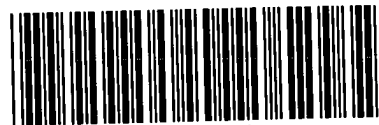


KINGSTAR U.K. LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	B Ackerman N Ackerman
Registered number	03319899
Registered office	113 Brent Street London NW4 2DX
Independent auditors	Wilder Coe Ltd Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 1st Floor Sackville House 143-149 Fenchurch Street London EC3M 6BL

KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

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KINGSTAR U.K. LTD
REGISTERED NUMBER: 03319899

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	4	1,964,529	1,910,399
Current assets			
Debtors	5	8,109,080	7,980,651
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(48,754)	(73,036)
Net current assets		<u>8,060,326</u>	<u>7,907,615</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>10,024,855</u>	<u>9,818,014</u>
Provisions for liabilities	7	(290,386)	(280,382)
Net assets		<u><u>9,734,469</u></u>	<u><u>9,537,632</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Allotted, called up and fully paid capital		2	2
Profit and loss account	8	9,734,467	9,537,630
Total equity		<u><u>9,734,469</u></u>	<u><u>9,537,632</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the Directors' Report and the Profit and Loss Account in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the Small Companies' Regime, under section 444 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

29 September 2020

.....
B Ackerman
 Director

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. Company information

Kingstar U.K. Ltd (Company number: 03319899) is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 113 Brent Street, London, NW4 2DX. The trading address is the same as the registered office.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in GBP sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £ (GBP).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102, Section 1A.7 from the requirement to produce a Statement of Cash Flows on the grounds that it is a small company.

The Company has taken advantage from the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102, Section 33.1A not to disclose transactions with group entities which are wholly owned by a member of the group.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Post-Balance Sheet events

The directors have considered the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the Company. It is too early to judge the medium and long-term effects of the pandemic on the UK real estate market generally, and on the Company in particular. The ultimate parent company has sufficient cash reserves available to ensure that the Company meets its anticipated financial commitments for the next year, in the event that the Company has a shortfall on rent collection. The directors consider it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. Please refer to the Strategic Report included in the group financial statements of Bana One Ltd for a more detailed review of the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the business.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises rental and other property related income exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Turnover in respect of rental income, lease premiums, insurance and other recharges of property related expenditure is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding Value Added Tax.

2.4 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year in which they are incurred.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are carried at fair value, determined annually by the directors on the basis of open market values for its current use. No depreciation is provided in relation to investment properties. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.7 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Short-term creditors are measured at cost/ transaction price and not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

The current Corporation Tax charge is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

4. Investment properties

	Freehold property £
Fair value	
At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	1,910,399
Revaluations	54,130
At 31 December 2019	1,964,529
Net book value	
At 31 December 2019	1,964,529
At 31 December 2018	1,910,399

The fair value of investment property has been determined with reference to valuations performed by one of the Company directors who is a chartered surveyor.

KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

5. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	7,608
Amounts owed by group undertakings	8,091,409	7,954,758
Other debtors	15,211	15,865
Prepayments and accrued income	2,460	2,420
	<u>8,109,080</u>	<u>7,980,651</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	2,675	371
Corporation tax	335	23,416
Other creditors	15,213	19,422
Accruals and deferred income	30,531	29,827
	<u>48,754</u>	<u>73,036</u>

7. Deferred taxation

	2019 £	2018 £
At beginning and end of year	280,382	280,382
Charged to profit or loss	10,004	-
At end of year	<u>290,386</u>	<u>280,382</u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Revaluation of investment property	<u>290,386</u>	<u>280,382</u>

The amount of the net reversal of deferred tax expected to occur next year is dependent on any future fair value movements on investment properties.

KINGSTAR U.K. LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8. Reserves

Profit & loss reserve

As at 31 December 2019, there were distributable reserves of £8,543,870 (2018: £8,391,159). The non-distributable component as at 31 December 2019 was £1,190,597 (2018: £1,146,471).

9. Parent company

The ultimate parent undertaking is Bana One Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Bana One Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from 113 Brent Street, London, NW4 2DX.

10. Auditors' information

The Company was subject to an audit for the year ended 31 December 2019. The audit report issued by Robert Bradman BA CA, as Senior Statutory Auditor of Wilder Coe Ltd, was issued with an unqualified opinion.