FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2008

Company registration number: 3403474

WEDNESDAY



PC2

15/07/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

374

Registered Office: Fountain House 130 Fenchurch Street London EC3M 5DJ

Chairman's Statement

31 December 2008

The Current Position and Future of SOC Group plc ("SOC")

SOC has not traded during the year and the directors continue to investigate the possibility of initiating a member's voluntary liquidation of the company at some point in the future.

SOC now has net assets of £76,000 which are expected to facilitate the day to day running of the company and along with additional support from the Royal Bank of Scotland ("RBS"), who have agreed to contribute an annual sum the company, will be able to carry out its statutory obligations.

The financial statements show a loss for the year to 31st December 2008 of £2,000 (2007: Profit:£22,000).

The directors will revert to shareholders in due course once they have received input from professional advisors and the company's bankers in order to make a decision on the future of SOC.

Mr R J Sharp Chairman

Roy Lohand

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2008

The directors submit their annual report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2008.

1. Principal activities

SOC Group plc is currently not trading and the directors do not consider it to be a going concern. The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a break-up basis.

2. Results and dividends

The loss of the Company for the year is shown on page 5. The loss on ordinary activities after taxation for the year amounted to £2,000 (2007: profit £22,000). The directors do not propose the payment of a dividend (2007: Nil).

3. Board of directors

The directors listed below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2008 up to the date of this report.

Mr R J Sharp (Chairman) Mr A J Annandale Mr T R Riddell

4. Business Review

The Company has not traded during the year and has incurred expenses in relation to the residual running of the Company, which have been paid for by our bankers, RBS.

5. Directors' interests

No directors had any interest in contracts or arrangements with the Company during the year.

6. Directors' and officers' insurance

The Company did not have directors' and officers' insurance in place during the year.

7. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company does not enter into any hedging transactions. The Company has normal exposure to price, credit, liquidity and cashflow risks arising from non trading activities.

8. Creditor payment policy

The Company is responsible for agreeing terms and conditions under which business transactions with their suppliers are conducted. Payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms, provided that suppliers also comply with all relevant terms and conditions.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2008

9. Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c) state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- d) prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

10. Disclosure of information to auditors

Under the Companies Act 1985 s234A, we can confirm that:

- so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- b) we have taken all the steps that we ought to have taken as directors in order to make us aware of any relevant information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

11. Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Mazars LLP as auditors to the Company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Mr T R Riddell Director

Fountain House 130 Fenchurch Street London EC3M 5DJ

17 June 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOC GROUP PLC

We have audited the financial statements of SOC Group plc for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, whether the financial statements are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Chairman's Statement. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state
 of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- · the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way

London E1W 1DD

17 June 2009

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £000	2007 £000
Turnover		-	-
Expenses		(1)	18
Operating (loss) / profit		(1)	18
Interest receivable & similar income		2	4
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	1	22
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	5	(3)	-
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities after taxation	9	(2)	22

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the result for the year.

Revenue and operating profits and losses derive wholly from discontinued operations.

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £000	2007 £000
Current assets Assets held for resale Other debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	1 10 95 106	1 - 102 103
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	30	25
Net assets		76	78
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium Profit and loss account Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock	8 9 9 10	3,663 30,513 (35,025) 925	3,659 30,513 (35,061) 967
Total shareholders' funds (including non-equity interests)	11	76	78

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the Board of directors on 17 June 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr T R Riddell Director

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2008

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	2008 £000	2007 £000
Net cash outflow from ordinary activities	12(a)	(7)	(37)
CASH FLOWS WERE INVESTED AS FOLLOWS			
Decrease in cash holdings	12(b)	(7)	(37)

SOC GROUP PLC Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Current basis

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 ("the Act"). The directors consider the Company not to be a going concern and the financial statements have therefore been prepared on a break-up basis.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The financial statements include the assets, liabilities and results of the Company up to the year end.

2. Accounting policies

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards on a break-up basis.

(b) Assets held for resale

Assets held for resale represent investments, which are held at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(c) Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock ("CULS")

The CULS 2001, CULS 2002, CULS 2003 and the CULS October 2003 were issued as consideration for the Company's use of converting Names' Funds at Lloyd's under the interavailability method. One 'B' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS 2001 to form a unit. One 'D' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS 2002 to form a unit. One 'E' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS October 2003 to form a unit. One 'F' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS October 2003 to form a unit. The CULS have no coupon and do not transfer any economic benefit from the Company to the holder. The CULS 2001, CULS 2002, CULS 2003 and the CULS October 2003 have been treated as equity of the Company. This treatment is permissible under the accounting regulations of FRS 4. Each £100 CULS 2001 converts, on payment of the holder's obligation, into 100 'A' shares of 10p each. Each £100 CULS 2002 converts, on payment of the holder's obligation, into 95 'A' shares of 10p each. Each £100 CULS 2003 converts, on payment of the holder's obligation, into 'A' shares of 10p each at the rate of one 'A' share for every 105p paid up in respect of the CULS. Each £100 CULS October 2003 converts on payment of the holder's obligation into 'A' shares of 10p each at the rate of one 'A' share for every 105p paid up in respect of the CULS.

(d) Turnover

Turnover is recognised in the profit and loss as it is earned.

3. Staff Costs

No staff costs were incurred during the year as the Company has no employees.

4. Profit on ordinary activities before tax

	2008	2007
	£000	£000
The profit on ordinary activities before tax is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit services	6	8
- non-audit services	2	3

SOC GROUP PLC Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

5. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

6.

7.

a) Analysis of charge in the year			
,	2008 £000	2007 £000	
Current tax: United Kingdom corporation tax on profit for the year	_	_	
Adjustments in respect of prior years	3 3		
	3	-	
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	<u> </u>		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	-	
b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year			
by Lactore allocating the tax energy for the year	2008 £000	2007 £000	
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1	22	
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%)		7	
Effects of:		(1)	
Other non taxable income Other timing differences	- -	(1) (1)	
Utilisation of tax losses	-	(5)	
Prior year under provision	3		
Current tax charge for the year (see (a) above)	3	-	
No deferred tax asset has been recognised for trading losse that the asset would be recoverable.	s on the grounds that there is insuf	fficient evidence	
Assets held for resale			
		£000	
Net book value at 1 January and 31 December 2008		1	
The assets held for resale at 31 December 2008 are shares in Talisman Underwriting plc.			
Outlibrary Assessment falling about within any under			
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2008 £000	2007 £000	
Corporation tax	3	-	
Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	8 19	25	
	30	25	
			

SOC GROUP PLC Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

8. Share capital

Authorised:	2008 Number	2008 £000	2007 Number	2007 £000
Ordinary voting 'A' shares of 10p each	317,677,167	31,767	317,677,167	31,767
Voting 'B' shares of 1p each	375,000	4	375,000	4
Voting 'D' shares of 1p each	500,000	5	500,000	5
Voting 'E' shares of 1p each	500,000	5	500,000	5
Deferred shares of 1p each	67,353,330	674	67,353,330	674
Voting 'F' shares of 1p each	500,000	<u>5</u>	500,000	5
	386,905,497	32,460	386,905,497	32,460
	2008	2008	2007	2007
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	Number	£000	Number	£000
Ordinary voting 'A' shares of 10p each Voting 'B' shares of 1p each	36,607,160	3,661	36,564,645	3,657
Voting 'D' shares of 1p each	1,200	-	1,200	_
Voting 'E' shares of 1p each	-	-	-	-
Deferred shares of 1p each	216,579	2	216,154	2
Voting 'F' shares of 1p each	8,048	-	8,473	
	36,832,987	3,663	36,790,472	3,659

Ordinary 'A' shareholders have the right to receive dividends and assets upon the winding up of the Company. The 'B' shares are only available as part of a unit consisting of £100 of the Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 2001 (note 10) and one 'B' share. The 'D' shares are only available as part of a unit consisting of £100 of the Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 2002 (note 10) and one 'D' share. The 'E' shares are only available as part of a unit consisting of £100 of the Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 2003 (note 10) and one 'E' share. The 'F' shares are only available as part of a unit consisting of £100 of the CULS October 2003 (note 10) and one 'F' share. The 'B' shares, 'D' shares, 'E' shares and 'F' shares enable the holders of the CULS 2001, 2002, 2003 and October 2003 to have the same voting rights in relation to the Company as if they had paid up and converted into 'A' shares at the outset.

The 'B' shares, 'D' shares, 'E' shares and 'F' shares have no entitlement to dividends but have a right to the distribution of any surplus assets on a winding up. The holders of deferred shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of or attend a general meeting and do not carry any voting rights. Additionally, the holders of deferred shares shall not be entitled to receive any dividend.

On 13 October 2008, 39,023 'A' ordinary shares of 10p each were allotted for 390 voting 'F' shares of 1p each. On 4 November 2008, 913 'A' ordinary shares of 10p each were allotted for 9 voting 'F' shares of 1p each; and on 17 December 2008 2,579 'A' ordinary shares of 10p each were allotted for 26 voting 'F' shares of 1p each.

9. Reserves

	Share premium	Profit and loss account	Total
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2008	30,513	(35,061)	(4,548)
Retained loss for the year Redemption of convertible unsecured loan stock	-	(2)	(2)
Redemption of convertible unsecured loan stock		38	38
At 31 December 2008	30,513	(35,025)	(4,512)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

10. Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock ("CULS")

The CULS 2001, CULS 2002, CULS 2003 and CULS October 2003 were issued in registered form in amounts of £1 each. One 'B' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS 2001 to form a unit. One 'D' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS 2002 to form a unit. One 'E' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS 2003 to form a unit. One 'F' share was issued in conjunction with every £100 of CULS October 2003 to form a unit. No coupon is payable on the CULS 2001, CULS 2002, CULS 2003 and CULS October 2003. The CULS have been classified as equity and included in shareholders' funds as there is no transfer of economic benefits from the Company to the holders.

11. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Issue of share capital	4	37
Redemption of convertible unsecured loan stock	(42)	(334)
Movement in profit and loss reserves	38	297
(Loss) / profit for the financial year	(2)	30_
Net (decrease)/increase to shareholders' funds	(2)	30
Opening shareholders' funds	78	48_
Closing shareholders' funds	76	78_
Equity shareholders' funds	75	77
Non equity shareholders' funds	1	1_
Total	76	78

The movement in profit and loss reserves represents the difference between the rate at which the CULS have been converted at and their carrying value.

12. Cash flow statement

(a) Reconciliation of profit from ordinary activities before tax to net cash flow from ordinary activities

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Profit from ordinary activities before tax	1	22
Adjustments to convert revenue to a cash basis: Increase in debtors relating to ordinary activities Decrease in creditors relating to ordinary activities Increase/(decrease) in accruals and deferred income	(10) (6) 8	(35)
Net cash outflow from ordinary activities	(7)	(37)
(b) Analysis of changes in net debt At 1 Jan 2008 £000	Cashflow £000	At 31 Dec 2008 £000
Cash in hand, at bank102_	(7)	95_