Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2008

Registered Number 3403304

JESDAY

SCT 20/10/2009

COMPANIES HOUSE

1208

Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

Contents	Pages
Company information	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report to the members	4 to 5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 to 16

Company Information

Directors Michael Joseph Ryan (Resigned 19 March 2009)

John McDonagh (Resigned 19 March 2009) Laurence Clarke (Appointed 19 March 2009)

BIIF Corporate Services Ltd (Appointed 19 March 2009)

Company secretary Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered office Fifth Floor

100 Wood Street

London EC2V 7EX

Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

PO Box 90 Erskine House 68-73 Queen Street

Edinburgh EH2 4NH

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland Plc

PO Box 412

62/63 Threadneedle Street

London EC2R 8LA

The Directors' Report

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The company was formed as a special purpose vehicle to provide Gwent Healthcare NHS Trust with serviced hospital facilities under an operating agreement signed 13 February 1998.

Results and Dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £97,216 (2007: profit £79,208). The Directors have not recommended a dividend (2007: £nil).

The profit for the year will be transferred to reserves.

The results for the year are in line with budget. The Directors anticipate that the Company will perform in line with budget in the coming financial year.

Key performance indicators

The Directors believe that the analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the performance or position of the Company.

Financial Instruments

Details of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are included in note 1 to the accounts. The fair values of the financial instruments are included in note 15 to the accounts.

Directors

The Directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are listed on page 1.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

The Directors' report was approved by the board on 27 September 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Simon Peck

For and on behalf of

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Company Secretary

Edinburgh

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The Directors' responsibilities were approved by the board on 29 September 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Laurence Clarke

Director

Independent auditor's report to the members of Kintra Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Kintra Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises the Directors' Report and the other information listed on the contents page. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Kintra Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
Edinburgh

50ctober 2009

Profit and Loss Account

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover	2	1,712,127	1,662,357
Cost of sales		(1,204,807)	(1,170,470)
Gross Profit		507,320	491,887
Administrative expenses		(93,045)	(153,162)
Operating Profit	3	414,275	338,725
Interest receivable	5	72,183	69,339
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(260,750)	(254,846)
Profit on Ordinary Activities Before Taxation		225,708	153,218
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(128,492)	(74,010)
Profit for the Financial Year	17	97,216	79,208

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit above, which all relate to continuing activities, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
	1400	*	*
Fixed Assets	•	(0E0 (0E	C 44C 702
Tangible assets	8	6,070,607	6,446,793
Current Assets			#0.4.0# 0
Debtors due within one year	9	510,433	504,853
Cash at bank	10	1,449,201	1,314,142
		1,959,634	1,818,995
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,147,122)	(1,039,676)
Net Current Assets		812,512	779,319
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		6,883,119	7,226,112
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(6,133,496)	(6,566,221)
		749,623	659,891
Provisions for Liabilities		·	
Deferred taxation	14	(543,616)	(551,100)
Net assets		206,007	108,791
2.55 335555			
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	16	10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account	17	196,007	98,791
Equity Shareholder's Funds	18	206,007	108,791

These financial statements on pages 6 to 16 were approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

Laurence Clarke

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

1. Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company's financial projections indicate that sufficient funds will be generated to allow on-going obligations to be met as they fall due.

Cash flow statement

The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the Company is small.

Turnover

Turnover which excludes value added tax represents the invoiced value of the unitary charge earned in relation to the provision of the building and services under the contract between the Company and Gwent Healthcare NHS Trust.

Fixed assets

Assets under construction are shown at cost. In determining the relevant accounting treatment of the transactions, consideration is given to the provisions included in FRS 5 and HM Treasury guidance. On the basis of this, fixed asset rather than finance lease accounting is considered to be the appropriate accounting treatment because the transaction results in the Company retaining substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset.

Interest and other directly attributable finance costs in respect of loans for the purpose of constructing assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of constructing the buildings up to the date of practical completion. Subsequent interest is charged to the profit and loss account.

Depreciation

On completion of the project asset, depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account to write off the asset over its useful economic life at the following rate per annum:

Leasehold Premises

4.00% straight line

Office Equipment
Office Furniture

25.00% reducing balance

25.00% reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is fully provided on timing differences recognised by the balance sheet date when the Company has an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future as a result of these timing differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled. The Company has not adopted a policy of discounting deferred tax assets and liabilities, as permitted by FRS 19 (Deferred Tax).

Financial Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage exposures to fluctuations in interest rates. Amounts payable and receivable in respect of these derivatives are recognised as adjustments to interest expense over the term of the contracts.

Capital Instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other debt instruments, which contain an obligation to repay, are classified as liabilities. In accordance with FRS 4 (Capital Instruments), the costs associated with the issue of capital instruments, other than shares, are charged to the Profit and Loss account over the life of the instrument, at a constant rate based on the carrying amount.

2. Turnover

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company. An analysis of turnover is given below:

		2008	2007
	United Kingdom	1,712,127	1,662,357
3.	Operating profit		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2008	2007
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	376,186	376,322

Auditors' remuneration is borne by Lanterndew Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

4. Particulars of employees and directors

The Directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2007: £nil). There were no employees in the financial year other than the directors (2007: nil).

5. Interest receivable

	2008	2007
Bank interest receivable	72,183	69,339
6. Interest payable and similar charges		
	2008	2007
Interest payable on bank borrowing	<u>260,750</u>	254,846
7. Taxation on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
Current tax:	2008 £	2007 £
In respect of the year:		
UK Corporation tax based on the resu (2007 - 30%) (Over)/under provision in prior year	alts for the year at 28.50% 136,019 (43)	95,857 13
Total current tax	135,976	95,870
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing dif	ferences (7,484)	(21,860)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	128,492	74,010

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

7. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.50% (2007 - 30%).

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	225,708	153,218
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	64,327	45,965
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	64,076	67,396
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	7,616	(17,504)
(Over)/under provision in prior year	(43)	13
Total current tax (note 7(a))	135,976	95,870

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold Premises	Office Equipment	Office Furniture	Total
~ .	£	£	£	£
Cost At 1 January 2008 and				
31 December 2008	9,391,193	29,075	9,606	9,429,874
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2008	2,946,556	27,460	9,065	2,983,081
Charge for the year	375,646	136	404	376,186
At 31 December 2008	3,322,202	27,596	9,469	3,359,267
Net Book Value				
At 31 December 2008	6,068,991	1,479	137	6,070,607
At 31 December 2007	6,444,637	1,615	541	6,446,793

The leasehold premises net book value includes £92,428 (2007: £98,000) of directly attributable finance costs.

9. Debtors

	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade debtors	494,290	485,700
Prepayments and accrued income	16,143	19,153
	510,433	504,853

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

10. Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand at the year-end includes £339,084 (2007: £320,624) which is held in a sinking fund account. Under the terms of the Operating Agreement and the bank loan agreement this account can only be used for capital expenditure to be incurred in maintaining the premises.

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2008	2007
	£	£
Trust capital contribution	240,000	240,000
Bank loans	192,725	99,421
Trade creditors	106,129	104,954
Corporation tax	82,007	67,015
Other taxation	14,806	10,589
Other creditors	83,945	92,867
Accruals and deferred income	427,510	424,830
	1,147,122	1,039,676

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

12. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans	2,503,988	2,696,713
Trust capital contribution	3,629,508	3,869,508
	6,133,496	6,566,221

The amount shown as bank loan is stated net of the arrangement fee of £243,367 (2007: £258,267), which is being amortised over the period of the loan in accordance with FRS25/26.

The bank loan is secured by a bond and floating charge over all the assets, rights and undertakings of the Company.

The interest rate on the bank loan is 8.25% per annum.

Deferred income

	2008 £	2007 £
Trust capital contribution	_	_
Opening balance Amortised during the year	4,109,508 (240,000)	4,349,508 (240,000)
Closing balance	3,869,508	4,109,508

An advance payment of service fees was received from Glen Harfen NHS Trust with the successful completion of the building contract on 14 February 2000 and the acceptance by the Trust that the Hospital meets their output requirements. It is company policy to release this balance to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the arrangement. Of the total sum outstanding, £240,000 will be released in the financial year ended 31 December 2009.

13. Creditors - capital instruments

Creditors include loans which is due for repayment as follows:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Amounts repayable:		
In one year or less or on demand	192,725	99,421
In more than one year but not more than two years	287,709	192,725
In more than two years but not more than five years	896,202	879,566
In more than five years	1,320,077	1,624,422
	2,696,713	2,796,134

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

14. Deferred taxation

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Provision brought forward	551,100	572,960
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	(7,484)	(21,860)
Provision carried forward	543,616	551,100

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2008	2007
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	£	£
	543,616	551,100
	543,616	551,100

15. Financial risk management objectives and policies

Due to the nature of the Company's business, the only financial risks the directors consider relevant to this Company is credit, cash flow, interest rate and liquidity risk. The credit and cash flow risks are not considered significant as the client is a quasi governmental organisation.

Interest rate risk

The financial risk management objectives of the Company are to ensure that financial risks are mitigated by the use of financial instruments where they cannot be addressed by means of contractual provisions. The Company uses interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate movements. Financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes.

Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk is principally managed through financing the Company by means of long term borrowings.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of all of the Company's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements at other than fair values:

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

15. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

	2008		200	7
	Carrying amount £	Fair value £	Carrying amount £	Fair value £
Financial liabilities Long-term borrowing Interest rate swap	(2,940,082)	(2,538,525) (401,557)	(3,054,401)	(2,877,215) (177,186)

The fair values of the fixed rate borrowing and the interest rate swap have been calculated by discounting the fixed cash flows at the prevailing interest rates at the year end.

16. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 £ 10,000	2007 £ 10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
2008	2007	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 10,000	10,000
17. Profit and loss account		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Balance brought forward	98,791	19,583
Profit for the financial year	97,216	79,208
Balance carried forward	196,007	98,791
18. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	97,216	79,208
Opening shareholders' funds	108,791	29,583
Closing shareholders' funds	206,007	108,791

19. Related party disclosures

The Directors have considered the provisions contained within FRS 8 and are satisfied that there are no further disclosures required.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year ended 31 December 2008

20. Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent company is Anavon Limited.

The ultimate parent and controlling entity is Barclays Integrated Infrastructure Fund LP. Barclays Integrated Infrastructure Fund LP is owned by a number of investors, with no one investor having individual control.