

**Company Registration No. 03386529 (England and Wales)**

**OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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<b>Directors</b>	M G Perry D E M Berglund
<b>Secretary</b>	A Wersall
<b>Company number</b>	03386529
<b>Registered office</b>	56 Glenthams Road Barnes London SW13 9JJ
<b>Accountants</b>	Haines Watts Sterling House 5 Buckingham Place Bellfield Road West High Wycombe Buckinghamshire United Kingdom HP13 5HQ

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# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		2017		31 December 2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	4		21,593		26,316
Investments	5		478		478
			<u>22,071</u>		<u>26,794</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	6	495,769		568,217	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,937		32,151	
		<u>517,706</u>		<u>600,368</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	<u>(1,044,268)</u>		<u>(1,175,897)</u>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(526,562)</u>		<u>(575,529)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>(504,491)</u>		<u>(548,735)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	8		664,561		500,000
Share premium account			175,439		-
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(1,344,491)</u>		<u>(1,048,735)</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>(504,491)</u>		<u>(548,735)</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial Period ended 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

## **OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED**

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

***AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017***

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The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 November 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

M G Perry  
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 03386529**

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

Oregan Networks Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 56 Glenthams Road, Barnes, London, SW13 9JJ.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **1.2 Going concern**

The nature of the company's business is such that there can be considerable unpredictable variation in the timing of cash inflows.

The directors have prepared forecasts for the period ending 12 months from the date of their approval of these financial statements. On the basis of these forecasts and some potential new business, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In addition, there is approximately £665,000 included within Creditors in respect of which it has been confirmed by the directors that no payment will be sought until such time as the company is in a financially suitable position to make some repayments.

#### **1.3 Turnover**

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts. Advance royalty income received from third parties is only recognised as turnover when actual sales of the underlying product have been confirmed by the relevant third party or when the company's contractual obligations have been fully satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### **1.4 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Development and Office Equipment	33% and 20% per annum on a reducing balance basis
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.



# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### *Deferred tax*

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

#### 1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the Period was 18 (2016 - 24).

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

### 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2017	53,676
Additions	2,124
	<hr/>
At 30 September 2017	55,800
	<hr/>
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>	
At 1 January 2017	27,360
Depreciation charged in the Period	6,847
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At 30 September 2017	34,207
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<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 30 September 2017	21,593
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2016	26,316
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### 5 Fixed asset investments

	2017 £	2016 £
Investments	478	478
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The company owns 100% of the share capital of Oregan Networks P.T.E Ltd, a company incorporated in Singapore. The principal activity of this subsidiary is that of providing embedded software for delivery of digital TV Services. The net liabilities of Oregan Networks P.T.E. Ltd was £389,334 (2016: £383,664) and the loss for the year was £5,670 (2016: £4,318)

### 6 Debtors

	31 December	
	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors	193,471	160,617
Corporation tax recoverable	231,792	300,296
Other debtors	70,506	107,304
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	495,769	568,217
	<hr/>	<hr/>

# OREGAN NETWORKS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	31 December	
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	43,670	41,945
	Other taxation and social security	93,856	64,274
	Other creditors	906,742	1,069,678
		<u>1,044,268</u>	<u>1,175,897</u>

Included within Other Creditors is a loan of £80,000 (2016: nil) secured against certain Trade Debtors.

8	Called up share capital	31 December	
		2017	2016
		£	£
	<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
	5,000,000 Ordinary shares of 10p each	500,000	500,000
	16,456,100 Ordinary A shares of 1p each	164,561	-
		<u>664,561</u>	<u>500,000</u>

"Ordinary" and "Ordinary A" shares rank parri passu in all respects.

The company operates an option scheme for the benefit of its employees. At 30 September 2017 the total share options in place amounted to 401,976 (2016: 403,643 shares) at an option price of £0.60 per share. These options expire between December 2017 and December 2023.

During this period 16,456,100 Ordinary A Shares of 1p each were issues for cash for a total value of £340,000.

## 9 Operating lease commitments

Total operating lease commitments which are not included in the balance sheet amount to £196,727 (2016: £258,903 ).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.