CITADEL HOLDINGS PLC ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016



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STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The Director's present the strategic report, annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Review of the business

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

The principal activities of the Company during the year were to hold investments, earn income therefrom and to provide services to its subsidiaries. The Directors expect the principal activities of the Company to remain unchanged for the foreseeable future.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as described in note 1.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Directors consider there are a number of potential risks and uncertainties which could have a material impact on the Company's performance and could cause the actual results to differ materially from expected and historical results. Management and mitigation of these risks is the responsibility of the Directors of the Company.

Loss in value of subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiaries include the French property division of the CLS Holdings plc Group which are well established and positioned for long-term supportable organic growth.

Potential loss on intercompany lending

Lending on an arm's length basis to subsidiaries with excellent covenant strength.

Political and Economic Risk

The exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union remains an adverse risk to the overall economy, which may impact net asset values and profitability. It is the Directors' view that the United Kingdom's economy remains sufficiently robust to weather any immediate adverse economic effects.

Further discussion of these risks and uncertainties, in the context of the Group as a whole, is provided in the Group's annual report which does not form part of this report and can be found on www.clsholdings.com.

Key performance indicators

The following are key performance indicators of the business:

- Revenue for the year £2,541,826 (2015: £2,190,269)
- Operating profit for the year £1,651,910 (2015: £1,536,473)
- Net assets at the balance sheet date £57,813,386 (2015: £44,361,283)

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

By order of the bo

David Fuller

Secretary

22 June 2017

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The Directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to medium sized companies under sections 465 - 467 of the Companies Act 2006.

Disclosure in respect of a Review of the Business required in the Directors' Report as per section 416 (4) of the Companies Act 2006 has been included in the Strategic Report.

Results and dividends

The Company did not pay a dividend during the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: £5,529,839).

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr Henry Klotz Mr Alain Millet Mr John Whiteley Mr Fredrik Widlund Mr Simon Wigzell

Qualifying third-party indemnity provisions (as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) are in force for the benefit of the Directors who held office in 2016.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the balance sheet date and of the profit or loss of the Company for the period ending on that date. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

In accordance with the Company's articles, a resolution proposing that Deloitte LLP be reappointed as auditor of the Company will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the Directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

David Fuller

Secretary 22 June 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CITADEL HOLDINGS PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Citadel Holdings Plc for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF CITADEL HOLDINGS PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mark Beddy FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

22 June 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

			2016	2015
		Notes	£	£
Revenue		3	2,541,826	2,190,269
Administrative expenses			(890,514)	(653,796)
Other operating income			598	-
Operating profit	,		1,651,910	1,536,473
. Dividends received		7	12,765,852	5,529,839
Investment income	•	8	71,543	(11,595)
Interest payable		9 .	(865,639)	(756,478)
Profit before taxation	. •		13,623,666	6,298,239
Tax on profit	•	10	(171,563)	(155,601)
Profit for the financial year			13,452,103	6,142,638
				

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There were no items of other comprehensive income other than those stated above for either period.

The notes 1 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

					· .	2016	2015
	•				Notes	£	£
Fixed assets	•						
Investments					12	9,947,766	9,947,766
		· ·				· ·	
Current assets							
Trade and other receivab	•	•			13	86,504,802	72,219,969
Cash at bank and in hand	.				•	303,100	221,185
			•			86,807,902	72,441,154
	•	•					
		•			٠.	·	-
Creditors: amounts falli one year	ing due within						
Trade and other payables	S		•		14	(38,770,719)	(37,872,036)
Current tax payable	•					(171,563)	(155,601)
•						(00.040.000)	(00.007.007)
	:					(38,942,282)	(38,027,637)
•	•				•		
Net current assets	•				· · · · · · ·	47,865,620	34,413,517
•							
Tatal assats lass summer	4 li-l-::::4:					: 57 042 206	. 44 264 292
Total assets less curren	it liabilities	· / .				57,813,386	44,361,283
Net assets	· .	•		•		57,813,386	44,361,283
	•	•					*
Equity					•	•	•
Called up share capital					15	8,379,014	8,379,014
Share premium account					16	24,012,900	24,012,900
Retained earnings	•		•	•		25,421,472	11,969,369
Total equity	•		•			57,813,386	44,361,283

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 June 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr John Whiteley

Director

Company Registration No. 03358043

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	• .	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2015	•	8,379,014	24,012,900	11,356,570	43,748,484
Year ended 31 December 2015: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends	11	· -		6,142,638 (5,529,839)	6,142,638 (5,529,839)
Balance at 31 December 2015		8,379,014	24,012,900	11,969,369	44,361,283
Year ended 31 December 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,452,103	13,452,103
Balance at 31 December 2016		8,379,014	24,012,900	25,421,472	57,813,386

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Citadel Holdings Plc is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Great Britain under the Companies Act 2006, and is registered in England. The registered office is 86 Bondway, London, SW8 1SF.

1.1 Accounting convention

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under Financial Reporting Standard 100 (FRS 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions in relation to share based payments, financial instruments, capital management, presentation of a cash flow statement, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, standards not yet effective, impairment of assets, business combinations and related party transactions.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of CLS Holdings plc. The group accounts of CLS Holdings plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 20.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the Company as an individual entity and not about its Group.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future at 31 December 2016. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Revenue

Revenue comprises income earned from funds provided to subsidiaries together with fees charged to recover costs for services provided to subsidiaries and interest receivable on loans to group companies. Revenue is recognised when the underlying service (or measurable part thereof) has been provided.

1.4 Investments in associates and subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are held at cost less provisions for any permanent diminution in value.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, other than those classified as fair value through profit and loss, which are measured at fair value.

Loans and receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. An impairment provision is created where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect the receivable in full.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

1.7 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities. Trade and other payables are stated at cost, which equates to fair value.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Company's obligations are discharged or cancelled, or when they expire.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, and is calculated using rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in arriving at profit after tax, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be used. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are only offset if there is a legally enforceable right of set-off and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at that date, and differences arising on translation are recognised in profit before tax.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors have considered the judgements that have been made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, and which of those judgements have the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

In the Directors' opinion for the year ended 31 December 2016 there are no accounting judgements that are material to the financial statements.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether the Company's investments in subsidiaries have been impaired requires estimations of the investments' values in use. Value in use calculations require the entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the investments and suitable discount rates in order to calculate present values. The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries at the balance sheet date was £9,947,766 (2015: £9,947,766) with no impairment loss recognised in either year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

3	Revenue	· '.	
	An analysis of the Company's revenue is as follows:	2016 £	2015 £
•	Interest receivable on loans to group - United Kingdom Fees - France (including Luxembourg)	1,801,480 740,346	1,611,250 579,019
		2,541,826	2,190,269
4	Operating profit for the year	2016 £	. 2015 £
	This is stated after charging Staff costs - United Kingdom	28,132	79,695
5	Auditor's remuneration	2016	2015
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services Audit of the Company's financial statements	4,000	4,000

No fees were payable to Deloitte LLP and its associates for non-audit services to the Company during the current or preceding year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the Company during the year was:

		2016 Number	2015 Number
Administration		. 1	1
		= 	
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		•	
	•	2016	2015
		£	£
Wages and salaries		23,296	65,984
Social security costs	•	3,013	7,786
Pension costs		1,823	5,925
		28,132	79,695
	• 1		====

No fees or other emoluments were paid to the Directors of the Company during either the current or preceding year in respect of their service to the Company. The Directors are paid by another entity within the ultimate parent company's group.

7	Dividends received	·.	··	2016	2015
					. .
•	Dividends received from shares in group	undertakings		12,765,852	5,529,839
					
8	Investment income				
				2016 £	2015 £
	Interest income Interest on bank deposits			537	137
	Other income from investments Exchange differences			71,006	(11,732)
٠	Exolarige differences	••••			
	Total income			71,543	(11,595)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

9	Interest payable and similar expenses				
•	interest payable and similar expenses			2016	2015
•				£	£
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at a	mortised cost	:	005.000	750 470
	Interest payable to group undertakings			865,639	756,478
,		•	•		
10,	Income tax expense		•		
				2016	2015
	Command days		÷	£	£
	Current tax Current year taxation			171,563	155,601
	Current year taxation	e.			
	The tax charge/(credit) for the year can be reco	nciled to the pro	ofit on ordinary a	ictivities as follo	ws:
			•	2016	2015
		-		£	£
	Profit before taxation			13,623,666	6,298,239
			•		
	Expected tax charge/(credit) based on a corpora	ation tax rate of	2016:		
	20.00% (2015: 20.25%)		•	2,724,733	1,275,393
	Non-taxable dividends received			(2,553,170)	(1,119,792)
	Tax charge for the year	•		171,563	155,601
	Tax orange for the year	•		======	-===
			·	• .	
	The rate of corporation tax for the financial ye This fell to 19.00% on 1 April 2017 and w substantively enacted at the balance sheet dat ended 31 December 2016 was 20.00% (2015 17.00% (2015: 18.00%), being the rate expecte asset is realised.	ill reduce to 1 e. The weighte : 20.25%). Def	17.00% on 1 A ed average corp erred tax has b	pril 2020 unde oration tax rate een calculated	r legislation for the year at a rate of
11	Dividends	2016	2015	2016	2015
		£ per share	£ per share	£	£
	Amounts recognised as distributions to equity holders:				
•		•			
	Ordinary shares		•		
	Final dividend paid	-	0.17	-	5,529,839
	\				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12	Investments		•	
		•	2016	2015
			£	£
	Investments in subsidiaries		9,947,766	9,947,766

The Company has not designated any financial assets that are not classified as held for trading as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

At 31 December 2016 all investments were reviewed for impairment and no provision was required.

Movements in fixed asset investments

				•		Shares £
	Cost At 31 December 2015 & 2016		•			9,947,766
13	Trade and other receivables				Q	
•					Curre 2016 £	2015 £
	VAT recoverable Amounts due from fellow group undertakings				135,363 86,369,439	52,074 72,167,895
		•			86,504,802	72,219,969 ======

Trade debtors disclosed above are classified as loans and receivables and are therefore measured at amortised cost.

Included in amounts due from fellow group undertakings is a balance of £83,550,756 (2015: £71,600,241). This is a short term loan with interest charged at the Royal Bank of Scotland plc base rate plus a margin of 1.80% (2015: 1.80%).

14 Trade and other payables

	Current			
			2016	2015
	•	•	£	. £
Amounts due to fellow group undertakings Other creditors			38,770,719	37,871,489 547
			·	
			38,770,719	37,872;036
	•			=====

Payables include a balance for £33,616,507 (2015: £33,616,507) due to a fellow group undertaking. This is a short term loan with interest charged at the Royal Bank of Scotland plc base rate plus a margin of 1.75% (2015: 1.75%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15	Share capital	•	 2016	2015
	Ordinary share capital Authorised, issued and fully paid 33,516,056 ordinary shares of 25p each	:h	8,379,014	8,379,014
•				
16	Share premium account			£
	At 31 December 2015 & at 31 December	er 2016		24,012,900

17 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined contribution schemes

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund.

The total costs charged to income in respect of defined contribution plans is £1,823 (2015: £5,925).

18 Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2016 the Company had guaranteed certain group companies' liabilities, primarily in relation to group borrowings, interest and amortisation payments under banking facilities. Since the possibility of payment by the Company under any of these guarantees is considered remote, no provisions in relation to these have been made in the Company's financial statements and no reportable contingent liability exists.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

19 Subsidiaries

These financial statements are separate company financial statements for Citadel Holdings Plc.

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2016 are listed below. All are 100% owned:

Luxembourg

(Registered Office 55 Avenue de la Gare, Luxembourg, L-1611 Luxembourg)

Hermalux Sàrl

<u>UK</u>

(Registered Office 86 Bondway, London SW8 1SF)

Brent House Limited

Netherlands

(Registered Office Burgemeester van Reenensingel 101, 2803 Da Gouda, Netherlands)

120 Jean Jaures BV CLS Management BV Mission Marchand BV Petits Hotels BV Sigma BV Capitaine Guynemer BV Forum d'Aubigny BV Parc Avenue du Park BV Rhone Alpes BV

Stockport Investments BV

Chorus BV Immobilière 8 BV Petits Champs BV Runton Holdings BV

France

(Registered Office 120 Jean Jures, 92300, Levallious, Paris, France)

120 Jean Jaures Holding Sàrl
BV France Sàrl
Citadel Sevices Sàrl
EPP Levallois Sàrl
Forum France SCI
Immobilière V SA
Immobilière 10 Sàrl
Le D'Aubigny SCI
Leclerc SCI
Parc SCI
Rhone Alpes Sàrl
SCI Frères Peugeot
Solferino SCI

120 Jean Jaures Sàrl
Capitaine Guynemer Sàrl
Debussy SCI
Euralille 2 Sàrl
Georges Clemençeau Sàrl
Immobilière 6 Sàrl
Immobilière 12 Sàrl
Le Quatuor SCI
Mission Marchand Sàrl
Petits Champs Sàrl
Rue Stephenson Sàrl
SCI Pierre Valette

Avenue du Park SCI Chorus Sàrl De Musset Sàrl Foch SCI HE France Sàrl Immobilière 13 Sàrl Le Sigma Sàrl Panten Sàrl Petits Hotels Sàrl Scala Sàrl Sego Sàrl

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

20 Controlling party

The Directors consider that the immediate parent undertaking is CLS One Limited with registered address of 86 Bondway, London, SW8 1SF and the smallest group into which the Company is consolidated for the year ended 31 December 2016. The financial statements of CLS One Limited are not publicly available. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is CLS Holdings plc, which is incorporated in Great Britain. The financial statements of the Company are consolidated into the CLS Holdings plc group accounts for the year ended 31 December 2016, being the largest and only group into which the Company is consolidated. Copies of the group financial statements are publicly available and may be obtained from The Secretary, CLS Holdings plc, 86 Bondway, London, SW8 1SF.