

Company Registration No. 03379675 (England and Wales)

TT VISA SERVICES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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COMPANIES HOUSE

John Cumming Ross Limited 1st Floor, Kirkland House 11-15 Peterborough Road Harrow Middlesex HA1 2AX

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TT VISA SERVICES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr O J M De Canson

Ms Y Talwar (Appointed 4 July 2019)

Secretary TMF Corporate Administration Services Limited

Company number 03379675

Registered office c/o TMF Group

8th Floor

20 Farringdon Street

London EC4A 4AB

Auditor John Cumming Ross Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

1st Floor, Kirkland House 11-15 Peterborough Road

Harrow Middlesex HA1 2AX



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity during the period continued to be that of a visa application centre processing visa applications on behalf of Immigration New Zealand. The company has a branch in Germany.

Going concern

At 31 December 2018 the company had net liabilities of £5,767,750 (2017: £5,671,003) and net current liabilities/(assets) of £5,768,368 (2017: £5,708,389). The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis as VF Services (UK) Limited, a fellow group undertaking, has agreed to provide financial support to the company in order that it can continue to trade and meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr O J M De Canson

Ms C M Silva

Mr P Pottier

Ms Y Talwar

(Resigned 4 July 2019)

(Resigned 1 January 2018) (Appointed 4 July 2019)

Future developments

The operation of the contract with Immigration New Zealand will be transferred to V F Services (UK) Limited, a fellow group undertaking, before the end of 2019. The company will receive a royalty payments from V F Services (UK) Limited in relation to the contract.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that John Cumming Ross Limited be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Statement of disclosure to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of the directors' report confirm that, so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Company is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

On behalf of the board

Ms Y Talwar

Director Date: 12 | 9 | 30 | 9



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TT VISA SERVICES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of TT Visa Services Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 1.2 in the financial statements, which indicate that the company incurred a net loss of £96,747 during the year ended 31 December 2018 and, as of that date, the Company's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by £5,767,750. As stated in Note 1.2, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1.2, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- · the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF TT VISA SERVICES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Dilip Popatlal Unarket (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of John Cumming Ross Limited, Statutory auditor

Chartered Certified Accountants

1st Floor, Kirkland House

11-15 Peterborough Road

Harrow

Middlesex

HA1 2AX

13/9/2019



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	31 December 2018 £	Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017 £
Turnover	2	177,320	306,435
Cost of sales		(52,157)	(107,426)
Gross profit		125,163	199,009
Administrative expenses		(236,085)	(3,354,926)
Other operating income		7,533	380,000
Operating loss	3	(103,389)	(2,775,917)
Interest payable to group undertakings	6	<u> </u>	(136,388)
Loss before taxation		(103,389)	(2,912,305)
Tax on loss	7	6,642	106
Loss for the financial year		(96,747)	(2,912,199)



BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notos	2018 £	2017
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	10	-	36,768
Investments	11	618	618
		618	37,386
Current assets			•
Debtors	13	118,056	78,132
Cash at bank and in hand		51,709 ————	154,295
		169,765	232,427
Creditors: amounts falling due w one year	rithin		
Loans and overdrafts	14	5,590,557	5,590,557
Creditors	15	344,868	349,859
Taxation and social security		2,708	. 400
At the second		5,938,133	5,940,816
Net current liabilities		(5,768,368)	(5,708,389)
Total assets less current llabilitie	es	(5,767,750)	(5,671,003)
Net liabilities		(5,767,750)	(5,671,003) =======
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	17	2	2
Profit and loss reserves	••	(5,767,752)	(5,671,005)
Total equity		(5,767,750)	(5,671,003)
· ·			

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on $\frac{12/9}{26/9}$ and are signed on its behalf by:

Ms Y Talwar

Director

Company Registration No. 03379675



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance at 1 October 2016	2	(2,758,806)	(2,758,804)
Period ended 31 December 2017: Total comprehensive loss for the year	•	(2,912,199)	(2,912,199)
Balance at 31 December 2017	2	(5,671,005)	(5,671,003)
Year ended 31 December 2018: Total comprehensive loss for the period		(96,747)	(96,747)
Balance at 31 December 2018	2	(5,767,752)	(5,767,750)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

TT Visa Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The registered office is c/o TMF Group, 8th Floor, 20 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4AB. The principal place of business is 66 Wilson Street, London, EC2A 2BT.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Companies Act 2006. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of: (i) paragraph 79(a) (iv) of IAS 1, (ii) paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property Plant and Equipment (iii) paragraph 118 (e) of IAS 38 Intangibles Assets, (iv) paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property and (v) paragraph 50 of IAS 41 Agriculture;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A to 38D, 39 to 40 ,111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements:
- · the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119 (a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Kiwi VFS Sub I S.a.r.I, a company incorporated in Luxembourg. The group accounts of Kiwi VFS Sub I S.a.r.I are available to the public and can be obtained from www.rcsl.lu.

These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Kiwi VFS Sub I S.a.r.l., a company incorporated in Luxembourg which prepares consolidated financial statements.

1.2 Going concern

The company incurred a loss of £96,747 for the year ended 31 December 2018 and at that date has net liabilities of £5,767,750. The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis as VF Services (UK) Limited, a fellow group undertaking, has agreed to provide financial support to the company in order that it can continue to trade and meet its liabilities as they fall due. This support will continue for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.3 Turnover

The Company has one class of business acting as a visa application processing centre. Revenue originates solely from the rendering of services and represents the aggregate amount of revenue receivable for services supplied in the ordinary course of business. Payment of the transaction price for all services is due immediately on receipt of the visa application. Revenue is recognised when the services are rendered which, in many instances, is coterminous with payment as the services are provided when the customer visits the visa application centre. Where payment is received in advance a contract liability is recognised until the services are rendered.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings
Plant and equipment

25% per annum on a straight line basis 25% per annum on a straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Useful lives are estimated taking into account the rate of technological change and intensity of use of assets and are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiaries are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

1.6 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of inventories or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.12 Foreign exchange

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The company has a branch in Germany. The functional currency of the branch is Euro whilst the functional currency of the company is Pounds Sterling. The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£).

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

The results and financial position of the branch (which has the currency of a non hyper-inflationary economy) that has a functional currency different from the presentation currency is translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) assets and liabilities for the balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) income and expenses for the income statement are translated at average exchange rates and
- (c) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

1.13 Debtors

Trade and other receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

1.14 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.15 Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

2 Turnover

	2018	2017
	£	£
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Turnover	177,320	306,435



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2	Turnover	. ((Continued)
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other significant revenue		
	Royalty income	5,245	-
		40-14-15-1	
	•	2018	2017
		£	£
	Turnover analysed by geographical market		
	UK	177,320	281,581
	Germany	-	24,854
			
		177,320	306,435
3	Operating loss		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Operating loss for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Exchange losses	634	31,540
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	19,178	72,888
	(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	7,432
	Amortisation of intangible assets	-	38,852

The amortisation of intangible assets is included within administrative expenses.

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2018 Number	2017 Number
Selling and administration	1	. 8
Headquarters	2	3
	3	· 11



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4	Employees		(Continued)
	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:	2018 £	2017 £
	Wages and salaries	15,096	1,255,472
	Social security costs Pension costs	13,422	129,748 126,036
		28,518	1,511,256
	Redundancy payments in the year amount to £- (2017 - £280,626).		
5	Directors' remuneration		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	- -	535,068 17,092
		-	552,160
	The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defiamounted to 0 (2017 - 2).	ined contributi	on schemes
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest	paid director:	
	Remuneration for qualifying services	n/a	258,770
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	n/a	8,810
	As total directors' remuneration was less than £200,000 in the current year, no that year.	disclosure is	provided for
6	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest payable to group undertakings	-	136,388
			-



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Income tax expense		
	2018 £	2017 £
Current tax	~	~
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(106
Total UK current tax	· 	(106
Foreign taxes and reliefs	(6,642)	· -
	(6,642)	(106)
The charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and	loss account as follows	
	2018	2017
	£	£
	T.	_
Loss before taxation	(103,389)	_
Loss before taxation	-	_
Loss before taxation Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00%	-	(2,912,305
	(103,389)	(2,912,305)
Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00%	(103,389) ————————————————————————————————————	(2,912,305) ————————————————————————————————————
Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit	(103,389) ————————————————————————————————————	(2,912,305) ————————————————————————————————————
Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit Unutilised tax losses carried forward	(103,389) ————————————————————————————————————	(2,912,305) ————————————————————————————————————
Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit Unutilised tax losses carried forward Adjustment in respect of prior years	(103,389) (19,644) (2,209) 25,236	(2,912,305 (553,338 48,082 527,767 (106 3,058
Expected tax credit based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit Unutilised tax losses carried forward Adjustment in respect of prior years Permanent capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(103,389) (19,644) (2,209) 25,236	(2,912,305) ————————————————————————————————————

Taxable losses carried forward at the balance sheet date amounted to £4,171,466 (2017: £4,038,626).

8 Impairments

Impairment tests have been carried out where appropriate and the following impairment losses have been recognised in profit or loss:

	2018	2017
	£	. £
In respect of:		
Intangible assets	· -	95,721
Property, plant and equipment	18,375	81,056
Recognised in:		
Administrative expenses	18,375	176,777

Property, plant and equipment has been impaired by £18,375 as the assets are no longer in use.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9	Intangible fixed assets	Software	Patents &	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 31 December 2017 Disposals	148,581 (148,581)	10,212	158,793 (148,581)
	At 31 December 2018	· -	10,212	10,212
	Amortisation and impairment			·
	At 31 December 2017	148,581	10,212	158,793
	Eliminated on disposals	(148,581)	-	(148,581)
	At 31 December 2018	-	10,212	10,212
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2018	-	-	-

10	Tangible fixed assets	-		
	:	Fixtures and fittings	Plant and equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	440	045 570	045.000
	At 31 December 2017	116	215,573	215,689
	Additions	-	785	785
	Disposals	. -	(392)	(392)
	At 31 December 2018	116	215,966	216,082
	Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
	At 31 December 2017	107	178,814	178,921
	Charge for the year	9	19,169	19,178
	Impairment loss (profit or loss)	•	18,375	18,375
	Eliminated on disposal	•	(392)	(392)
	At 31 December 2018	116	215,966	216,082
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2018	-	-	-
	110/5			
	At 31 December 2017	9	36,759	36,768



administrative support agency

TT VISA SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11	Investments		С	urrent		Non-current	
			20′		2017	2018	2017
				£	£	£	£
	Investments in subsidiarie	es .		-		618	618
		;		- .			
	The company has not deassets at fair value through		ial assets that	are not	classified as h	eld for trading a	s financial
	Fair value of financial as Except as detailed below amortised cost in the final	w the directors beli	eve that the c	arrying eir fair v	amounts of fi values.	nancial assets	carried at
	Movements in fixed ass	et investments					
				·		und	Shares in group ertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2018 & 31 D	December 2018					618
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2018					•	618
	At 31 December 2017			:			618
12	Subsidiaries						
	Details of the company's	subsidiaries at 31 D	ecember 2018	are as	follows:		
	Name of undertaking	Registered office	Ownership interest (%)	Voting held (re of business	
	TT VIsa Services Inc.	United States of	100.0	00		processing and	al

America



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13	Debtors	2040	204-
		2018 £	2017 £
		00.770	
	Other receivables	30,779	
	Amount owed by parent undertaking	33,536	70.070
	Amounts owed by fellow group undertakings	48,496	70,872
	Prepayments	5,245	7,260
		118,056	78,132
	Amounts due from the parent undertaking and fellow group und repayable on demand.	dertakings are unsecured, inte	rest free and
14	Loans and overdrafts		
• •	2 days and overall and	2018	2017
		£	£
	Unsecured borrowings at amortised cost	c 500 557	5 500 55
	Loans from parent undertaking Analysis of loans and overdrafts	5,590,557 	5,590,557
		eted to be settled within the ne	7-4
	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expect	eted to be settled within the ne	7-4
	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expect	eted to be settled within the news:	xt 12 months
	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the control of th	ted to be settled within the news: 2018	xt 12 months 2017
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as follows:	ted to be settled within the news: 2018	xt 12 months 2017 £ 5,590,557
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the control of th	ted to be settled within the news: 2018 £ 5,590,557	xt 12 months 2017 £ 5,590,557
115	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the control of th	ted to be settled within the news: 2018 £ 5,590,557	2017 2017 5,590,557
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the control of th	ted to be settled within the news: 2018 £ 5,590,557 Due within o	2017 2017 5,590,557 ne year
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedent and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the control of the	ted to be settled within the news: 2018 £ 5,590,557 Due within o	2017 2017 5,590,557 ne year
	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedient and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as follows: Due within one year liabilities Creditors	ted to be settled within the news: 2018 £ 5,590,557 Due within o 2018 £	2017 2017 5,590,557 ne year
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedent and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed by the second secon	2018 £ 5,590,557 ———————————————————————————————————	2017 £ 5,590,557 ne year 2017 £
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedent and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed. Due within one year liabilities Creditors Trade creditors Amount owed to parent undertaking Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed to related parties Accruals	### Due within to 2018 ### E 5,590,557 Due within of 2018 ### E 17,902 23,873 43,078 241,385 18,399	2017 £ 5,590,557 ne year 2017 £ 63,192 39,936 104 117,635
15	Analysis of loans and overdrafts Borrowings are classified based on the amounts that are expedent and after more than 12 months from the reporting date, as followed. Due within one year liabilities Creditors Trade creditors Amount owed to parent undertaking Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed to related parties	Due within o 2018 £ 17,902 23,873 43,078 241,385	2017 £ 5,590,557 ne year 2017 £ 63,192 39,936

Amounts due to the parent undertaking, subsidiaries and fellow group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

16 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined contribution schemes

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

The total costs charged to income in respect of defined contribution plans is £13,422 (2017 - £126,036).

17	Share capital	2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Authorised, Issued, Allotted, Called up and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

18 Controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Biomet Services PTE. Ltd, a company incorporated in Singapore whose registered office is 67 UBI Crescent, #06-01 Techniques Center, Singapore 408560. The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Kiwi Holding I S.a.r.I, a company incorporated in Luxembourg whose registered office is 26A Boulevard Royal, L-2449 rue Aldringen 23, L-1118. Luxembourg. The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Kiwi VFS Sub I S.a.r.I., an intermediate parent undertaking within the group.