

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03379596

Universal Assets Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

30 June 2021

Universal Assets Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2021

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Universal Assets Limited

Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,444,167		1,444,207
Current assets					
Debtors	6	20,551		19,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,276		24,563	
		-----		-----	
		27,827		44,063	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	337,878		337,476	
		-----		-----	
Net current liabilities			310,051		293,413
			-----		-----
Total assets less current liabilities			1,134,116		1,150,794
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		585,684		585,684
Provisions					
Taxation including deferred tax			41,018		32,814
			-----		-----
Net assets			507,414		532,296
			-----		-----
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		250		250
Share premium account			199,800		199,800
Capital redemption reserve			50		50
Profit and loss account			307,314		332,196
			-----		-----
Shareholder funds			507,414		532,296
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Universal Assets Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 June 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 June 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr C Hesling

Director

Company registration number: 03379596

Universal Assets Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Wye Lodge, 66 High Street, Old Stevenage, Hertfordshire, SG1 3EA.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax. When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period. When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment	-	20% reducing balance
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Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: Nil).

5. Tangible assets

	Equipment £	Investment property £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021	11,044	1,444,008	1,455,052
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2020	10,845	—	10,845
Charge for the year	40	—	40
	-----	-----	-----
At 30 June 2021	10,885	—	10,885
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Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2021	159	1,444,008	1,444,167
	-----	-----	-----
At 30 June 2020	199	1,444,008	1,444,207
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The Investment properties are included at a fair value of £1,444,008. The properties were valued by the director, based on comparable properties in the local area.

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	20,551	19,500
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,426	—
Accruals and deferred income	2,857	16,440
Corporation tax	4,336	11,833
Social security and other taxes	13	—
Other creditors	329,246	309,203
	-----	-----
	337,878	337,476
	-----	-----

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	585,684	585,684
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The bank loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the company in favour of Onesavings Bank PLC and Interbay Funding Ltd.

9. Called up share capital**Issued, called up and fully paid**

	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	250	250	250	250
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.