Company number: 03368552

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Directors of DB International Investments Limited (the "Company") present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. In so doing, the Company has applied the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRSs"), but has made amendments, where necessary, in order to comply with the requirements of Companies Act 2006.

The Company is one of the subsidiaries of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft ("Deutsche Bank AG"). Deutsche Bank AG and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as "the Group" for the purpose of these financial statements.

The primary activity of the Company is to act as a holding company.

Results and dividends

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019, after providing for taxation, show a profit of €730,477 (2018: €1,637,481).

The profit for the year is driven by the dividend income from the Comapany's subsidiary, Deutsche Global Markets Limited.

No dividend is paid or proposed by the Directors during the year (2018: £Nil).

Events after the balance sheet date

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) that first surfaced in China was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020, impacting countries globally. The impact of COVID-19 is expected to continue on the global economy for the coming months with likely adverse effects on the operations and financial position of businesses. The Directors do not consider there to be a material impact on the operations and financial position of the Company. The Company has and continues to assess material risks and their implications to the business operations as a result of the global spread of COVID-19. As this is an evolving situation, emerging risks are reviewed and actively managed accordingly as they arise.

This is a non-adjusting event and an estimate of the financial effect cannot be made at the date of approving these financial statements as the situation remains a rapidly evolving one.

Future outlook

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

On 31 January 2020, The United Kingdom ("UK") formally left the European Union ("EU") ("Brexit"), by reaching an agreement with the EU. The UK is now in the transition period which is due to end on 31 December 2020. The future impacts of Brexit to the Company cannot be predicted but the Directors will continue to closely monitor the developments and assess the possible impacts of these developments on the Company. As at the date of this report the Directors have no reason to believe that any of these uncertain factors will have any impact on the Company given that the Company does not have any balances that are external to the Group.

The global spread of COVID-19 has resulted in governments taking varied actions towards stemming its spread and also bolstering economies. Consequently, the global economy has seen a slowdown of economic activity in many sectors and increased volatility in the financial markets including the UK. Since the Company does not have any trading operations, COVID-19 is not expected to have any significant impact on the business. The Company is closely monitoring the spread of COVID-19, the actions and reactions of Governments and the potential effects it will have on its business.

The outlook of the business remains stable and the Company is expected to maintain its current level of activity.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The risks in the entity are managed within the risk and control functions of the Group and those of its subsidiaries.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the overall management of the risks faced by the Company and note that the key business risks and uncertainties affecting the Company stem from the performance of its subsidiary companies.

Directors

The Directors of the Company who held office during the year and subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2019 were as follows:

- C. Snailham
- B. Pallas

Company secretary

J Bagshaw

(appointed 29 October 2019)

A Bartlett

(appointed 29 October 2019)

P. Davis

(resigned 16 September 2019)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) For the ended 31 December 2019

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK accounting standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures which have been disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The Directors have confirmed that they spent time appropriate to their responsibilities on the affairs of the Company during the year.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors of the company who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and the Directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Qualifying third party indemnity provision

As at the date of approval of the financial statements, and during the year, a qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force for the benefit of the Company's Directors.

Auditor

During the year 2020 KPMG LLP will resign as Auditor of the Company, satisfying the European and national regulation requiring the auditors' rotation. Ernst & Young will be recommended by the Directors, at the next board metting, as external Auditors for the financial year 2020.

Small companies exemption

The Company has taken advantage of the small companies exemption and has not prepared a strategic report nor included a business review within the Directors' report.

By order of the Board of Directors

Fraillan

Director

Chris Snailham

Registered office

23 Great Winchester Street London EC2P 2AX United Kingdom

Dated: 31st July 2020

Company number: 03368552

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DB INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS LIMITED For the year ended 31 December 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DB International Investments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in Note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Directors' report

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DB INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS LIMITED For the year ended 31 December 2019

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mike Heath (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

The Houly

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

Dated: 6 August 2020

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		€	€
Income from shares in group undertakings		770,416	1,638,987
Interest payable and similar expenses to group undertakings	. 3	(1,860)	(1,841)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		95	(19)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		768,651	1,637,127
Tax (charge)/credit on profit	4	(38,185)	354
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		730,466	1,637,481

The profit for the year has arisen from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2019

		<u>2019</u> <u>€</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>€</u>
Profit for the financial year		730,466	1,637,481
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL Y	EAR	730,466	1,637,481

The comprehensive income for the year has arisen from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2019

	Note	<u>2019</u>	2018
FIXED ASSETS		<u>€</u>	<u>€</u>
Shares in group undertakings	5	165,696	165,696
	-	•	
CURRENT ASSETS			
Other debtors	, 6	715	349
Cash at bank and in hand	7	2,455,170	1,725,070
TOTAL ASSETS		2,621,581	1,891,115
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	8	2	2
Profit and loss account		2,621,579	1,891,113
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		2,621,581	1,891,115

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by

Director Chris Snailham

Dated: 31st July 2020

Company number: 03368552

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2019

· ·	<u>Called up Share</u> <u>Capital</u> <u>€</u>	<u>Profit and Loss</u> <u>Account</u> <u>€</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>€</u>
Balance at 1 January 2019	2	1,891,113	1,891,115
Profit for the financial year		730,466	730,466
Balance at 31 December 2019	2	2,621,579	2,621,581

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Balance at 31 December 2018		2	1,891,113	1,891,115
Profit for the financial year	•	-	1,637,481	1,637,481
Balance at 1 January 2018		2	253,632	253,634
		<u>Called up Share</u> <u>Capital</u> <u>€</u>	Profit and Loss Account €	<u>Total</u> <u>€</u>

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2019

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

In so doing, the Company has applied the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRSs"), but has made amendments where necessary in order to comply with the requirements of Companies Act 2006. Accordingly, the relevant IFRS have been referenced in the following notes where relevant.

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- A cash flow statement and related notes;
- · Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- · Disclosures in respect of the transactions with related parties; and
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs.

As the Company is not a 'Financial Institution', as defined by the Financial Reporting Council, it has applied the exemptions available for disclosures required by IFRS 7, IFRS 13 and IAS 1.

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) that first surfaced in China was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020, impacting countries globally. In considering going concern, the Company continues to closely monitor developments related to the outbreak of COVID-19. The potential impacts from COVID-19 remain uncertain, including, among other things, on economic conditions, businesses and consumers. To assess any potential impact on the Company, the directors reassessed the components of funding, liquidity and the financial position of the Company and have concluded that the going concern basis is still appropriate. The reassessment by management demonstrated that the Company has access to sufficient funding and liquidity to withstand the current market conditions.

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

The executive directors of the Company are members of the Group defined contribution pension schemes operated by DB Group Services (UK) Limited ("DBGS"): details of which are disclosed in the financial statements of that entity. The Company has no obligation to pay employee retirement benefits, and has no commitment or guarantee to indemnify DBGS for retirement benefit liabilities.

The Company is incorporated, registered and domiciled in England and Wales (UK) as a private limited company, limited by shares.

DB Overseas Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, is the Company's immediate controlling entity.

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft ("Deutsche Bank AG"), a company incorporated in Germany, is the parent company, the ultimate controlling entity and the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statement are prepared, in accordance with IFRSs. Its registered address is Taunusanlage 12, Frankfurt am Main, 60325, Germany. Copies of the Group financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Winchester House, 1 Great Winchester Street, London, EC2N 2DB.

(a) Group financial statements

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of DB Overseas Holdings Limited, itself a wholly owned indirect subsidiary undertaking of Deutsche Bank AG, which is incorporated in the European Union ("EU") and which publishes consolidated financial statements, the Company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

(b) Changes in accounting policy

There were no amendments to the accounting standards that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2019 that would have a material impact to the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2019

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Amounts owed by group undertakings, other debtors, and prepayments and accrued income are initially measured at fair value,
- and subsequently at amortised cost.
- Cash at bank and in hand is carried at fair value.
- Cash at bank and in hand is carried at amortised cost.

There is no offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities in these financial statements.

(d) Interest receivable and similar income and Interest payable and similar expenses to/from group undertakings

This includes interest on interest-earning deposits and short-term borrowings. Interest income and expense are recognised in the profit and loss as they accrue using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest rate is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or expense over the relevant period using the estimated future cash flows. The estimated future cash flows used in this calculation include those determined by the contractual terms of the asset or liability, all fees that are considered to be integral to the effective interest rate, direct and incremental transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

(e) Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Euros at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Any monetary assets and liabilities are subsequently re-translated at the year-end closing rate with any translation differences being taken through the Profit and Loss Account.

(f) Turnover and cost of sales

Turnover and cost of sales are not disclosed in the profit and loss account as they are not appropriate for the Company's business.

(g) Current and deferred taxation

The credit for taxation is based on profit or loss for the year and takes into account any taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

(h) Shares in group underatakings

Shares in group undertakings, are stated at cost less impairment.

(i) Impairment of financial assets

Financial asset cannot be reported at more than what the Company can recover from it (the recoverable amount), either from using it (value in use) or selling it (fair value less cost of disposal). If the asset's carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is deemed impaired and an impairment loss must be recognised in the profit and loss account.

The Company follows a 3 step approach to determining impairment:

- 1. Assess whether there is any indication of impairment.
- 2. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of the asset must be estimated. This will involve:
 - a) determination of the unit of valuation for impairment purposes; and
 - b) determination of the recoverable amount.
- 3. If the recoverable amount (defined as the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) is below the carrying amount of the asset, then the carrying amount must be written down to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

(j) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements requires the directors to make estimates and assumptions for certain categories of assets and liabilities. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

The significant accounting policy of the Company that involves critical accounting estimates relates to the impairment of shares in group undertakings (Note 1 (h))

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2019

2 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Company has no employees. The staff involved in the Company's operations are all employees of the Group. Their total staff costs are borne by other group companies without recharge. Consequently, staff costs have not been included in these financial statements (2018: €nil).

Auditor's remuneration for services rendered to the Company have been borne by another group undertaking.

			•
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
		€	€
	Audit of these financial statements	17,304	16,053
		17,304	16,053
3	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES TO GROUP UNDERTAKINGS		
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
		<u>€</u>	€
	Bank charges	(1,860)	(1,841)
		(1,860)	(1,841)
		•	
4	TAX (CHARGE)/CREDIT ON PROFIT		•
			•

(a) Analysis of tax on profit

		•	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
		•	€	€
Current taxation	• .			
Group relief credit for the year			335	354
Withholding tax on dividend			(38,520)	-
Tax credit on profit			(38,185)	354

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19% (2018: 19%). The actual tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

(b) Current tax reconciliation

		<u>2019</u> €	<u>2018</u> €
		. –	. -
Profit before taxation		768,651	1,637,127
Tax on profit at standard rate (2019: 19%; 2018: 19%)	.*	(146,044)	(311,054)
Tax adjustments for non-taxable items:			
Dividend income		146,379	311,408
Withholding tax on dividend		(38,520)	· -
Tax (charge)/credit on profit		(38,185)	354

The Finance Bill 2016, which announced a reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17% by 2020, was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016 and is the rate at the Balance Sheet date. The Government has utilised the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act 1968 to maintain the main corporation tax rate at 19%. Substantive enactment of the 19% tax rate occurred on 17 March 2020 and therefore the Company's future tax rate remains unchanged.

The deferred tax asset at 31 December 2019 has been calculated based on the rate of 17% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2019

	•					2019	201
						<u>=575</u>	·
	A4 4 1					405.000	105.000
	At 1 January Return of capital		•			165,696	185,698 (20,002
	At 31 December					165,696	
	Direct group undertakings						
	•	Number and	l Class of	2019	2018	Registered	•
	Name of Company	Shares Own		% Holding	% Holding		Nature of Business
	Deutsche Investments	1,000 Ordina	•	100	100	De Entree 99 - 197,	
	(Netherlands) N.V.	of EUR 453.7	78 each	•		Amsterdam,	•
	. · · · · ·					Netherlands	
	Deutsche Global Markets Limited	99 Ordinary S	Shares of	1	1	46 Rothschild	Trading company
		ILS 0.1 each			•	Boulevard, Alrov	rading company
	•					Tower, 15th Floor,	
						Tel Aviv, Israel	
	Indirect group undertakings			•			
	manect group undertakings						,
		Number and	Class of	2019	<u>2018</u>	Registered	
	Name of Company	Shares Own		% Holding	% Holding	Address	Nature of Business
	Deutsche Global Markets Limited	9,801 Ordina		100	100	46 Rothschild	Trading company
	•	of ILS 0.1 eac	cn			Boulevard, Alrov Tower, 15th Floor,	
				* *		Tel Aviv, Israel	
			. *				
•	OTUED DEDTODO						
	OTHER DEBTORS					a .	
						<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
				•		<u>€</u>	<u>€</u>
	Command Associate					745	0.40
	Current taxation			•		715 715	349 349
			•				040
	• '						
	CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND	 		•			
	CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND	 				2019	2018
	CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND					<u>2019</u> <u>€</u>	
							€
•	CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND Cash at bank held with Deutsche Ba	ank AG					2018 <u>€</u> 1,725,070 1, 725,07 0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2019

8 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:	<u>2</u> <u>No. of Sha</u>	2019 ares	2018 No. of Shares
Ordinary shares of £1 each	•	2	2
		<u>-</u>	2
			•
	<u>2</u>	<u>1019</u>	<u>2018</u>
		€	€
Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
Ordinary shares of £1 each (historical rate at which capital			
was translated to Euros was €1.19)	·	2	2
•		2	2

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and entitled to one vote per share.

EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) that first surfaced in China was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020, impacting countries globally. The impact of COVID-19 is expected to continue on the global economy for the coming months with likely adverse effects on the operations and financial position of businesses. The Directors do not consider there to be a material impact on the operations and financial position of the Company. The Company has and continues to assess material risks and their implications to the business operations as a result of the global spread of COVID-19. As this is an evolving situation, emerging risks are reviewed and actively managed accordingly as they arise.

This is a non-adjusting event and an estimate of the financial effect cannot be made at the date of approving these financial statements as the situation remains a rapidly evolving one.