Harvey Nash Group plc

Annual Report 2003

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Die Harvey Nash Gruppe ist eine Multi-Service-orientierte Personalberatung. Weltweit arbeiten 413 Mitarbeitern in 24 Niederlassungen in den USA, Europa und Asien. Die Harvey Nash Gruppe bietet ein einzigartiges Portfolio an Dienstleistungen, die sowohl den taktischen als auch den strategischen Anforderungen unserer Kunden bei der Personal-Beschaffung entsprechen. Mit dieser umfassenden Vorgehensweise wollen wir wahre Partnerschaften aufbauen, die es unseren Kunden ermöglichen, ihr wertvollstes Kapital, "ihre Mitarbeiter", anzuwerben, weiterzuentwickeln und zu binden.

Notre Groupe Harvey Nash est un cabinet de conseil en recrutement international avec plus de 413 salariés dans le monde et 24 implantations aux USA, en Europe et en Asie Pacifique. Notre Groupe bénéficie d'un savoir faire lui permettant de couvrir l'ensemble des besoins stratégiques et opérationnels de nos clients dans ce domaine. Grâce à notre approche globale, nous pouvons mettre en œuvre de solides partenariats avec nos clients constitués de grandes entreprises internationales, afin de contribuer efficacement aux recrutements et au développement des ressources humaines, constituant aujourd'hui leur plus grand capital.

De Harvey Nash groep is een internationaal opererende multi-service recruitment organisatie die met 413 medewerkers in 24 kantoren is vertegenwoordigd in Europa, de US, Azië en Australië. De groep heeft een unieke service portfolio, ontworpen om te voorzien in zowel tactische als strategische behoeften van onze klanten. Door deze wijde aanpak bouwen wij aan een echte partnerrelatie om organisaties te ondersteunen bij het aantrekken, ontwikkelen en behouden van hun meest waardevolle bezitting "hun medewerkers".

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Harvey Nash Group is a global multi-service recruitment organisation with 413 staff worldwide and 24 offices covering the USA, Europe and Asia Pacific. The Group has a unique portfolio of services, which are designed to solve both the tactical and strategic resourcing needs of our clients.

Through this broad approach we are seeking to establish true partnerships to help organisations attract, develop and retain their most valuable asset "their people".

## **Highlights**

- Adjusted profit before tax for the year ahead of expectations £0.1m (2002: £0.8m)
- Adjusted profit before tax of £0.5m achieved in H2 2003 (H1: Loss £0.4m)
- Gross margin maintained at 21%
- Net debt reduced by 74% to £5.6m (2002: £21.5m)
- Cash generated of £5.7m from trading activities in 2003 (2002: £12.8m)
- Restructuring savings realised of £16.5m per annum
- US subsidiary returns to profit in the second half of the year

	31 Jan 2003	31 Jan 2002
Turnover	£156.7m	£235.7m
Adjusted operating profit	£1.2m	£2.8m
Unadjusted operating loss	£6.4m	£8.3m
Cash flow from operating activities	£5.7m	£12.8m

Adjusted means, adjusted for goodwill of £2.0m (2002: £1.4m) and exceptional items of £5.6m (2002: £9.7m) and this meaning shall apply throughout pages 1 to 10.

## Harvey Nash - Group at a glance

Clients are increasingly demanding access to a wider range of services from their professional recruitment partners. Our portfolio of services is recognised as one of the most developed both in terms of the breadth and balance of services we can offer our global clients.

### **Consulting Services**

#### International Executive Search and Selection

Harvey Nash is one of Europe's leading Executive Search and Selection firms providing senior level executives and H.R. Corporate Intelligence services to a broad range of sectors including Technology, Media, Telecommunications, FMCG retail, Healthcare and Financial Services.

#### **Human Resources Consulting**

We provide a broad range of H.R. consulting services, from traditional benefits consulting through to leadership coaching and development, to support our clients in the attraction, retention and development of key personnel.

## us to target qualified candidates with a detailed knowledge of their aspirations and skills.

**On-line Services** 

Interim Management
Through Impact Executives, our market leading interim management business, we provide senior executives and highly skilled interim managers to a broad range of global clients to resolve their short term resourcing issues.

Firstpersonglobal.com, an award winning on-line

career portal dedicated to senior executives in

technology. Harvey Nash has created a unique

community of senior executive talent enabling

#### **Turnover by** Geographical area 2003

**Turnover by** Geographical area 2002

54% United Kingdom

40% Rest of Europe

6% US & Asia Pacific

59% United Kingdom

35% Rest of Europe

6% US & Asia Pacific

### **Resourcing Services**

#### **IT Contract Services**

IT Contract services provides IT resourcing solutions to augment in-house resources or specialist skills either through the provision of senior level freelance or retained IT professionals.

#### **IT Recruitment Services**

This service is the provision of senior IT professionals which is offered on a permanent basis from IT Directors, CIOs to Project Managers and high level technical specialists to our global clients in the UK, Continental Europe the US and Asia Pacific.

#### **Project Management Services**

We are able to offer our clients a comprehensive portfolio of end-to-end services, including outsourced field services, specialised training, consultative services and workforce augmentation.

#### Offshore Software Development Services

From our base in Asia we provide offshore development and IT infrastructure migration services to our global clients on a project basis. We are now working for clients in the Telecommunications, Financial Services and Healthcare sectors.

Turnover by Market sector 2003 Turnover by Market sector 2002

90% Resourcing Services
10% Consulting Services

87% Resourcing Services
13% Consulting Services

## **Chairman's Statement** Ian Kirkpatrick

"Through everyone's hard work and positive attitude we have been able to increase our market share in many of the countries in which we operate."

#### Review of the Year

I am delighted that the Group has reported an adjusted operating profit for the year. In particular, adjusted profit before tax of £0.5m was achieved in the second half of the year (2002: £0.0m). For the first six months of the year the Group reported an operating loss of £0.4m before goodwill amortisation and before an exceptional restructuring charge of £5.2m, mainly relating to the reorganisation of the Group's property and reduction in headcount. As markets deteriorated and business confidence fell further, these actions put the Group in a strong position to respond to the competitive pressures by aggressively marketing its unique portfolio of services, strong brand and its global delivery capability.

The strategic review in 2001 focused on four key areas: market positioning, operations and management, fixed overheads and restructuring the Group's debt. I am pleased to report that considerable progress has been made to date on all four fronts.

Our market positioning and brand in the IT sector has been significantly enhanced with the successful introduction and development of our Software Development business; "Harvey Nash IT" is now Europe's leading provider of IT Resourcing services. This represents a step forward strategically as the Group differentiates its services and provides real added value to its clients.

The restructuring of the Group's operations and management resulted in a reduction in offices since 31 January 2002, from 32 to 24 and a fall in headcount from 750 to 413 at the year end. Substantial reductions in property liabilities were achieved. In total, savings £16.5m per annum have been realised in the year.

The Group has continued to generate positive cash flow during the year. Net borrowings have fallen by over 74% to £5.6m at 31 January 2002 (2002: £21.5m) as a result of the Placing and Open Offer in March 2002, lower investment in working capital and lower levels of trading.

Management actions have been, and will continue to be, guided by the principle of proactively maintaining the Group's operating cost base in line with its revenues and continued focus on positive cash flow.

The Group is underpinning its improved performance with investment in its services, brand and people. This will be achieved through further development of our IT initiatives (CMS and Assignment Tracker), brand enhancing "thought leadership" programmes and the training and development of the Group's staff and management.

#### Overview

For the year ended 31 January 2003 turnover was £156.7m (2002: £235.7m). Adjusted operating profits were £1.2m (2002: £2.8m) before interest paid of £1.1m (2002: £2.1m), an exceptional charge of £5.6m (2002: £10.7m) and goodwill amortisation of £2.0m (2002: £1.4m) resulting in an overall loss before tax of £7.5m (2002: £11.4m).

The adjusted loss per share of 0.92p compares with earnings per share of 1.75p last year and the Board is not recommending the payment of a dividend (2002: £nil).

During the year 22,632,181 new ordinary shares were issued in relation to the Placing and Open Offer and 3,212,003 new ordinary shares were issued in satisfaction of the final consideration relating to the acquisitions of Broadbay Networks Inc and European Experts NV. There are no further deferred consideration liabilities outstanding at the year end.

Staff and Management

I would like to thank all employees for their contribution to the Group's achievements this year. As a result of the hard work and perseverance in both front and back office the financial performance of the Group was ahead of expectations. In spite of the difficult trading environment, profits increased in many of the Group's subsidiaries in the second half mainly as a result of actions taken by local management teams.

In addition, the Board has been strengthened by the appointment of Ian Basser in November 2002 as Operational Director with responsibility for the UK and Asia. Ian has brought with him substantial international recruitment experience having previously worked extensively in Asia and North America.

**Current Trading and Prospects** 

Currently we see no improvement in the markets in which we operate and in line with our peers, we have seen further deterioration over the last twelve months in the UK and particularly in Europe. Although the US economy remains fragile we have stabilised our revenues in the second half of last year. Since the start of the current financial year demand in the UK and Europe has weakend and visibility across all these markets is limited. Markets in Asia Pacific have also weakened and therefore break-even in our Hong Kong and Sydney offices is likely to be delayed.

Looking forward we will manage the cost base of the Group in line with revenues, and will continue to prudently invest in the Harvey Nash brand and unique portfolio of services to ensure that we increase market share and have a sound platform for future growth as market conditions improve.

Ian Kirkpatrick Chairman

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## **Chief Executive's Operational Review**David Higgins

**Resourcing Services** 

Despite difficult market conditions, Resourcing Services once again demonstrated its quality and relative resilience with turnover of £141.7m (2002: £205.7m) and adjusted operating profits of £4.2m (2002: £5.7m).

Through an aggressive cost reduction programme in the UK and the US this division improved its adjusted profits from £1.6m in the first half to £2.6m in the second half of the year, an excellent result in the current trading environment.

UK

In the UK the business was restructured to align more dosely all of the different services under one brand and management team. This enabled "Harvey Nash IT" to leverage its unique portfolio of services and increase its market share. Weaker demand for contractors, together with margin pressure and rate deflation contributed to a decline in turnover from £113.9m to £72.9m during the year. The inclusion of Resource management revenues of £15.7m in the prior year's turnover has exacerbated the decline. This service has now been discontinued. However, the impact on profits has been reduced due to management actions to realign the cost base, which resulted in the business reporting an adjusted profit for the year of £1.1m (2002: £1.8m). The benefits of the cost savings flowed through in the second half of the year with adjusted profits of £0.8m being achieved compared to £0.3m for the first six months.

Through leveraging our added value IT initiatives such as our Contractor Management System we have been able to win new clients and increase our permanent revenues by 25%.

Europe

Our European Resourcing business experienced a 22% decline in turnover from £78.2m to £60.8m during the year. This division produced the best result in the Group, adjusted profit of £3.4m (2002: £5.9m). Weaker than expected demand affected all offices in Europe particularly in Zurich and Frankfurt where the dient base is concentrated in the Financial Services sector. Although the number of Harvey Nash Consultants working on client sites did not decline to the same extent in our Benelux businesses, the financial results in Holland and Belgium were negatively impacted by the number of employed consultants on the "bench" throughout the year. Actions have been taken to limit the potential risk in the year ahead.

"Our continued investment in the Harvey Nash brand and portfolio of services will ensure that the business is well placed to increase its market share and has a sound platform for growth in the future." Our strategy in Europe is to develop the UK model of Group services, value added IT initiatives and marketing to help gain market share in each of the countries. Also, we are actively focusing on developing the Group's major accounts on a pan-European basis. Our software development service was created to augment the Group's portfolio, enabling Harvey Nash to act as a strategic partner to solve clients' resourcing and software development issues.

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Following the downtum in the US economy particularly in the TMT sector, and our restructuring, turnover declined from £13.2m for the year ended 31 January 2002 to £7.9m in the year under review. Management actions to reduce the fixed overhead to more appropriate levels resulted in the turnaround of our US subsidiary from a loss of £2.0m in the year ended 31 January 2002 to a small adjusted operating profit in the second half of the year ended 31 January 2003. This business has successfully diversified into financial recruitment taking advantage of the increased demand for financial professionals following changes in the regulatory environment. Our strategy going forward is to invest in key strategic hires in order to position the business to take advantage of any market recovery.

**Consulting Services** 

Consulting Services has been affected by low levels of business confidence, particularly in Germany where the Executive Search market has been severely affected by the economic and political uncertainty. This division has undergone extensive restructuring throughout the year in terms of headcount reduction and the integration of offices into our Resourcing business.

Turnover declined by 50% to £15.0m (2002: £30.0m) and adjusted operating losses remained at the same level as last year at £3.0m (2002: loss £3.0m). The Group's strategy is to leverage the Group's services and brand by maintaining critical mass in the UK and a presence in each country in Europe, to enable us to deliver a pan-European service to our international clients. In the UK our market leading Executive Search and Selection business has diversified its exposure to the TMT sector by developing Healthcare, Finance and Public Sector clients. Although the loss was reduced in Europe as a result of management actions, the loss in Asia was slightly higher than expected at £0.6m for the year (2002: loss £0.5m).

## **Chief Executive's Operational Review** continued

#### UK

Revenues in the UK were down 53% year on year to £11.4m (2002: £24.0m) and adjusted losses increased to £1.5m (2002: £1.0m). Revenues have stabilised in the final quarter of the year despite business confidence declining further. We have continued to broaden our sector focus and in particular have been successful in developing the Public Sector. In the year, 57% of the Division's revenues derived from non-TMT sectors (2002: 50%).

#### Europe

The Group is represented in France, Belgium, Holland and Germany. Adjusted losses have been reduced from £1.5m in 2002 to £1.0m in the year under review. As a result of poor economic conditions we have downsized all the businesses and integrated them into our Resourcing offices. Our strategy going forward is to broaden the sector focus and invest when markets improve.

#### Asia Pacific

Our start-up offices in Sydney and Hong Kong have increased revenues to £0.8m for the year (2002: £0.5m) in spite of tough market conditions. The loss for the year is £0.6m (2002: loss £0.5m), mainly due to investing to attain critical mass in very difficult markets. In the current year these offices are unlikely to break-even this year and their performance will be closely monitored.

David Riggins
Chief Executive

## Financial Review Albert Ellis

#### Profit and Loss Account

In a difficult trading environment turnover from continuing operations was £156.7m for the year ended 31 January 2003 (2002: £235.7m). This represents a fall of 33.5% of which 6.7% relates to the closure of our Resource Management division in the previous year.

The gross margins were broadly maintained at 21.3% (2002: 21.9%) despite downward pressure on pricing. The proportion of tumover relating to the Resourcing Division was 90.4% (2002: 87.3%). Turnover from the Consulting Division fell 50% to £15.0m (2002: £30.0m), reflecting falling demand for this service throughout the year under review.

The cost base of the Group for the year was £32.2m (2002: £48.7m) excluding exceptional charges and goodwill amortisation. The Group's cost base in the second half of the year was £14.2m compared to £18.0m in the first half, showing the benefits of the restructuring. Cost savings of £16.5m in total were realised during the year.

£2.0m (2002: £1.4m) of goodwill was amortised during the year. The comparative charge for the previous year was affected by a one-off credit of £0.3m.

Group operating profits for the year were £1.2m (2002: £2.8m) from which interest payable of £1.1m (2002: £2.1m), goodwill amortisation of £2.0m (2002: £1.4m) and exceptional items of £5.6m (2002: £10.7m) have been deducted, resulting in a loss before taxation of £7.5m (2002: loss £11.3m).

**Exceptional Items** 

The Group incurred exceptional costs of £5.6m (2002: £10.7m) mainly in relation to restructuring the Group's property portfolio and costs associated with the headcount reduction. In Europe, the Executive Search business was further restructured in the second half at an additional cost of £0.3m.

#### Interest

Net interest payable in the year reduced from £2.1m to £1.1m due to the reduction of debt and the benefit from lower underlying interest rates.

"We have managed to broadly maintain our gross margins at 21% during a period when pricing and margins were under pressure."

## Financial Review continued

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#### Taxation

There is a nil tax charge in the year (2002: £0.4m). A deferred tax asset of £0.9m has been recognised (2002: £0.9m) which represents unrelieved tax losses of £0.6m in Europe and short term timing differences of £0.3m.

#### Balance Sheet and Cash Flow

Fixed assets have reduced from £5.2m last year to £2.2m this year as a result of the write-down in relation to property restructuring and lower levels of capital expenditure of £0.7m (2002: £2.1m).

Tight control of working capital ensured a positive cash flow from trading activities of £5.7m (2002: £12.8m). Debtors have reduced to £22.2m (2002: £30.0m) as a result of a 5% reduction year on year in average days sales in debtors and lower trading. Creditor days have increased to 45 days (2002: 38 days).

Net debt reduced significantly from £21.5m last year to £5.6m this year. The improvement in the Group's financial position was achieved through a combination of active cash management and the application of the net proceeds from the Placing and Open Offer.

The provision for liabilities and charges of £1.5m (2002: £nil) relates to an estimate of the Group's future property lease obligations, mainly in the UK.

Taxation of £1.0m, mainly in relation to the year ended 31 January 2001, was paid during the year.

The overall cash inflow during the year was £4.6m compared to an outflow of £1.2m in the prior year.

Albert Ellis

Group Finance Director

## **Directors, Secretary and Advisors**

#### Directors

Ian Kirkpatrick, BSc, MBA David Charles Higgins, BSc Albert George Hector Ellis, BACC, CA (SA) lan Basser Gus Peter Moore Thomas Francis Alexander Crawford David Hedley Treacher, BSc

#### Secretary

Albert George Hector Ellis, BACC, CA (SA)

## **Registered Office**

13 Bruton Street London W1J 6QA

#### **Registered Number**

00320790

#### Stockbrokers

Cazenove & Co 12 Tokenhouse Yard London EC2R 7AN

#### **Solicitors**

Travers Smith Braithwaite 10 Snow Hill London EC1A 2AL

#### Registrars

Lloyds Bank Registrars The Causeway Worthing West Sussex BN99 6DA

#### **Financial Advisors**

Close Brothers Corporate Finance 10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT

#### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants No 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6NN

#### **Principal Bankers**

National Westminster Bank PO Box 4RY 250 Regent Street London W1A 4RY

### **Board of Directors**

#### Ian Kirkpatrick Non-Executive Chairman

Ian Kirkpatrick, aged 58, is non-executive Chairman. Following a career in consultancy, stockbroking and commerce, he joined Bank of Scotland and became a director in the banking division of British Linen Bank Limited, its subsidiary. He is currently non-executive director of Baronsmead VCT plc and a number of other companies. He was appointed Chairman of Harvey Nash in January 1997.

#### David Higgins Chief Executive

David Higgins, aged 44, is Chief Executive, appointed in February 2000 and founder of the business. He was previously Joint Managing Director with responsibility for the Executive Search & Selection Division.

#### Albert Ellis Group Finance Director

Albert Ellis, aged 39, is Group Finance Director, appointed in February 2000. He joined the Group in July 1998 as UK Finance Director. He was previously a divisional Finance Director with Hays Plc.

#### lan Basser Operational Director

lan Basser, aged 40, joined the company in March 2001. Previously spent 12 years with a major international recruitment group establishing businesses in Australia, Asia and the USA.

#### Tom Crawford Non-Executive Deputy Chairman

Tom Crawford, aged 52, is non-executive Deputy Chairman and founder of the business. He was previously Joint Managing Director with responsibility for Group Operations and the IT File Search Division.

#### **David Treacher Non-Executive Director**

David Treacher, aged 40, is a non-executive Director and founder of the business. He was previously Joint Managing Director with responsibility for the IT Contract Services Division.

#### Gus Moore Non-Executive Director

Gus Moore, aged 65, is a non-executive Director. He was appointed in April 1999. He was previously on the Board of Hong Kong Telecom and Managing Director of Hong Kong Telecom CSL. He is currently non-executive director of a number of companies.

## **Directors' Report**

for the year ended 31 January 2003

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Group and Company for the year ended 31 January 2003.

#### **Principal Activities**

The Group's principal activity during the year was the provision of recruitment services, in particular providing information technology professionals for permanent and contract positions worldwide.

A review of the business and future developments is set out in the Chairman's Statement, Chief Executive's Statement, Operating Review and Financial Review.

#### Results and Dividends

The Group's loss before tax for the year was £7.5m (2002: £11.3m). No dividends have been declared in the year.

#### **Share Capital**

On 19 March 2002 the Company issued 22,632,181 new ordinary shares, with a value of £14.2m in relation to the purchase and open offer agreement.

On 17 May 2002 the Company issued 974,881 new ordinary shares, with a value of €0.9m (£0.6m) in relation to settlement of the final deferred consideration relating to the purchase of Broadbay Networks Inc.

On 11 November 2002 the Company issued 2,237,122 new ordinary shares, with a value of €0.9m (£0.6m) in relation to settlement of the final deferred consideration relating to the purchase of European Experts NV.

The share issues increased the number of shares in issue to 56,023,176 ordinary shares with a nominal value of £2,801,159.

#### Directors and their Interests

The Directors who held office during the year and at the date of this report are shown on page 12. Ian Basser was appointed to the Board on 14 November 2002. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Ian Kirkpatrick, Albert Ellis and Ian Basser retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. All Executive Directors have service contracts with the Company terminable by either party giving to the other not less than 12 months' notice.

The beneficial interests, in both shares and share options, of the Directors and their families are disclosed in greater detail in the Remuneration Report.

## **Directors' Report** continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### **Disabled Persons**

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Group continues and the appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not suffer from a disability.

#### **Employee Involvement**

Consultation with employees is of considerable importance to the Group. The views of employees are taken into account when decisions are made which are likely to affect their interests and all employees are aware of the financial and economic performance of their business units and of the Group as a whole. Communication with all employees is made through conferences, announcements, intranet, briefing groups and the distribution of the annual report.

#### **Equal Opportunities**

The Group is committed to the principle of Equal Opportunities both as an employer and as a recruitment services provider. All decisions relating to employment practices are objective, free from bias and based upon work criteria and individual merit.

#### Creditor Payment Policy

The Group's creditors are paid in accordance with terms agreed with them prior to the supply of goods or services. The Group pays all contractors providing IT services within 22 days (2002: 14 days) of receipt of their invoice. Other trade creditor days of the Group for the year ended 31 January 2003, were 45 days (2002: 38 days), based on the ratio of Group trade creditors at the year end to the amounts invoiced during the year by trade creditors. The Company has no trading activity.

#### **Substantial Shareholdings**

On 10 April 2003 the Company had been notified that, in addition to holdings in which the Directors are beneficially interested, there were holdings of 3% or more in the ordinary share capital of the Company as follows:

	No. of shares	% of total
Unicorn	15,643,618	28.01
Fidelity	4,614,290	8.24
M & G	2,871,361	5.13

#### Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Insurance has been taken out by the Company (as permitted by Section 310(3) of the Companies Act 1985) for its Directors and officers against liabilities in relation to the Company.

#### **Employee Share Schemes**

The Directors consider that the opportunity to own shares in the Group is a vital part of motivating and retaining employees. Details of the share schemes are included on pages 21 and 22.

## **Directors' Report** continued for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### **Pensions**

The Group operates three defined contribution pension schemes, the Harvey Nash plc Directors' Retirement and Death Benefits Scheme, the Group Personal Pension Plan and a stakeholder scheme.

#### **Political and Charitable Donations**

The Group made no political or charitable donations during the year.

**Re-appointment of Auditors** 

Following conversion of our auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, to a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) from 1 January 2003, PricewaterhouseCoopers resigned on 1 January 2003 and the Directors appointed its successor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, as auditors. A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

**Albert Ellis Company Secretary** 

10 April 2003

### Corporate Governance

for the year ended 31 January 2003

The Group fully supports the Principles of Good Governance and Code of Best Practice as set out in Section 1 of the Combined Code annexed to the Listing Rules of the London Stock Exchange.

#### Application of Principles of Good Governance

#### Directors

At 10 April 2003 the Board of Directors comprised three Executive and four Non-Executive Directors. The Board meets monthly, receives a defined supply of information and has adopted a schedule of matters specifically reserved to itself for decision. In relation to non-reserved matters it is assisted by a number of committees with delegated authority.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year with the Group's senior financial management and external auditors to review the interim and annual financial statements, the accounting policies of the Group, its internal financial control procedures and compliance with accounting standards. The members of the Committee are Ian Kirkpatrick (Chairman), Gus Moore and David Treacher, all of whom are Non-Executive Directors.

#### Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee meets at least twice a year. The members of the Committee are Ian Kirkpatrick (Chairman) and Gus Moore, both of whom are independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Remuneration Committee has responsibility for approving service contracts for all Executive Directors, granting options under share option schemes and setting appropriate performance criteria. It also determines remuneration, including salaries, bonuses and all other benefits for the Executive Directors.

The Remuneration Report is included on pages 18 to 22.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee meets on an ad-hoc basis to review candidates and make recommendations for Board member appointments. The members of the Committee are Ian Kirkpatrick (Chairman), Gus Moore and David Higgins.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

Details of Directors' remuneration and the procedures for developing policy on executive remuneration and for fixing the remuneration of the Board are contained in the Remuneration Report set out on pages 18 to 22.

#### Relations with Shareholders

The Company maintains regular dialogue with its institutional shareholders and City analysts by conducting formal presentations, being readily available for discussion and providing information as required. All shareholders are welcome to attend the AGM and private investors are given the opportunity to ask questions.

#### **Accountability and Audit**

The Board has made every effort to ensure that this report represents a balanced understandable assessment of the Company's position and prospects.

The means by which the Board maintains a sound system of internal financial control are set out below.

#### Internal Control

The Directors have overall responsibility for ensuring that the Group maintains a system of internal controls and for monitoring their effectiveness to provide them with reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial information used within the business and for publication and that assets are safeguarded. There are inherent limitations in any system of internal control and accordingly even the most effective system can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against misstatement or loss.

## **Corporate Governance** continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

The Board confirms that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group, that it has been in place for the year under review and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, that it is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the Turnbull guidance.

The Board identifies and appraises risks, and maintains control and direction over appropriate strategic, financial, and organisational structure matters with formally defined lines of responsibility and delegation of authority. There are established procedures for planning and capital expenditure, for information and reporting systems, and for monitoring the Group's businesses and their performance. The Board has delegated to executive management the implementation of the systems of internal financial control within an established framework that applies throughout the Group.

The Directors believe the following to be the key procedures established to provide internal financial control:

- · the operation of authorisation procedures
- · clearly delegated responsibilities
- · close involvement of senior management in day to day activities
- · setting of detailed annual budgets and reporting of monthly actual performance against them; and
- the operation of an Audit Committee, supported by an internal audit function.

The Directors have reviewed the systems of internal financial control in operation during the year.

#### **Compliance with Code Provisions**

The Company has complied throughout the year with Section 1 of the Code of Best Practice except as follows:

#### Code Provision A2.1

The Board does not consider it necessary to appoint a senior independent Non-Executive member of the Board in addition to the Company's existing independent Non-Executive Chairman.

#### Code Provision A3.2

The Company has four Non-Executive Directors, two of whom, David Treacher and Tom Crawford, are considered non-independent.

#### **Going Concern**

After having made appropriate enquiries including a review of the 2003/2004 Group budget, medium term plans and available banking facilities compared to funding requirements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Albert Ellis Company Secretary

10 April 2003

### **Remuneration Report**

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### Remuneration Policy

Executive remuneration packages are designed to attract, motivate and retain high calibre executives by rewarding them with competitive salary and benefit packages. These packages are reviewed each year to ensure that they are fair and competitive and reflect the responsibilities, experience and market value of each Director. The Remuneration Committee seeks to ensure that they are supportive of the Group's business objectives and the creation of shareholder value and takes advice from external sources in order to determine and develop its policies. The Group expects to review this policy on an on-going basis. A balanced view is taken rather than a targeted composition of Directors' remuneration split between non-performance related and performance related.

The remuneration package of each Director is determined by the Remuneration Committee, taking into account the performance of the individual and information from independent sources for similar jobs in comparable companies.

The Executive Director remuneration packages consist of:

- basic salary
- · performance-linked bonus
- pension contribution

- share options
- · company car or allowance
- · private healthcare insurance

The performance-linked bonus is payable depending on the level of Group profit targets for the year. If the maximum bonus became payable it would represent 50% of the Executive's basic salary.

Fees payable to the Non-Executive Directors are determined by the Board at the beginning of each financial year having given due consideration to market practice.

#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

It is the policy of the Group that no Director has a notice period in excess of 12 months.

The details of the services contracts of those who served as Directors during the year are:

	Contract date	Unexpired term	Notice period	Contractual termination payments
Executive				
David Higgins	01.02.01	Continuous	12 months	Unexpired notice period
Albert Ellis	01.02.01	Continuous	12 months	Unexpired notice period
lan Basser	10.04.02	Continuous	12 months	Unexpired notice period
Non-Executive				
lan Kirkpatrick	07.08.01	Continuous	6 months	Unexpired notice period
Tom Crawford	07.08.01	Continuous	6 months	Unexpired notice period
Gus Moore	07.08.01	Continuous	6 months	Unexpired notice period
David Treacher	07.08.01	Continuous	6 months	Unexpired notice period

There are no other Company liabilities associated with terminating a Director's contract other than those noted above.

#### Members of the Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remuneration Committee during the year were:

Ian Kirkpatrick

Gus Moore

Both members are independent Non-Executive Directors. Ian Kirkpatrick chairs the Committee.

During the year the following parties provided advice that materially assisted the Remuneration Committee: Mercers

**Ernst & Young LLP** 

The remuneration committee appointed both advisors. Mercers provided advice on share options schemes and Ernst & Young LLP provided advice on personal tax issues.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

Performance Graph

February 1998 = 100 Source: Datastream

Over the last five years Harvey Nash Group plc out performed the FT All Share index in the period between the third quarter of 1999 and second quarter of 2001. The total shareholder loss in the five-year period is 91.8% compared to the index loss of 35.8%.

In the opinion of the Directors the FT All Share index is the most appropriate index against which the total shareholder return of Harvey Nash Group plc should be measured considering the variation in market capitalisation of the Group over the period.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

	Salary & fees E	Benefits in kind £	Annual bonus £	31 Jan 2003 Total E	31 Jan 2002 Total £
Executive					
David Higgins	220,000	12,554	_	232,554	217,500
Albert Ellis	180,000	12,815	-	192,815	187,500
lan Basser	41,667	20,686	_	62,353	_
lan Furniss	_	_	_	_	225,044
Non-Executive					
lan Kirkpatrick	46,000	_	_	46,000	44,850
Tom Crawford	20,000	_	_	20,000	15,000
Gus Moore	20,000	_		20,000	19,500
David Treacher	20,000	_	_	20,000	15,000
	547,667	46,055		593,722	724,394

Benefits in kind include car allowance and medical insurance. For lan Basser the benefits in kind include relocation costs.

lan Basser was appointed to the Board on 14 November 2002 and the table above reflects his remuneration from this date.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### **Annual Bonus**

The Executive Directors receive performance payments based on specific Group profit targets for the year. No bonus was awarded for the year ended 31 January 2003.

#### Interests in Share Options

Details of options held by Directors are set out below:

	Date of grant	Earliest exercise date	Expiry date	Share price on grant date (p)	Exercise price (p)	No at 31 Jan 2002	Granted in year	Exercised in year	Lapsed in year	No at 31 Jan 2003
David Higgins										
•	12.7.02	12.7.05	12.07.12	54.0	55	_	250,000	_	_	250,000
Albert Ellis										•
	31.7.98	31.7.01	31.7.08	350	338	29,622	_	_	29,622	_
	27.7.00	27.7.03	27.7.10	740	710	80,309	_	_	80,309	_
	19.10.01	19.10.04	19.10.11	111	112	205,886	-	_	205,886	_
lan Basser										
	14.6.01	14.6.04	14.6.08	214	nil	25,735	_	_	-	25,735
	19.10.01	19.10.04	19.10.11	205	112	205,886	_	_	205,886	_
	25.10.02	25.10.05	25.10.12	34	24	-	300,000			300,000

No other Directors have been granted share options in the shares of the Group or other Group entities. The terms and conditions of the share options were varied during the year in accordance with the resolution presented at the AGM. The remaining options were granted as part of the Harvey Nash 2000 Executive Share Option Scheme. The performance criteria associated with this scheme are given below.

The options were granted at nil cost to the Directors. The exercise price of the options granted represents the average mid-market closing price of the five days prior to the grant. The market price of the Group shares at the end of the financial year was 29p. The range of market prices during the year was between 12p and 140p.

#### Interest in shares

The interest of the Directors in the shares of the Company were:

	31 Jan 2003 Ordinary shares	31 Jan 2002 Ordinary shares
David Higgins	9,032,378	4,793,157
Albert Ellis	· · ·	_
lan Basser	<del>-</del>	-
lan Kirkpatrick	5,250	3,000
Tom Crawford	4,619,684	4,095,875
Gus Moore	22,000	· · · -
David Treacher	5,379,992	4,776,818

Included in the above, pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act 1985, DH Treacher, DC Higgins and TFA Crawford, are deemed to be interested in their capacity as trustees, in the ordinary shares of the Company held by Harvey Nash plc Funded Unapproved Pension and Death Benefit Schemes and the Harvey Nash Directors' Retirement and Death Benefit Scheme. As at the date of this report and 31 January 2003, the interest was in a total of 1,448,025 ordinary shares. Included in the interests of David Higgins are 2,801,216 shares held in the David Higgins 2002 Discretionary Trust (see page 21).

for the year ended 31 January 2003

**David Higgins 2002 Discretionary Trust** 

During the Placing and Open offer David Higgins acquired 2,801,216 ordinary shares and placed them in the David Higgins 2002 Discretionary Trust.

On 16 December 2002, as a private arrangement, the David Higgins 2002 Discretionary Trust granted options to Albert Ellis and Ian Basser over 700,000 and 1,200,000 Harvey Nash Group plc shares respectively. Under the Trust deed these options can be exercised immediately. The Trust is independent of the Company Schemes and granting of options remains at the sole discretion of David Higgins and therefore the Trust is outside the scope and influence of the Remuneration and Audit Committees.

These options can be exercised at any time prior to 16 December 2012 for an aggregate exercise price of £1.00. Any income tax or national insurance contributions arising on the exercise of these options will be payable by the option holder. There is no performance criteria associated with the exercise of these options. Any unallocated shares as a result of lapsed options remain with the Trust.

#### **Directors' Pension Entitlement**

The Group made the following pension contributions during the year to money-purchase schemes nominated by the Executive Director:

	31 Jan 2003 £	31 Jan 2002 £
David Higgins	22,000	20,000
Albert Ellis	18,000	18,000
lan Basser	3,784	
	43,784	38,000

#### **Share Option Schemes**

At 31 January 2003, the following options to subscribe for ordinary shares have been granted to certain employees (including Directors) under the terms of the Share Option Schemes:

#### The Harvey Nash Group plc Share Options Scheme 1997

The Harvey Nash Group plc Share Options Scheme holds 198,717 ordinary shares. These shares were gifted to the trust by TFA Crawford, DC Higgins and DH Treacher to the Harvey Nash Group plc Employment Benefit Trust Limited and are shown at nil value in the Group financial statements as they were gifted for nil consideration. Since the scheme was established in 1997 it is an exempt scheme to which membership is conditional upon continued employment.

Number of ordinary shares subject to option	Date granted	Consideration	Exercisable from	Exercisable until	Exercisable price (p)
133,973	25.3.97	Nil	25.3.00*	25.3.04	Nil
25, <del>7</del> 35	7.12.00	Nil	1.4.04*	7.12.07	Nil
25,735	14.6.01	Nil	14.6.04*	14.6.08	Nil
185,443					

<sup>\*</sup>Exercise on or after such date limited to 25% of grant, with a further 25% exercisable on or after each six month period for the next 18 months.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

The Harvey Nash Group plc Performance Related Share Schemes

The Performance Related Schemes are administered by the Board under the supervision of the Remuneration Committee. The schemes are open to all full time employees except those who have had a material interest in the Group within the previous 12 months. The options granted under the Performance Related Scheme are not exercisable unless Harvey Nash's earnings per ordinary share has increased at an average rate of 10% per annum over any period of three consecutive years commencing on the date of grant of the options. The schemes' exercise price is determined by the Board but will not be less than the average share price for the five days immediately preceding the grant of options. The Harvey Nash Group plc Performance Related Share Plan is an Inland Revenue Approved Scheme, however, the Board is able to grant unapproved options under the scheme. For schemes from July 2000 the Group has obtained agreement from the employee that he or she will settle the employer's national insurance charge in respect of any gain arising on eventual exercise. All options are granted for nil consideration.

Date of grant	Exercisable from	Exercisable to	Exercise price	Options at 1 February 2002	Exercised	Lapsed	Options at 31 January 2003
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
8.4.97	8.4.00	8.4.07	£1.783	25,244	_	_	25,244
8.4.97	8.4.00	8.4.04	£1.700	5,610	_	_	5,610
19.5.98	19.5.01	19.5.08	£4.104	104,471	_	11,901	92,570
31.7.98	31.7.01	31.7.08	£3.376	29,622	_	29,622	_
28.5.99	28.5.02	28.5.09	£2.900	79,029	_	75,941	3,088
28.5.99	28.5.02	28.5.06	£2.900	52,378	_	47,231	5,147
3.11.99	3.11.02	3.11.09	£4.153	15,581	-	15,581	-
27.7.00	27.7.03	27.7.10	£7.096	760,407	_	751,342	9,065
8.8.00	8.8.03	8.8.10	£7.354	101,006	_	98,600	2,406
8.12.00	8.12.03	8.12.10	£7.796	68,836	_	68,836	_
19.10.01	19.10.04	19.10.11	£1.117	823,544	_	617,658	205,886
31.1.02	31.1.05	31.1.12	£1.064	51,471	-	51,471	_
1.3.02	1.3.05	1.3.12	£0.590	1,940,456	_	303,680	1,636,776
12.7.02	12.7.05	12.7.12	£0.546	250,000	_	_	250,000
25.10.02	25.10.05	25.10.12	£0.243	2,296,000	-	90,000	2,206,000

The Harvey Nash Group plc Sharesave Scheme

On 2 April 1997 options over 319,534 ordinary shares were granted to 78 employees under the Sharesave Scheme at a price of £1.40, 80% of the then market price. The plan has now matured.

On 10 June 1999 options over 142,202 ordinary shares were granted to 70 employees under a second Sharesave Scheme at a price of £2.55, 80% of the then market price. Options over 39,042 shares are still held under the three year plan and options over 18,528 shares are still held under the five year plan.

On 6 November 2000 options over 211,774 ordinary shares were granted to 250 employees under a third Sharesave Scheme at a price of £6.45, 80% of the then market price. Options over 1,731 shares are still held under the three year plan.

On 13 May 2002 options over 332,529 ordinary shares were granted to 124 employees under a fourth Sharesave Scheme at a price of 86p. Options over 244,172 shares are still held under the three year plan.

The Sharesave Scheme is an Inland Revenue Approved Scheme. Furthermore, there is no UITF17 charge to the Company on grant of shares as the scheme is specifically exempted under the abstract.

#### **Auditable Information**

The information in the Remuneration Report subject to audit is that included in the sections on Directors' remuneration, share options and pensions.

Sanda, part

On behalf of the Board

Ian Kirkpatrick Chairman

10 April 2003

### **Directors' Responsibilities in Relation** to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 January 2003

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are also responsible for the maintenance of the Group's website, however, information published on the internet is accessible in many different countries where legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from that applicable in the United Kingdom. The work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and accordingly the auditors do not accept responsibility for changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

## **Independent Auditors' Report to the** Members of Harvey Nash Group plc

for the year ended 31 January 2003

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Harvey Nash Group plc

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the Profit and Loss account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out in the statement of accounting policies. We have also audited the disclosures required by Part 3 of Schedule 7A to the Companies Act 1985 contained in the Directors' Remuneration Report ('the auditable part').

#### Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The Directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of Directors' responsibilities. The Directors are also responsible for preparing the Directors' Remuneration Report.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements and the auditable part of the Directors' Remuneration Report in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements and the auditable part of the Directors' Remuneration Report have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the annual report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the Financial Highlights, the Chairman's statement, the Chief Executive's Statement, the Operating Review, the Finance Director's Review, the Directors' Report, the unaudited part of the Directors' Remuneration Report and the Corporate Governance Statement.

We review whether the Corporate Governance Statement reflects the Company's compliance with the seven provisions of the Combined Code specified for our review by the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority, and we report if it does not. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statements on internal control cover all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's or Group's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

#### **Basis of Audit Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and the auditable part of the Directors' Remuneration Report. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed. We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements and the auditable part of the Directors' Remuneration Report are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## **Independent Auditors' Report to the** Members of Harvey Nash Group plc continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### Opinion

In our opinion:

• the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at 31 January 2003 and of the loss and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended.

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. those parts of the Directors' Remuneration Report required by Part 3 of Schedule 7A to the Companies Act 1985 have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LL

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

10 April 2003

# **Consolidated Profit and Loss Account** for the year ended 31 January 2003

		Results before amortisation of goodwill and exceptional items 2003	Amortisation of goodwill and exceptional items 2003	Results after amortisation of goodwill and exceptional items 2003	2002
	Notes	€,000	£,000	€,000	£'000
Turnover	2 & 3	156,692		156,692	235,720
Cost of sales		(123,348)	-	(123,348)	(184,211)
		33,344	_	33,344	51,509
Gross profit					
Administrative expenses excluding goodwill amortisation		(72 100)	(5,587)	(2777)	(50 413)
goodwill amortisation	13	(32,190)	(3,367)		(58,412) (1,386)
goodwiii urriorasaaori		(32,190)	(7,559)	<u> </u>	(59,798)
		(32,190)	(1,335)	(33,143)	(35,750)
Group operating profit/(loss)	3	1,154	(7,559)	(6,405)	(8,289)
Amounts written off investments		_	-	-	(1,026)
Interest receivable	6	61	-	61	70
Interest payable	6	(1,146)		(1,146)	(2,101)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		69	(7,559)	(7,490)	(11,346)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7				
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation Equity minority interest		69 -	(7,559) -	(7,490)	(11,346) (76)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Dividends		69 	(7,559) 	(7,490) -	(11,422)
Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year		69	(7,559)	(7,490)	(11,422)
Basic loss per share Adjusted earnings per share	9 9			(14.91)p (0.92)p	` '

## **Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets** as at 31 January 2003

	Notes	Group 31 January 2003 £'000	Group 31 January 2002 £'000	Company 31 January 2003 £'000	Company 31 January 2002 £'000
Fixed assets					
Intangible fixed assets	10	29,250	30,631	_	-
Tangible fixed assets	11	2,227	5,191	-	_
Investments	12	400	178	46,917	51,622
		31,877	36,000	46,917	51,622
Current assets					·
Debtors	14	22,222	30,035	5,767	5,385
Cash at bank		6,512	1,587	<u> </u>	23
		28,734	31,622	5,767	5,408
Creditors due within one year	15	(17,532)	(28,686)	(954)	(821)
Net current assets	<del>-</del>	11,202	2,936	4,813	4,587
Total assets less current liabilities		43,079	38,936	51,730	56,209
Creditors due after more than one year	16	(11,874)	(16,250)	(10,527)	(21,694)
Provision for liabilities and charges	17	(1,546)		(1,447)	
Net assets		29,659	22,686	39,756_	34,515
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	20	2.801	1,509	2.801	1,509
Shares to be issued	21	-	884		884
Share premium account	21	16,445	4,897	16,445	4,897
Capital contribution	21	-	· -	20,000	20,000
Other reserves	21	10,898	9,538	9,156	7,796
Profit and loss account	21	(485)	5,858	(8,646)	(571)
Equity shareholders' funds		29,659	22,686	39,756	34,515

The financial statements on pages 26 to 47 were approved by the Board on 10 April 2003 and signed on its behalf by:

Ian Kirkpatrick Chairman

Albert Ellis Group Finance Director

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement** for the year ended 31 January 2003

	Notes	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	22	5,721	12,782
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			70
Interest received		62 (1.105)	70
Interest paid Interest element of finance lease repayments		(1,106) (38)	(2,085) (16)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		(1,082)	(2,031)
Tax paid		(1,013)	(3,583)
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of own shares		(670) (221)	(2,090) <del>-</del>
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		(891)	(2,090)
Acquisitions and disposals		•	
Settlement of deferred consideration	12	(166)	(4,581)
Net overdraft acquired with subsidiary undertakings			(21)
Net cash outflow from acquisitions		(166)	(4,602)
Equity dividends paid		-	(1,283)
Financing			
Issue of share capital		1,132	_
Issue of share premium Payment of expenses on issue of equity shares		13,126 (1,580)	_
Repayment of loan notes		(1,500)	(1,999)
Repayment of acquired debt		_	(360)
Movement in borrowings		(10,447)	1,376
Proceeds from sale and finance leaseback		(210)	667
Capital element of finance lease repayments		(210)	(114)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing	••••	2,021	(430)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	23	4,590	(1,237)

## **Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses** for the year ended 31 January 2003

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Loss for the financial year Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments offset in reserves	(7,490) 1,147	(11,422) (205)
Total recognised losses for the year	(6,343)	(11,627)

## **Historical Cost Profits and Losses**

There is no difference between the result as disclosed in the profit and loss account and that on an unmodified historical cost basis.

## **Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds**

for the year ended 31 January 2003

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Loss for the financial year	(7,490)	(11,422)
Issue of share capital	1,292	31
Reduction in shares to be issued	(884)	(8,578)
Share premium	11,548	12
Other reserves	1,360	2,056
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments offset in reserves	1,147	(205)
Net increase/(decrease) in equity shareholders' funds	6,973	(18,106)
Opening shareholders' funds	22,686	40,792
Closing equity shareholders' funds	29,659	22,686

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 2 Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated profit and loss account and balance sheet include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiary undertakings made up to the year end using acquisition accounting. The results of subsidiaries acquired are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date control passes. Intra Group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation. On the acquisition of a subsidiary all of the subsidiary's assets and liabilities that exist at the date of acquisition are recorded at their fair values reflecting their condition at that date. All changes to those assets and liabilities and the resulting gains and losses that arise after the Group has gained control of the subsidiary are charged to the post acquisition profit and loss account.

#### (b) Turnover

The Group derives its turnover in the Resourcing business on a time and materials basis. It is recognised as services are rendered as validated by receipt of a client approved timesheet or equivalent. Permanent placement fees in the consulting business are recognised on invoice, typically in three stages; placement, shortlist and retainer fee.

#### (c) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a monthly basis to write off the cost of each asset over its estimated useful life according to the following rates:

Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease
Office equipment	20% straight line
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20% straight line
Computer equipment	331/3% straight line
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

(d) Foreign exchange

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies in each company are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

On consolidation, revenues, costs and cash flows of overseas undertakings are included in the Group profit and loss account at average rates of exchange for the period. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling using rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences on the retranslation of opening net assets and results for the period of foreign subsidiary undertakings are dealt with through reserves net of differences on related foreign currency borrowings. Other gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions, including trading, are included in the consolidated profit and loss account.

### Notes to the Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### 2 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (d) Foreign exchange (continued)

The principal exchange rates affecting the Group were:

	2003		2002	
	31 January	Average	31 January	Average
German Mark	_	_	3.2107	3.1432
Swiss Franc	<b>-</b>	-	2.4193	2.4279
Dutch Guilder	<b>-</b>		3.6176	3.5539
Belgian Franc	_		66.2218	65.0552
French Franc	-	-	10.7682	10.5785
US Dollar	1.6471	1.5182	1.4133	1.4388
Australian Dollar	2.8055	2.7663	2.7892	2.8029
Hong Kong Dollar	12.8473	11.8413	11.0224	11.2219
Euro	1.5317	1.5828	1.6416	1.6097

#### (e) Leasing and hire purchase

Assets acquired under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Finance charges and interest are taken to the profit and loss account in constant proportion to the remaining balance of capital repayments or net obligations outstanding. Profits made on sale and finance leaseback arrangements are deferred and credited to the profit and loss account over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the asset.

Rentals payable under operating lease and contract hire agreements are taken to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Reverse premiums and lease incentive benefits are recognised as a reduction in rental expense. The benefit is allocated on a straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the first rent review date at which it is expected that the prevailing market rental will be payable.

#### (f) Pensions

Pension costs on defined contribution schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

#### (g) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over a period up to 20 years.

Currently goodwill arising on acquisitions is amortised over 20 years with the exception of the Procomp NV acquisition in July 2000, which is being amortised over five years. Directors estimate for each individual acquisition the length of time over which the values of the underlying businesses acquired are expected to exceed the value of the identifiable net assets.

Impairments of goodwill are recognised as the difference between the carrying value of the intangible asset and the higher of net realisable value and value in use. Value in use is determined in accordance with FRS 11 by discounting future cash flows at a pre-tax government bond rate, with post five year forecast growth capped at the relevant country's long term average GDP real growth rate.

Goodwill previously eliminated against reserves has not been reinstated. The profit or loss on the disposal or termination of a business includes any goodwill previously eliminated against reserves.

#### (h) Taxation

Current taxation is applied to taxable profits at the rates ruling in the relevant country. In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 19 'Deferred Taxation', deferred taxation is provided in full for material timing differences except where recoverability of a deferred tax asset is considered to be remote in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax balances are not discounted unless the effects are considered to be material to the Group's results.

### Notes to the Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### (i) Investments and Share Schemes

Own shares held in the Employee Benefit Trust to satisfy potential obligations under share option schemes are carried at cost less provision for impairment, as part of fixed asset investments. Any differences between the market value of shares at the date of award and the anticipated proceeds from options granted are written off to the profit and loss account over the period to which the underlying options relate, in accordance with UITF17. In accordance with The Harvey Nash Group plc Performance Related Share Schemes, market value is calculated as being the average share price for the five days immediately preceding the grant of options.

Other investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

#### 3 Segmental Reporting

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Turnover		
Geographical area by location of Group operations		
United Kingdom	85,095	137,815
Rest of Europe	62,940	83,836
United States	7,900	13,211
Asia Pacific	<b>7</b> 57	858
	156,692	235,720
Market sector		
Resourcing Services	141,684	205,686
Consulting Services	15,008	30,034
	156,692	235,720

Group operations.

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Total operating profit/(loss)		
Geographical area	(7.680)	(2.700)
United Kingdom Rest of Europe	(3,640) 486	(2,700) 2.819
United States	(2,584)	(7,809)
Asia Pacific	(667)	(599)
	(6,405)	(8,289)
Market sector		
Resourcing Services	(2,627)	(3,697)
Consulting Services	(3,778)	(4,592)
	(6,405)	(8,289)

## Notes to the Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### 3 Segmental Reporting (continued)

	2003 £'000	2002 £′000
Total operating (loss)/profit before goodwill amortisation and exceptional items Geographical area		
United Kingdom	(344)	1,274
Rest of Europe	2,345	4,037
United States	(236)	(1,991)
Asia Pacific	(611)	(535)
	1,154	2,785
Market sector		
Resourcing Services	4,197	5,736
Consulting Services	(3,043)	(2,951)
	1,154	2,785
	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Net assets		
Geographical area by location of client operations		
United Kingdom	30.159	17,519
Rest of Europe	5,478	8,428
United States	(4,425)	(2,299)
Asia Pacific	(1,553)	(962)
	29,659	22,686

Since many of the assets within the Harvey Nash Group are shared by the two market sectors, it is considered neither practicable nor meaningful to provide an analysis of the net assets/liabilities by market sector.

4 Loss on Ordinary Activity Before Taxation
Loss is stated after charging/(crediting) the following amounts:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2,147	2,092
Amortisation of goodwill	1,972	1,386
Auditors' remuneration		
<ul> <li>audit services parent company</li> </ul>	12	11
<ul> <li>audit services other Group companies</li> </ul>	205	211
– non-audit services	10	13
Operating lease rentals		
– plant and equipment	748	769
– land and buildings	2,254	3,299
Exchange (gain)/loss	(50)	543
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	1,109	_

£574,000 of foreign exchange loss has been taken to reserves under the hedging offset provisions of SSAP 20.

In addition amounts paid to the auditors of £300,000 have been charged to the share premium account in respect of the Placing and Open offer.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements** continued for the year ended 31 January 2003

5 Emp	loyees
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Employee costs (including Directors) were as follows:

Mages and salaries   20,065   31,31   32,501   37,50   32,501	, , , , ,		
Social security costs         2,501 month         3,75 month         4,26 month         3,27 month         3,27 month         4,26 month         4,26 month         3,27 month		2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Social security costs         2,501 month         3,75 month         4,26 month         3,27 month         3,27 month         4,26 month         4,26 month         3,27 month	Wages and salaries	20,069	31,312
	Social security costs		3,759
Average monthly staff numbers for the year were as follows:    No	Pension costs	613	701
No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No		23,183	35,772
Executive Directors         2           Sales         289         44           Administration         168         23           459         67           6 Interest Receivable/(Payable)         2005         2005           Bank interest receivable         61         7           Interest payable         8         (1,108)         (2,08           Bank loans and overdrafts         (1,146)         (2,10           Hire purchase interest         (38)         (1           Year interest payable         (1,146)         (2,10           Net interest payable         (1,085)         (2,03           7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities         2005         2005           United Kingdom         (91)         (40)           Corporation tax at 30% (2002; 30%)         (91)         (12           Foreign tax         (40)         (12           Corporation taxes         469         73           Adjustment in respect of prior years         (7)         (18           Total current tax         (29)         42           Deferred tax         (7)         (18           Origination and reversal of timing differences         76         12           United Kingdom <td>Average monthly staff numbers for the year were as follows:</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Average monthly staff numbers for the year were as follows:		
Sales Administration         289   44 Administration         4 168   23   23   20   20   20   20   20   20		No	No
Administration         168         23           459         67           6 Interest Receivable/(Payable)         2005 Expos         2005 Expos           Bank interest receivable         61         7           Interest payable         8         (1,108) (2,08         (1,108) (2,10         (2,10         (1,146) (2,10         (1,146) (2,10         (1,146) (2,10         (1,085) (2,03         (2,03         7         Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities         2003 Expos         2005 Expos         2007 Expos <t< td=""><td>Executive Directors</td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>	Executive Directors		2
A 59   67   6   Interest Receivable/(Payable)		***==	445
Park interest Receivable   Payable   Payable   Park interest receivable   Park interest receivable   Park interest payable	Administration		230
Park interest receivable   61   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7		459	677
Food	6 Interest Receivable/(Payable)		
Interest payable   Bank loans and overdrafts   (1,108) (2,08   (1)			2002 £'000
Bank loans and overdrafts         (1,108)         (2,08)           Hire purchase interest         (38)         (1           Net interest payable         (1,146)         (2,10)           7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities         2003	Bank interest receivable	61	70
Bank loans and overdrafts         (1,108)         (2,08)           Hire purchase interest         (38)         (1           Net interest payable         (1,146)         (2,10)           7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities         2003	Interest navable		
Hire purchase interest		(1 108)	(2.085)
(1,146) (2,10   (2,03   (2,0			(16)
Net interest payable       (1,085)       (2,03)         7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities       2003 200 200 2000       2000 2000         United Kingdom         Corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)       (91)       400       (12         Foreign tax         Corporation taxes       469 73       73       469       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7) (18       10 <td></td> <td></td> <td>(2,101)</td>			(2,101)
United Kingdom         2003 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 £'000         2005 Ê'000         20	Net interest payable		(2,031)
€*000       €*000       €*000         United Kingdom         Corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)       (91)         Adjustments in respect of prior years       (400)       (12         Foreign tax         Corporation taxes       469       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax         Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       (49)       (49)         Inited Kingdom       (49)       (42)         Foreign tax       78       (42)	7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities		
United Kingdom         Corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)       (91)         Adjustments in respect of prior years       (400)       (12         Foreign tax         Corporation taxes       469       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax         Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       (49)       (49)         United Kingdom       (49)       78       (42			2002
Corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)       (91)         Adjustments in respect of prior years       (400)       (12         Foreign tax       (20)       73         Corporation taxes       469       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax       (29)       42         Utilisation and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       (49)       (49)         United Kingdom       (49)       78       (42		€′000	€,000
Adjustments in respect of prior years       (400)       (12         Foreign tax       (20)       73         Corporation taxes       (469)       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax       (29)       42         Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       (49)       (49)         Foreign tax       78       (42)	United Kingdom Corporation tax at 70% (2002) 70%	(01)	_
Foreign tax           Corporation taxes         469         73           Adjustment in respect of prior years         (7)         (18           Total current tax         (29)         42           Deferred tax         76         12           Origination and reversal of timing differences         76         12           Utilisation of tax losses         (47)         (54           Representing:         29         (42           United Kingdom         (49)         (49)           Foreign tax         78         (42	Adjustments in respect of prior years		(129)
Corporation taxes       469       73         Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax       76       12         Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       29       (42         United Kingdom       (49)       78       (42         Foreign tax       78       (42	Foreign tax	(100)	(123)
Adjustment in respect of prior years       (7)       (18         Total current tax       (29)       42         Deferred tax       76       12         Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       29       (42         United Kingdom       (49)       78       (42         Foreign tax       78       (42		469	738
Total current tax         (29)         42           Deferred tax         Congination and reversal of timing differences         76         12           Utilisation of tax losses         (47)         (54           Representing:         United Kingdom         (49)           Foreign tax         78         (42)	Adjustment in respect of prior years	(7)	(185)
Origination and reversal of timing differences       76       12         Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54         Representing:       29       (42         United Kingdom       (49)       (49)         Foreign tax       78       (42	Total current tax	(29)	424
Utilisation of tax losses       (47)       (54)         29       (42)         Representing:       (49)         United Kingdom       (49)         Foreign tax       78       (42)	Deferred tax		
29       (42)         Representing:       (49)         United Kingdom       (49)         Foreign tax       78       (42)	Origination and reversal of timing differences		121
Representing: United Kingdom (49) Foreign tax 78 (42)	Utilisation of tax losses		(545)
United Kingdom (49) Foreign tax 78 (42)		29	(424)
Foreign tax 78 (42	Kepresenting:	(AQ)	_
	Foreign tay		(424)
iotal deletred tax			(424)
Tay on profit on ordinary activities	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<del></del>	(747)

for the year ended 31 January 2003

7 Taxation on Loss on Ordinary Activities (continued)

The tax for the period is higher (2002: higher) than the Group's weighted average rate of corporation tax applied to the pre-tax losses. The differences are explained below:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(7,490)	(11,346)
Weighted average tax rate	32.5%	33.9%
Loss on ordinary activities before tax multiplied		
by the Group weighted tax rate	(2,431)	(3,846)
Expenses not deductible	739	2,330
Short term timing differences	252	(18)
Utilisation of tax losses	(255)	(128)
Tax losses carried forward	2,073	2,400
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(407)	(314)
Total current tax charge	(29)	424
Analysis of deferred tax	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
		2000
Short term timing difference	76	121
Tax losses carried forward	(47)	(545)
Deferred tax (credit)/charge	29	(424)
Deferred tax asset brought forward	(952)	(528)
Deferred tax asset carried forward (see note 14)	(923)	(952)
Short term timing difference	(331)	(407)
Tax losses carried forward	(592)	(545)
Deferred tax asset carried forward	(923)	(952)

### Factors that may affect future tax charges

Based on current capital investment plans, the Group does not expect material timing differences to arise in respect of capital allowances and depreciation.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets where there are forecast taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets in respect of tax losses amount to £2,196,000 (2002: £1,405,000). Should future profits be higher than those currently forecast, future tax charges will be reduced as a result of tax losses for which a deferred tax asset is currently not recognised.

8 Loss Attributed to the Parent Company

The loss after tax for the year ended 31 January 2003 in the financial statements of Harvey Nash Group plc, the Company, was £8,075,000 (2002: loss £625,550). As allowed by \$230 Companies Act 1985, no profit and loss account is presented in respect of the parent company.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 9 Earnings Per Share

	31 January 2003 £'000	31 January 2002 E'000
Loss attributable to shareholders	(7,490)	(11,422)
Weighted average number of shares	50,241,818	29,003,638
Basic loss per ordinary share	(14.91)p	(39.38)p

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, excluding those held in the Employee Benefit Trust (note 12), which are treated as cancelled.

The Company has share options which are potential ordinary shares, however, the impact on the net loss of these potential ordinary shares is anti-dilutive and therefore, the diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

	31 January 2003 £'000	31 January 2002 £'000
Loss attributable to shareholders	(7,490)	(11,424)
Amortisation of goodwill	1,972	1,386
Exceptional items (see note 13)	5,587	10,714
Tax on exceptional items	(532)	(168)
Adjusted (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders	(463)	508
Weighted average number of shares	50,241,818	29,003,638
Adjusted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share	(0.92)p	1.75p

Adjusted (loss)/earnings per share has been calculated before amortisation and exceptional items in order that their effect on reported earnings can be fully appreciated.

### 10 Intangible Fixed Assets

Goodwill	31 January 2003 £'000
Cost	
At 1 February 2002	40,575
Additions	166
Reversal of deferred consideration	(85)
Exchange movements	678 <sup>´</sup>
At 31 January 2003	41,334
Aggregate amortisation	
At 1 February 2002	9,944
Charge for the year	1,972
Exchange movements	168
At 31 January 2003	12,084
Net book value	
At 31 January 2003	29,250
At 31 January 2002	30,631

for the year ended 31 January 2003

11 Tangible Fixed Assets
The movement of tangible fixed assets for the year was as follows:

Group	Leasehold improvements £′000	Office equipment £'000	Furniture fixtures & equipment £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Motor vehicles €'000	Total £'000
Cost						
As at 1 February 2002	2,080	806	1,439	5,790	20	10,135
Additions	15	11	29	262	25	342
Disposals	(732)	(114)	(241)	(917)	_	(2,004)
Exchange movements	(35)	7	30	(32)	_	(30)
At 31 January 2003	1,328	710	1,257	5,103	45	8,443
Depreciation						
As at 1 February 2002	423	578	806	3,129	8	4,944
Charge for the year	549	118	210	1,261	9	2,147
Disposals	(161)	(60)	(117)	(557)	_	(895)
Exchange movements	(2)	7	15	• -	_	20
At 31 January 2003	809	643	914	3,833	17	6,216
Net book value						
At 31 January 2003	519	67	343	1,270	28	2,227
At 31 January 2002	1,657	228	633	2,661	12	5,191

The Company held no fixed assets during the year.

## Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts (included above)

	Computer equipment £'000
Cost	
As at 1 February 2002	667
Additions	_
Accumulated depreciation at 31 January 2003	(297)
Net book value at 31 January 2003	
Cost at 31 January 2002	667
Accumulated depreciation at 31 January 2002	(74)
Net book value at 31 January 2002	593

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 12 Investments

	Group 31 January 2003 £'000	Group 31 January 2002 £'000	Company 31 January 2003 £'000	Company 31 January 2002 £'000
Investment in subsidiary undertakings	_	_	46,917	51,622
Investment in own shares	400	178	_	· -
	400	178	46,917	51,622

During the year £5m was written off the carrying value of the Company investment in Techpartners International Limited which reflects the write-down made in the Group accounts in the prior year.

#### Broadbay Networks Inc.

On 17 May 2002 the Group settled the deferred consideration in relation to the purchase of Broadbay Networks Inc. The final consideration of \$1.3m (£0.9m) was satisfied by issuing 974,881 ordinary shares.

#### **Techpartners International Limited**

On 31 August 2002 the Group entered into an agreement with three of the remaining participants of the Techpartners earnout agreement to extinguish the Group liability towards them.

### **European Experts NV**

On 11 November 2002 the Group settled the final deferred consideration in relation to the purchase of European Experts NV. The final consideration of €0.9m (£0.6m) was satisfied by issuing 2,237,122 ordinary shares.

### Investment in own shares

Investment in own shares of £400,343 (2002: £178,676) represents the cost of 738,420 of the Company's shares, acquired by Harvey Nash Employee Benefit Trust Limited to meet obligations under the Harvey Nash Option Scheme (HNOS). Details of the shares held by the Trust are shown in the table below:

Date of purchase	Scheme	No of shares	Nominal value (£)	Cost price (£)	Total cost (£)	Net book value at 31 January 2003 (E)	Market value at 31 January 2003 (£)
25.3.97	HNOS1	198,717	12,493	Nil	Nil	Nil	57,628
3.6.99	_	122,850	6,142	3.24	401,000	116,926	35,627
11.7.00	_	65,000	3,250	7.00	458,640	61 <b>,75</b> 0	18,850
19.3.02	_	351,853	17,593	0.63	221,667	221,667	102,037
		738,420	39,478		1,081,307	400,343	214,142

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The shares under the HNOS were gifted to the Trust by Directors TFA Crawford, DC Higgins and DH Treacher.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 12 Investments (continued)

**Subsidiary undertakings and branches**The details of the subsidiary companies and branches existing at 31 January 2003 are as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation and operation	Principal activity
Broadbay Networks Inc	US	Recruitment consultancy
European Technology Partners Limited	England	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash AG	Switzerland	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash BV	The Netherlands	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash Consulting AG	Switzerland	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash GmbH	Germany	IT project services
Harvey Nash Group EBT Limited	England	Trustee of HNG Employee
•	ŭ	Benefit Trust 1997
Harvey Nash Holdings Inc	US	Holding company
Harvey Nash (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash IT Consulting NV (formerly European Experts NV)	Belgium	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash Luxembourg	Luxembourg	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash NV	Belgium	Holding company
Harvey Nash Offshore Development Centre	Branch	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash plc	England	Recruitment consultancy
Harvey Nash Resource Management Limited	England	Resource management
Harvey Nash SA	France	Recruitment consultancy
Impact Executives Holdings Ltd	England	Recruitment consultancy
Impact Executives Holdings SA	Switzerland	Holding company
Impact Executives Hong Kong Ltd	Hong Kong	Recruitment consultancy
Impact Executives Ltd	England	Recruitment consultancy
Interim Management In Information Technology Limited	England	Recruitment consultancy
Mortimer Spinks Limited	England	Recruitment consultancy
Nash Direct AG	Switzerland	Recruitment consultancy
Nash Direct GmbH	Germany	Recruitment consultancy
Nash Direct Limited (formerly Ortus.net Ltd)	England	Recruitment consultancy
Nash Direct NV	Belgium	Recruitment consultancy
Techpartners International Inc	US	Recruitment consultancy
Techpartners International Ltd	England	Recruitment consultancy
Techpartners International Pty	Australia	Recruitment consultancy
Vertis Consulting Limited	England	Recruitment consultancy

The Company or Harvey Nash plc owns directly or indirectly 100% of the ordinary share capital and voting rights of all companies.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

## 13 Exceptional Items

Analysis of exceptional items	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Operating exceptional items	5,587	9,688
Non-operating exceptional items	· <del></del>	1,026
	5,587	10,714
0		
Operating exceptional items Operating exceptional items comprise the following costs:		
	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Operating exceptional items comprise the following costs:		
		€′000
Operating exceptional items comprise the following costs:  Impairment of Techpartners International Inc. goodwill	€'000	£'000 5,000
Operating exceptional items comprise the following costs:  Impairment of Techpartners International Inc. goodwill  Provision for client dispute	(921)	5,000 1,504

Details of the provision for property leases are given in note 17.

### 14 Debtors

	Group 31 January 2003 £°000	Group 31 January 2002 £'000	Company 31 January 2003 £'000	Company 31 January 2002 £'000
Trade debtors	17,994	25,176	_	_
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings		· –	5,637	5,156
Other debtors	1,749	1,295	80	78
Prepayments and accrued income	2,479	3,564	50	151
	22,222	30,035	5,767	5,385

Within other debtors there are deferred tax assets of £923,000 (2002: £952,000). For details refer to note 7.

### 15 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	Group 31 January 2003 £'000	Group 31 January 2002 £'000	Company 31 January 2003 £'000	Company 31 January 2002 £'000
Bank loans – secured	1	6,667	_	_
Bank overdraft	_	_	24	_
Trade creditors	9,750	10,417	104	139
Corporation tax	691	755	-	
Other taxes and social security	296	1,992	-	_
Accruals and deferred income	5,289	7,462	826	682
Deferred consideration	· -	707	_	-
Other creditors	1,277	476	-	_
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	229	210	_	_
	17,532	28,686	954	821

for the year ended 31 January 2003

16 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Yea	16 C	reditors:	<b>Amounts</b>	Falling	Due After	More	Than	One Year	•
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	Group 31 January 2003 £'000	Group 31 January 2002 £'000	Company 31 January 2003 £'000	Company 31 January 2002 £'000
Bank loans – secured	11,753	15,900	-	_
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	· -	· -	10,527	21,694
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	121	350	_	` <b>-</b>
	11,874	16,250	10,527	21,694

The bank loan is a multi currency revolving credit facility to a maximum limit of £16.3m. Interest was charged at 2.75% over LIBOR. The facility is secured by cross Group guarantees. There is a UK invoice discounting facility secured over the UK debtor book.

1	2003 £'000	31 January 2002 £'000
Maturity dates of bank loans		
Due within one year	-	6,667
Due within two to five years	11,753	15,900
	11,753	22,567

### 17 Provision for Liabilities and Charges

The provision for liabilities and charges at 31 January 2003 comprises the provision for future lease rental obligations.

The movement in provision in the year is as follows:

	Group 31 January 2003 £'000
Provision at 1 February 2002	-
Charge for property provision (note 13)	
UK	2,550
Rest of Europe	186
United States	1,885
	4,621
Utilisation of provision	(3,075)
Provision at 31 January 2003	1,546

for the year ended 31 January 2003

## 18 Obligations Under Hire Purchase Contracts and Finance Leases

	Group	Group
	31 January	31 January
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Repayable within one year	248	249
Repayable between one and five years	127	373
Total gross payments	375	622
Less finance charges and interest allocated to future periods	(26)	(62)
	349	560
Due within one year	228	210
Due after more than one year	121	350
	349	560

Harvey Nash Group plc, the Company, has no obligations under hire purchase contracts and finance leases.

### 19 Operating Lease Commitments

The Group has annual commitments under operating leases which expire as follows:

			Group 31 January 2003	Group 31 January 2002
			£,000	E'000
Land and buildings				
Leases expiring within one year			132	111
Leases expiring between one and five years			1,099	1,208
Leases expiring in more than five years			1,083	1,835
			2,314	3,154
Other operating leases				
Leases expiring within one year			166	148
Leases expiring between one and five years			460	590
Leases expiring in more than five years			_	_
			626	738
20 Share Capital				
	Group 31 January	Group 31 January	Company 31 January	Company 31 January
	2003 £'000	2002 £'000	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Authorised				
75,000,000 (2002: 40,000,000) ordinary shares of 5p each	3,750	2,000	3,750	2,000
AU 44 1 1 5 11 1 1				
Allotted and fully paid				
56,023,176 ordinary shares of 5p each	2.001	1.500	2 001	1 500
(2002: 30,178,992)	2,801	1,509	2,801	1,509

On 18 March 2002 the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from 40,000,000 ordinary shares of 5p each to 75,000,000 ordinary shares of 5p each. Details of the shares issued in the year are given in the Directors' Report.

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### 21 Reserves

Group		Shares to be issued £'000	Share premium account £'000	Other reserves £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
1 February 2002		884	4,897	9,538	5,858
Reversal of shares to be issued		(884)	-	_	_
Premium on shares issued		· –	13,128	1,360	_
Fundraising costs		_	(1,580)	· -	_
Retained loss for the year		_	` -	_	(7,490)
Exchange gain		_	-	_	1,147
31 January 2003		-	16,445	10,898	(485)
Company	Shares to be issued £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital contribution £'000	Other reserves £'000	Profit and loss account £'000

884 4,897 1 February 2002 20,000 7,796 (571)Reversal of shares to be issued (884)Premium on shares issued 13,128 1,360 Fundraising costs (1,580)Retained loss for the year (8,075)31 January 2003 16,445 20,000 9,156 (8,646)

Shares to be issued related to the value of the deferred consideration shares that were estimated would be issued under the terms of the sale and purchase agreement for the acquisition of Broadbay Networks Inc. The reduction in shares to be issued in the year relates to the reversal of the Techpartners International deferred consideration.

## 22 Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Inflow

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Group operating loss	(6,405)	(8,289)
Depreciation	2,147	2,092
Amortisation	1,972	1,386
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,109	_
Impairment of intangible fixed assets	_	5,000
Decrease in debtors	9,292	21,508
Decrease in creditors	(2,394)	(8,915)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	5,721	12,782

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 23 Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement in Net Debt

			31 January 2003 £'000	31 January 2002 £'000
Increase/(decrease) in cash during the year			4,590	(1,237)
Decrease/(increase) in debt and lease finance			10,657	56
			15,247	(1,181)
Issue of loan notes			-	(241)
Foreign exchange movement			702	(48)
Decrease/(increase) in debt during the year			15,949	(1,470)
Net debt at beginning of year			(21,540)	(20,070)
Net debt at end of year			(5,591)	(21,540)
Net cash			6,512	1,587
Borrowings			(12,103)	(23,127)
bollowings			(5,591)	(21,540)
Analysis of Changes in Net Debt	1 February 2002 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Foreign exchange movements £'000	31 January 2003 £'000
C. I				
Cash	1,587	4,590	335	6,512
	1,587	4,590	335	6,512
Debt due within one year	(6,667)	6,667	7.67	
Debt due after one year	(15,900)	3,780	367	(11,753)
Finance leases	(560)	210		(350)
	(23,127)	10,657	367	(12,103)
Total	(21,540)	15,247	702	(5,591)
24 Directors				
Total emoluments of the Directors			2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Fees			106	94
Basic salaries, allowances and taxable benefits and car allowance			488	630
Aggregate emoluments			594	724
Pension contributions			44	38
Compensation for loss of office			_	30
Emoluments of Chairman			46	45
Emoluments of highest paid Director (including pension contributions)			255	259

Company policy on the remuneration of Directors and details of the remuneration of each Director, which form part of the audited financial statements, are set out in the Remuneration Report on pages 18 to 22.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

#### 25 Pensions

Harvey Nash has in place three pension schemes; the Harvey Nash plc Directors' Retirement and Death Benefits Scheme, a Group Personal Pension Plan provided by National Provident Institution and Legal and General, and a stakeholder scheme with Legal and General which had no participating members at the year end.

The Harvey Nash plc Directors' Retirement and Death Benefits Scheme (the 'Scheme') is a small self-administered scheme. It is an exempt-approved scheme under Chapter 1 of Part XIV of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from the Company by trustees. The current trustees are TFA Crawford, DC Higgins, DH Treacher and Scottish Equitable which is the pensioner trustee. The three individual trustees are the only members of the Scheme. The Company has the power to appoint individual trustees.

The retirement scheme is provided on a defined contribution basis. The contributions in the year were £22,000 (2002: £20,550).

The Group Personal Pension Plan (the 'Plan') is a defined contribution scheme provided by National Provident Institution and Legal and General. The Group's normal policy is to invite employees to join the Plan automatically on completion of three years' qualifying service, although senior employees may be invited to join earlier at the discretion of the Directors. The Group contributes 5% and the employee contributes 3% of the employee's basic earnings (excluding bonuses) to the Plan. There is one member in respect of whom only the Company makes contributions. The Group's total contribution to the Plan for the period to 31 January 2003, was £259,421 (2002: £266,965). Contributions in respect of Director Albert Ellis were £18,000 and Director Ian Basser were £3,784 (2002: £17,550).

### 26 Related Party Transactions

At the end of the year there was a debtor of £76,000 (2002: £76,000) owed by Harvey Nash KG, a partnership of whom the partners are David Higgins, David Treacher and Tom Crawford. The costs are in respect of residual tax and other costs arising on the winding up of the partnership entity, which formerly conducted Harvey Nash's business in Germany.

### 27 Financial Instruments

#### Treasury management

Treasury policy and significant treasury transactions are approved by the Board.

#### Financing

The Group's principal financial instruments are bank loans, bank overdrafts, cash and short term deposits. The Group has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. Acquisitions are financed through a mixture of equity and medium term borrowings. Working capital finance for day-to-day requirements is provided through operating cash generation, invoice discount facilities, and small short term overdraft facilities. All of the Group's long term loans are raised centrally and lent down to subsidiaries.

### Objectives, policies and strategies

The most significant treasury exposures faced by Harvey Nash are raising finance, managing interest rate and currency positions and investing surplus cash in high quality assets. The Board has established clear parameters, including levels of authority, on the type and use of financial instruments to manage these exposures. Transactions are only undertaken if they relate to underlying exposures and cannot be viewed as speculative.

### Interest rate risk management

The Group's policy is to minimise interest charges. Harvey Nash uses interest rate caps to manage its interest rate exposure on its debt position.

### Currency risk management

The Group's policy is to minimise foreign currency risk. Harvey Nash manages its exposure on equity investments in overseas subsidiaries through foreign currency borrowings. The currency risk of holding assets and liabilities in foreign currencies across the Group is managed by partially matching foreign currency assets with foreign currency liabilities.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 27 Financial Instruments (continued)

As permitted by FRS 13 short term debtors and creditors have been excluded from disclosure of financial liabilities and financial assets.

Currency and interest rate composition of financial assets and liabilities.

### Financial assets

	Floating rate	Non interest bearing	Total
As at 31 January 2003	£'000	£,000	£'000
Sterling	479	_	479
Euros	_	3,073	3,073
Swiss Franc	_	4,045	4,045
US Dollar	-	112	112
Australian Dollar	_	19	19
Hong Kong Dollar	_	42	42
	479	7,291	7,770
		Non interest	
	Floating rate	ivon interest bearing	Total
As at 31 January 2002	£'000	£'000	£'000
Sterling	998	_	998
Euros	_	3,096	3,096
Swiss Franc	_	1,586	1,586
US Dollar		917	917
Australian Dollar	_	58	58
	998	5,657	6,655
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities	<b>.</b>	Non interest	
Financial liabilities  As at 31 January 2003	Floating rate £'000	Non interest bearing £'000	Total €'000
As at 31 January 2003	£'000	bearing	€,000
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling	<u>₹′000</u> 3,952	bearing	€'000 3,952
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros	3,952 2,900	bearing	3,952 2,900
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040	bearing	3,952 2,900 5,040
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535	bearing	3,952 2,900 5,040 535
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584	bearing £'000   	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011
As at 31 January 2003 Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584
As at 31 January 2003  Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar Hong Kong Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011	bearing £'000	5,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011
As at 31 January 2003  Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar Hong Kong Dollar  As at 31 January 2002  Sterling	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011 Floating rate £'000	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011
As at 31 January 2003  Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar Hong Kong Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011  Floating rate £'000  14,181 9,335	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011 Total £'000
As at 31 January 2003  Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar Hong Kong Dollar  As at 31 January 2002  Sterling Euros	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011 Floating rate £'000	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011
As at 31 January 2003  Sterling Euros US Dollar Australian Dollar Hong Kong Dollar  As at 31 January 2002  Sterling Euros US Dollar	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011  Floating rate £'000  14,181 9,335 3,549	bearing £'000	3,952 2,900 5,040 535 584 13,011 Total £000 14,181 9,335 3,549

The floating rate financial liabilities comprise bank loans and overdrafts bearing interest rates based on local money market rates.

for the year ended 31 January 2003

### 27 Financial Instruments (continued)

### Maturities of financial liabilities

Total borrowings are repayable as follows:

	2003 E'000	2002 £'000
Within one year	1,258	11,735
Due within two and five years	11,753	15,900
	13,011	27,635

The maturities of other financial liabilities are as follows:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Within one year	_	707
Due within two and five years	-	_
		707

### Committed undrawn facilities

The maturities of the committed undrawn bank facilities available to the Group are as follows:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Within one year	2,000	•
Between two and five years	2,580	
	4,580	

In the opinion of the Directors there is no material difference between the fair value of the Group's financial instruments and their carrying value.

The currency exposure of the Group net monetary assets/(liabilities) is shown below. Such exposures comprise the monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group that are not denominated in the operating currency of the operating company involved.

Functional currency of Group company	Net foreign currency monetary assets/(liabilities)						
	US Dollar £'000	Euro £'000	Swiss Franc £'000	Australian Dollar £'000	Hong Kong Dollar £'000	Total £'000	
Sterling							
Cash	(181)	1,862	-	-	_	1,681	
Trading and intercompany	110	1,213	207	35	89	1,654	
Loans – intercompany	5,650	(1,414)	_	559	779	5,574	
Loans - Bank	(4,857)	(2,881)	-	(535)	(584)	_(8,857)	
	722	(1,220)	207	59	284	52	

# **Notes**