Kintra Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2006

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Directors' Report and Financial Statements

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Directors:

M J King

(resigned 7 February 2006)

C M Ireland G J Yardley

(resigned 7 February 2006) (resigned 7 February 2006)

M J Ryan

J McDonagh

(appointed 7 February 2006) (appointed 7 February 2006)

Company secretary:

S A F Bailey

(resigned 7 February 2006)

Infrastructure Managers Limited (appointed 7 February 2006)

3rd Floor, Hanover House

Hanover Street Edinburgh EH2 2PJ

Registered office:

20 St James's Street

London SW1A 1ES

Bankers:

Royal Bank of Scotland plc

PO Box 412

62/63 Threadneedle Street

London EC2R 8LA

Auditors:

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PO Box 90 Erskine House 68-73 Queen Street

Edinburgh EH2 4NH

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activity

The company was formed as a special purpose vehicle to provide Gwent Healthcare NHS Trust with serviced hospital facilities under an operating agreement signed 13 February 1998

Business review and future developments

The results for the year are in line with budget. The Directors anticipate that the Company will perform in line with budget in the coming financial year.

The profit for the financial year was £2,598 (2005 loss £63,138) The Directors have recommended that no dividend be paid (2005 £nil) The retained profit for the year will be transferred to reserves

Directors and their interests

The Directors in office during the year, shown on page 2, had no beneficial interest in the Company The Directors' interests in the ultimate controlling company are disclosed in that Company's financial statements. The Directors had no material interest in any contract of significance to which the Company was a party during the financial year.

Key performance indicators

The directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the performance or position of the Company

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant information that has not been disclosed to the Company's auditors and each of the directors believes that all steps have been taken that ought to have been taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors have been made aware of that information

Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General meeting

The Directors' report was approved by the board on 25 October 2007 and signed on its behalf by

Simon Peck

For and on behalf of

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Company Secretary

Edinburgh

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of its profit or loss for the year. The Directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently. They also confirm that reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006, that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities was approved by the Board of Directors on 25 October 2007 and was signed on its behalf by

Mıchael Joseph Ryan

Director

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Kintra Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Kintra Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985,
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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Edinburgh

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Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31 December 2006

for the year cheed 31 December 2000	Note	2006 £	2005 £
Turnover	2	1,790,906	1,827,573
Cost of sales		(1,367,428)	(1,479,734)
Gross profit		423,478	347,839
Administrative expenses		(107,193)	(109,748)
Operating profit		316,285	238,091
Interest receivable	3	47,247	45,565
Interest payable	3	(263,488)	(272,700)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	100,044	10,956
Taxation	5	(97,446)	(74,094)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	13	2,598	(63,138)

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit/(losses) above, which all relate to continuing activities, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profits/(losses) for the years stated above and their historical cost equivalents

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
Fixed assets	2.000	_	_
Tangible assets	6	6,823,115	7,199,722
Current assets			
Debtors	8	86,137	179,566
Cash at bank	7	1,697,141	1,556,636
		1,783,278	1,736,202
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(858,208)	(850,614)
Net current assets		925,070	885,588
Total assets less current liabilities		7,748,185	8,085,310
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	10	(2,796,134)	(2,932,817)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	5	(572,960)	(536,000)
Deferred Income	11	(4,349,508)	(4,589,508)
		 	-
Net assets		<u>29,583</u>	<u>26,985</u>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	12	10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account	13	19,583	16,985
			
Shareholders' funds	14	29,583	26,985

The financial statements on pages 6 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 October 2007 and were signed on its behalf by

Mıchael Joseph Ryan

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the company's financial projections indicate that sufficient funds will be generated to allow on-going obligations to be met as they fall due.

Turnover

Turnover which excludes value added tax represents the invoiced value of the unitary charge earned in relation to the provision of the building and services under the contract between the Company and Gwent Healthcare NHS Trust

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is fully provided on timing differences recognised by the balance sheet date when the Company has an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future as a result of these timing differences. The Company has not adopted a policy of discounting deferred tax assets and liabilities, as permitted by FRS 19 (Deferred Tax)

Fixed assets

Assets under construction are shown at cost. In determining the relevant accounting treatment of the transactions, consideration is given to the provisions included in FRS 5 and HM Treasury guidance. On the basis of this, fixed asset rather than finance lease accounting is considered to be the appropriate accounting treatment because the transaction results in the Company retaining substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset

Interest and other directly attributable finance costs in respect of loans for the purpose of constructing assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of constructing the buildings up to the date of practical completion Subsequent interest is charged to the profit and loss account

Depreciation

On completion of the project asset, depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account to write off the asset over its useful economic life at the following rate per annum

Fixtures, fittings and equipment 25% reducing balance Premises 4% straight line

Cash flow statement

The Company is exempt from preparing a cashflow statement under FRS 1 (cash flow statement) as it is a small company

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Capital instruments

Auditors' remuneration

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other debt instruments, which contain an obligation to repay, are classified as liabilities. In accordance with FRS 4 (Capital Instruments), the costs associated with the issue of capital instruments, other than shares, are charged to the Profit and Loss account over the life of the instrument, at a constant rate based on the carrying amount.

2 Turnover

Turnover, which arises wholly in the United Kingdom, was derived from the company's principal activity

3	Interest		
		2006	2005
	Interest receivable	£	£
	Bank interest	<u>47,247</u>	45,565
	Interest payable		
	interest payable		
	Bank loan interest	<u>263,488</u>	272,700
4	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
	•	2006 £	2005 £
	The profit before taxation is stated after charging	~	~
	Depreciation		
	- land and buildings	375,648	375,648
	- other fixed assets	959	2,302

The Directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2005 £nil) There were no employees in the financial year other than the directors (2005 nil)

7,000

7,650

5 Taxation

Taxation	2006 £	2005 £
Current tax UK corporation tax on profit for the year Payments for group relief	33,438 27,048	2,214 5,880
	60,486	8,094
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	36,960	66,000
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<u>97,446</u>	<u>74,094</u>
The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate differences are explained below	e applying in the	UK (30%) The
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>100,044</u> .	<u>10,956</u>
Profit on ordinary activities at the UK tax rate (30%)	30,013	3,287
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Accelerated capital allowances / other timing differences	67,447 (36,974)	70,807 (66,000)
Total current tax charge	<u>60,486</u>	<u>8,094</u>
Deferred tax liabilities		
Liability		
Movement in deferred tax: At 1 January 2006 Movement in year	536,000 <u>36,960</u>	470,000 66,000
At 31 December 2006	<u>572,960</u>	536,000
Deferred tax comprises:		
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>572,960</u>	536,000
	<u> 572,960</u>	536,000

6 Fixed tangible assets

	Leasehold Premises	Office Equipment	Office Furniture	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost As At 1 January and				
31 December 2006	<u>9,391,193</u>	<u>29,075</u>	9,606	9,429,874
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2006	2,198,377	23,901	7,874	2,230,152
Charge for the year	375,648	<u>718</u>	241	<u>376,607</u>
At 31 December 2006	2,574,025	24,619	8,115	2,606,759
Net book value At 31 December 2006	<u>6,817,168</u>	<u>4,456</u>	<u>1,491</u>	<u>6,823,115</u>
Net book value At 31 December 2005	<u>7.192,816</u>	<u>5,174</u>	<u>1,732</u>	7,199,722

The leasehold premises net book value includes £98,000 (2005 £100,956) of directly attributable finance costs

7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand at the year-end includes £308,262 (2005 £300,628) which is held in a sinking fund account Under the terms of the Operating Agreement and the bank loan agreement this account can only be used for capital expenditure to be incurred in maintaining the premises

8 Debtors

	2006 £	2005 £
Trade debtors	517	31,562
Prepayments and accrued income	83,933	148,004
Corporation tax	1,687	-
	<u>86,137</u>	<u>179,566</u>

9

	£	£
Bank loan (see note 10 below)	97,399	95,414
Trade creditors	203,918	318,142
Corporation tax	33,425	2,214
Other creditors	33,940	5,880
Other taxation and social security	19,495	5,456
Accruals and deferred income	470,031	423,508

2006

<u>858,208</u>

2006

2,796,134

2,893,533

2005

850,614

2,932,817

3,028,231

2005

10	Creditors:	amounts falling	due after	one year
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Bank loan (see below)

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Maturity of debt	2006	2005
	£	£
The loans are repayable as follows		
Due in less than one year	97,399	95,414
Due between one and two years	99,421	97,399
Due between two and five years	773,590	579,855
Due in more than five years	1,923,123	2,255,563

The amount shown as bank loan includes interest accrued of £nil (2005 £39,826) and is stated net of the arrangement fee of £273,167 (2005 £288,067), which is being amortised over the period of the loan in accordance with FRS25/26

The bank loan is secured by a bond and floating charge over all the assets, rights and undertakings of the Company

The interest rate on the bank loan is 8 25% per annum

11 Deferred Income

	£
Balance as at 1 January 2006 Movement during the year	4,589,508 (240,000)
Balance at 31 December 2006	4,349,508

An advance payment of service fees was received from Glen Harfen NHS Trust with the successful completion of the building contract on 14 February 2000 and the acceptance by the Trust that the Hospital meets their output requirements. It is company policy to release this balance to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the arrangement.

12 Share capital

	•	2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised, allotted, issued and fully paid 10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	<u>10,000</u>
13	Profit and loss account reserve		£
	Opening balance as at 1 January 2006 Profit for the year		16,985 2,598
	Closing balance as at 31 December 2006		19,583
14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2006 £	2005 £
	Opening equity shareholders' funds Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	26,985 2,598	90,123 (63,138)

15 Parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party

Closing equity shareholders' funds

The immediate parent company is Anavon Limited

The ultimate parent company is Infrastructure Investors LP, with ownership of this company shared between Barclays Private Equity, Societe Generale and 31 Accordingly, there is no overall parent company and no ultimate controlling party

29,583

26,985

16 Related party transactions

	Relationship	Type of transaction	Transaction		Balance	
Name of related party			For the year ended 31 December 2006	For the year ended 31 December 2005	As at 31 December 2006	As at 31 December 2005
			£	£	£	£
Grannag Limited	Fellow subsidiary of parent company	Corporation tax Group relief and Tax fee	27,161	5,880	(33,041)	(5,880)
Anavon Limited	Immediate Parent Company	Corporation tax Group relief	899	-	(899)	-

The Directors have considered the provisions contained within FRS 8 and are satisfied that there are no further disclosures required

17 Events after the balance sheet date - Finance Act 2007 changes to corporation tax rate

The Finance Act 2007 includes provisions regarding the reduction in the corporation tax rate to 28% from 1 April 2008 Applying a rate of 28% would result in a reduction to the deferred tax liability at 31 December 2006 by £38,197, and a restated deferred tax liability of £534,763