

**BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR NUTRITION AND LIFESTYLE MEDICINE**

**LIMITED BY GUARANTEE**

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

Company Registration No. 03333951 (England and Wales)

**BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR NUTRITION AND LIFESTYLE MEDICINE  
LIMITED BY GUARANTEE  
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**BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR NUTRITION AND LIFESTYLE MEDICINE  
LIMITED BY GUARANTEE  
BALANCE SHEET**

**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Intangible assets	3		32,168		25,661
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	16,314		24,751	
Cash at bank and in hand		115,041		110,560	
		<u>131,355</u>		<u>135,311</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	<u>(10,227)</u>		<u>(28,638)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			121,128		106,673
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>153,296</u>		<u>132,334</u>
<b>Reserves</b>					
Income and expenditure account			153,296		132,334
<b>Members' funds</b>			<u>153,296</u>		<u>132,334</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 May 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs S S Jackson  
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 03333951**

**BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR NUTRITION AND LIFESTYLE MEDICINE  
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**1 Accounting policies**

**Company information**

British Association for Nutrition and Lifestyle Medicine is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 5 North Street, Hailsham, East Sussex, BN27 1DQ.

**1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

**1.2 Going concern**

At the date of this report, there exists considerable uncertainty regarding the potential impact of the Coronavirus and the economic consequences, both within the U.K. and overseas, which may result from government policies to contain the spread. The duration and geographical extent of any possible lockdown or future government policies are unknown. Whilst we are unable to predict what the economic consequences may be and the impact on the company's future ability to continue trading, we have continued to use the going concern basis as appropriate in the preparation of these accounts.

**1.3 Income and expenditure**

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

**1.4 Research and development expenditure**

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

**1.5 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill**

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Patents & trademarks	10 years straight line
Development Costs (database)	5 years straight line

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**1 Accounting policies**

**(Continued)**

**1.6 Impairment of fixed assets**

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

**1.7 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

**1.8 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

***Basic financial assets***

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

***Classification of financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
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**1 Accounting policies**

**(Continued)**

***Basic financial liabilities***

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**1.9 Taxation**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

**1.10 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

**2 Employees**

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	<b>2020 Number</b>	<b>2019 Number</b>
Total	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>

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**3 Intangible fixed assets**

	Patents & trademarks	Development Costs (database)	Total
	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 January 2020	4,530	48,963	53,493
Additions - internally developed	-	9,974	9,974
Additions - separately acquired	9,749	-	9,749
	<u>14,279</u>	<u>58,937</u>	<u>73,216</u>
At 31 December 2020	14,279	58,937	73,216
<b>Amortisation and impairment</b>			
At 1 January 2020	906	26,926	27,832
Amortisation charged for the year	1,428	11,788	13,216
	<u>2,334</u>	<u>38,714</u>	<u>41,048</u>
At 31 December 2020	2,334	38,714	41,048
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 31 December 2020	11,945	20,223	32,168
	<u>11,945</u>	<u>20,223</u>	<u>32,168</u>
At 31 December 2019	3,624	22,037	25,661
	<u>3,624</u>	<u>22,037</u>	<u>25,661</u>

**4 Debtors**

	2020	2019
	£	£
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors due	1,520	1,250
Corporation tax recoverable	-	1,100
Other debtors	14,794	22,401
	<u>16,314</u>	<u>24,751</u>
	<u>16,314</u>	<u>24,751</u>

**5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	750
Taxation and social security	2,076	2,150
Service charges paid in arrears	4,355	2,795
Other creditors	3,796	22,943
	<u>10,227</u>	<u>28,638</u>
	<u>10,227</u>	<u>28,638</u>

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**6     Members' liability**

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.



This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.