Company registration number: 03396672

LIMEHOUSE CHILDCARE LTD Company limited by guarantee

Unaudited financial statements

31 January 2021



30/10/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Directors and other information

Directors

R Roberts Esq Miss H Kenney

Secretary

Miss H Kenney

Company number

03396672

Registered office

49 Barleycorn Way

Limehouse London E14 8DE

Business address

21-23 Trinidad Street

Limehouse London E14 8AA

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

54 Marsh Wall West India Dock London

E14 6LJ

Company limited by guarantee

Directors report
Period ended 31 January 2021.

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the period ended 31 January 2021.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the period were as follows:

R Roberts Esq Miss H Kenney

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 28 October 2021 and signed on behalf of the board by:

R Roberts Esq

Statement of comprehensive income Period ended 31 January 2021

	Note	Period ended 31/01/21 £	Year ended 31/07/19 £
Turnover Cost of sales Administrative expenses		5,591 - 684,544	382,021 - (562,834)
Operating profit/(loss)		690,135	(180,813)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses Profit/(loss) before taxation		10 - - 690,145	18 (642) (181,437)
Tax on profit/(loss) Profit/(loss) for the financial period and total comprehensive income		690,145	(181,437)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 31 January 2021

	31/01/21		31/07/19		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	1		1	
			1		1
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		113,100		2,840	
		113,100		2,840	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(35,630)		(567,764)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			77,470		(564,924)
Total assets less current liabilities			77,471		(564,923)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-	•	(47,751)
Net assets/(liabilities)			77,471	•	(612,674)
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account			77,471		(612,674)
Members funds/(deficit)			77,471		(612,674)

For the period ending 31 January 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 January 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 October 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R Roberts Esq

Director

Company registration number: 03396672

Statement of changes in equity Period ended 31 January 2021

	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£
At 1 August 2018	(431,237)	(431,237)
Profit/(loss) for the period	(181,437)	(181,437)
Total comprehensive income for the period	(181,437)	(181,437)
At 31 July 2019 and 1 August 2019	(6.12,674)	(612,674)
Profit/(loss) for the period	690,145	690,145
Total comprehensive income for the period	690,145	690,145
At 31 January 2021	77,471	77,471

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 31 January 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 49 Barleycorn Way, Limehouse, London, E14 8DE.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2021

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Limited by guarantee

The company is a private company, limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute a sum not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company, in the event of liquidation.

5. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to Nil (2019: 26).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2021

6.	Tangible assets	-	
		Fixtures, fittings and	Total
		equipment	
		£	£
	Cost		,
	At 1 August 2019 and 31 January 2021	3,069	3,069
	Depreciation		
	At 1 August 2019 and 31 January 2021	3,068	3,068
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 January 2021	1	1
			===
	At 31 July 2019		
7	Craditare, amounta falling due within and year		
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	31/01/21	31/07/19
		£ 1101121	£
	Social security and other taxes	20,280	20,280
	. Other creditors	15,350	547,484
		35,630	567,764
		=====	=====
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	31/01/21	31/07/19
		, 31/01/21 £	51/07/13 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	47,751
	Dank loans and overdrans		

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2021

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the period the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	Period ended 31/01/21			
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
R Roberts Esq	(488,190) ======		475,120	(13,070)
Year ended 31/07/19				
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
R Roberts Esq	(382,630)	(194,000)	88,440	(488,190) ======