLOW BEFORE FINANCING		(317,436)	(1,794,582)
Financing	17	94,603	1,859,675
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR		(222,833)	65,093

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS/DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	2006 £	2005 £
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year	(222,833)	65,093
Cash inflow from increase in debt and lease financing	(94,603)	(1,859,675)
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT IN THE YEAR	(317,436)	(1,794,582)
Net debt at 1 January 2006	(6,703,647)	(4,909,065)
NET DEBT AT 31 DECEMBER 2006	(7,021,083)	(6,703,647)

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The balance sheet shows that liabilities exceed assets by £4,642,212 As detailed in note 23, the company's parent undertaking Tambusu Holdings Limited provided a new interest free loan of £8,600,000 to repay the company's bank loans and overdraft and loans due to Goodearth Hotels Limited and Cockpit International Pte Limited Tambusu Holdings Limited has indicated its willingness to provide support to the company for the foreseeable future by not asking for repayment for a minimum period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. In addition Tambusu Holdings Limited have also indicated that they would provide any other necessary support to enable the company to continue to operate within its cash resources and bank facilities.

The directors have only prepared projected cash flow information up to 31 December 2007. No cash flow information for the subsequent financial year up to a date one year from the date of approval of these financial statements is currently unavailable. On the basis of the cash flow information prepared to 31 December 2007 the directors consider that the company will be able to operate within its cash resources referred to above and agreed bank facilities for a period not less than 12 months from the date of approving the financial statements.

On the basis of the foregoing the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis

12 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts

1.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. Goodwill purchased on acquisition of the hotel has been capitalised at cost. No amortisation is provided as the amounts are immaterial.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Motor vehicles
Fixtures & fittings

20-50% straight line 20-50% straight line

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.6 Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.7 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

1.8 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account

2. TURNOVER

4.

The whole of the turnover is attributable to one class of business

Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the

company's annual accounts

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging

	2006 £	2005 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned by the company Operating lease rentals	934,132	888,365
- other operating leases	2,600,000	2,600,000
During the year, no director received any emoluments (2005 - £NIL)		
AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
	2006 £	2005 £

12,700

12,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

5. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs were as follows

	2006 £	2005 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,435,123 153,706	1,530,657 144,456
	1,588,829	1,675,113
The average monthly number of employees, excluding the directors	, during the year was a	as follows
	2006 No.	2005 No
Operational Administrative	97 8	100 9
	105	109
6 TAXATION	,	
	2006 £	2005 £
Analysis of tax charge/(credit) in the year		
UK corporation tax charge on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	1,232 -	(256)
Total current tax	1,232	(256)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	1,232	(256)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

6 TAXATION (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below

	2006 £	2005 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	341,291 ————	(210,445)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005 - 30%)	102,387	(63,134)
Effects of. Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Utilisation of tax losses Marginal relief Small companies rate differences Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Other short term timing differences	487 51,118 (151,869) (112) (779) -	435 33,226 30,467 - (256) (994)
Current tax charge/(credit) for the year (see note above)	1,232	(256)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has trading losses of approximately £2,800,000 (2005 £3,200,000) that are available for offset against future trading profits under current legislation. The potential deferred taxation asset of approximately £1,600,000 (2005 £1,600,000) relating to trading losses and timing differences between capital allowances and depreciation has not been recognised as the recoverability of the asset is not sufficiently certain.

7. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	4
At 31 December 2005	4
ALOT BOOKINGS 2000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

.	TATOBEE TALE AGOLIG		Furniture,	
		Motor vehicles £	fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2006	150,000	9,126,931 1,207,395	9,276,931 1,207,395
	Additions Disposals	-	(431,853)	(431,853)
	At 31 December 2006	150,000	9,902,473	10,052,473
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2006	149,996	5,852,000 934,132	6,001,996 934,132
	Charge for the year On disposals	:	(425,957)	(425,957)
	At 31 December 2006	149,996	6,360,175	6,510,171
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2006	4	3,542,298	3,542,302
	At 31 December 2005	4	3,274,931	3,274,935
9	STOCKS			
			2006	2005 £
	Food, beverage and similar		£ 32,447 	30,556
10.	DEBTORS			
10.	DEBTORS		2006	2005
			2006 £	2003 £
	Trade debtors	•	439,575	398,225
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	-	16,524 177,720	- 148,957
			633,819	547,182
		 -		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

11.	CREDITORS. Amounts falling due within one year		
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,645,723	2,420,987 303,390
	Trade creditors	465,307 307,973	987,994
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	1,232	-
	Social security and other taxes	80,223	77,052
	Other creditors	681	2,749
	Accruals and deferred income	614,087	399,918
	-	4,115,226	4,192,090
12	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Amounts family due after more than one you.	0000	2005
		2006 £	2005 £
	D. d.L.	2,274,884	2,096,210
	Bank loans Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,000,000	2,000,000
	Other creditors	554,317	654,317
		4,829,201	4,750,527
	The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a first legal mortgage and hotel contract	over the compan	y's fixed assets
13	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2006	2005
		3	£
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1,000,000 Ordinary Shares shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
14.	RESERVES		
			Profit and
			loss account £
	414.1		(5,982,271)
	At 1 January 2006 Profit retained for the year		340,059
	Troncrotalion for the year		
	At 31 December 2006		(5,642,212)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS
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15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN STRATE TOESE TO TOESE			
		2006 £	2005 £	
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit/(loss) for the year	(4,982,271) 340,059	(4,772,082) (210,189)	
	Closing shareholders' funds	(4,642,212)	(4,982,271)	
46	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
16.	NET CASH FLOW FROM OFERATING ACTIVITIES	2006	2005	
		2005 £	£	
	Operating profit	608,528	12,158	
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	934,132	888,635	
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of tangible fixed assets	5,896 (1,891)	(42,680) 511	
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks (Increase)/decrease in debtors	(86,637)	252,703	
	Decrease in creditors	(306,332)	(308,022)	
	Net cash inflow from operations	1,153,696	803,305	
17	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
		2006 £	2005 £	
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
	Interest received	7,078	6,030	
	Interest paid	(270,815)	(228,633)	
	Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing	(263,737)	(222,603)	
	of finance			
		2006	2005	
	A such as the statement	£	£	
	Capital expenditure and financial investment	(1,207,395)	(2,418,722)	
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(1,207,355)	44,542	
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(1,207,395)	(2,374,180)	
		2006	2005	
		£	£	
	Financing	050 000	1 050 075	
	New secured loans Repayment of loans	258,209 (163,606)	1,859,675	
	nepayment or loans			
	Net cash inflow from financing	94,603	1,859,675	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

18. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	1 January 2006 £	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes £	31 December 2006 £
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	107,669 (2,357,267)	(14,026) (208,807)	-	93,643 (2,566,074)
	(2,249,598)	(222,833)	-	(2,472,431)
Debt: Debts due within one year Debts falling due after more than one	(63,720)	-	(15,929)	(79,649)
year	(4,390,329)	(94,603)	15,929	(4,469,003)
Net debt	(6,703,647)	(317,436)	-	(7,021,083)

19 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has given a guarantee to the bankers of Goodearth Hotels Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, in connection with facilities obtained. The balance outstanding as at 31 December 2006 was £34,557,276. This facility has been cancelled since the year ended (note 23)

20 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2006 the company had capital commitments as follows:	ows	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2006	2005
	3	£
Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	496,000	242,000

21 OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land	Land and buildings	
	2006	2005	
	£	£	
Expiry date.			
Between 1 and 5 years	2,600,000	2,600,000	

The rent was increased to £4,500,000 with effect from 1 March 2007

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following are related party transactions by virtue of the other party to the transaction being in the same group. No amounts due from any related parties have been written off during the period.

During the period, Goodearth Hotels Limited, a fellow group undertaking, made payments on behalf of the company totalling £90,000 (Year ended 31 December 2005 Goodearth Hotels Limited made payments on behalf of the company totalling £4,568). The company leases the hotel property from Goodearth Hotels Limited at a cost of £2,600,000 per annum. During the period the company paid rent of £2,600,000 (Year ended 31 December 2005 £2,600,000) to Goodearth Hotels Limited. At 31 December 2006, the balance due to Goodearth Hotels Limited was £2,307,973 (31 December 2005 £2,987,994)

During 2005, Mr Teo Kok Woon, the ultimate controlling party, made net advances to the company totalling £294,118 £100,000 of this was paid off during the year and at 31 December 2006, the balance due to Mr Teo Kok Woon was £194,118 (31 December 2005 £294,118)

23. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since the year ended Goodearth Hotels Limited transferred the hotel property to Lillie investments Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Tambusu Holdings Limited, as part of a group restructuring and refinancing with the bank guarantee referred to in note 19 being cancelled. A new interest free loan of £8,600,000 from Tambusu Holdings Limited was received to pay off the bank loans and overdraft and the loans due to Goodearth Hotels Limited and Cockpit International Pte Limited, amounting in the aggregate to £7,714,243 at the date of payment, with the surplus funds used as working capital

24 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Tambusu Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands

Tambusu Holdings Limited is ultimately controlled by Mr Teo Kok Woon