# Registration number 03312220

# ROCKSTAR NORTH LIMITED

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2014

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### Company information

Directors

D Emerson

R M S Hajaj

Company secretaries

D Emerson

HAL Management Limited

Company number

03312220

Registered office

Hanover House

14 Hanover Square

London W1S 1HP

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP

1 More London Place

London SEI 2AF

Business address

Calton Square

1 Greenside Row

Edinburgh EH1 3AP

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland

36 St Andrew Square

Edinburgh EH2 2YB

Accountants

Johnston & Co

New Custom House Register Street

Bo'ness EH51 9AE

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# Strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2014

The directors present their strategic report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

### Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year was the development of entertainment software.

	2014	2013	Change
Turnover	£32,252,221	£20,127,149	+60.2%
Average number of employees	356	318	+38
Profit/(loss) for the year	£1,274,856	£(1,325,051)	+2,599,907

Turnover increased by 60.2% during the year due to increased charges to the parent company. Operating expenses increased primarily due to increased amounts spent on staffing.

The total average number of employees increased by 12% during the year. This was primarily due to an increased number of persons engaged in development of entertainment software.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors have established controls to mitigate the following risk appropriate to the size and complexity of the business.

- Cash flow risk

The company has established cash forecasting models to manage cash flow within the constraints of the company's banking facilities.

This report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

D Emerson Director

Date:

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

#### Going concern

In line with the FRC guidance on Going Concern issued in November 2009, the directors have undertaken an exercise to review the appropriateness of the continued use of the Going Concern basis. The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its financial position and financial risk management position are described above.

The directors have also received a letter of support from the ultimate parent company Take Two Interactive Software Inc that confirms its intention to support the company for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements.

Therefore, after making suitable enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to remain in operation for the foreseeable future and has, as a result, continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year are as stated below:

D Emerson

R M S Hajaj

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2014

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### Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **Auditors**

Ernst & Young LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

Director

Date: 2014/10/20

# Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of ROCKSTAR NORTH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of ROCKSTAR NORTH LIMITED for the year ended 31 March 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1-21. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 2 - 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any material misstatements or uncertainties we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006.

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Philip Young (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

Statutory Auditor
Date: 24/10/14

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1 More London Place London

SE1 2AF

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# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2014

# **Continuing operations**

		2014	2013
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	32,252,221	20,127,149
Cost of sales		(16,111,491)	(12,404,764)
Gross profit		16,140,730	7,722,385
Administrative expenses		(13,986,232)	(6,413,329)
Operating profit	3	2,154,498	1,309,056
Other interest receivable and			
similar income	4	7,993	1,580
Interest payable and similar charges	5	-	(174,220)
Profit on ordinary			
activities before taxation		2,162,491	1,136,416
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	8	(887,635)	(2,461,467)
Profit/(loss) for the year	16	1,274,856	(1,325,051)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

# Balance sheet as at 31 March 2014

		2014		2	013
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		1,229,305		411,303
Current assets					
Debtors	10	917,327		1,560,513	
Deferred tax	13	208,727		268,727	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,915,922		46,776	
		4,041,976		1,876,016	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	11	(3,234,906)		(1,525,800)	
Net current assets			807,070		350,216
Total assets less current			<del></del>		
liabilities			2,036,375		761,519
N-4 condo			2.026.275		761,519
Net assets			2,036,375		701,319
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		1		1
Other reserves	16		15,033,184		15,033,184
Profit and loss account	16		(12,996,810)		(14,271,666)
Shareholders' funds	17		2,036,375		761,519
			<del></del>		
The financial statements were appron its behalf by	oved by the	Board on Z	2/01/4/10/20	)	and signed
111					

R M S Hajaj Director

Registration number 03312220

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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

### 1. Accounting policies

### 1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

The results of the company are included in the published financial statements of its ultimate parent company. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement.

The company has consistently applied all relevant accounting standards.

### 1.2. Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

### 1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold property

improvements - Straight line over the life of the lease Computer equipment - Straight line basis over 3 and 5 years

Furniture & fixtures - 20% Straight line basis

### 1.4. Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

### 1.5. Shares based transactions - equity settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted and is recognised as an expense over the vesting period, which ends on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award. Fair value is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate pricing model. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any vesting conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the company (market conditions). No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

At each balance sheet date before vesting, the cumulative expense is calculated, representing the extent to which the vesting period has expired and management's best estimate of the achievement or otherwise of non-market conditions number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest or in the case of an instrument subject to a market condition, be treated as vesting as described above. The movement in cumulative expense since the previous balance sheet date is recognised in the income statement, with a corresponding entry in equity.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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#### 1.6. Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. The costs of contributions are written off against profits in the year they are payable.

#### 1.7. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes except to the extent that the directors consider the liability to taxation is unlikely to materialise.

### 1.8. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date: Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

#### 1.9. Going concern

The directors have received a letter of support from the ultimate parent company Take Two Interactive Software Inc that confirms its intention to support the company for the next 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements.

### 1.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding valued added tax and other sales taxes or duty.

### 2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK and excludes value added tax.

Turnover attributable to geographical markets outside the United Kingdom amounted to 100% for the year.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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3.	Operating profit	2014 £	2013 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Equity settled share-based payments	7,996,435	837,107
	Depreciation		
	- written off owned tangible fixed assets	331,392	294,802
	Research and development		
	- expenditure in current year *	29,441,954	18,330,085
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	11,597	11,635
	- Land and buildings	1,376,817	1,862,334
	Auditors' remuneration	11,500	17,900
	and after crediting:		
	Net foreign exchange gain	-	41
	* includes employment costs disclosed in Note 6		
4.	Interest receivable and similar income	2014 £	2013 £
	Bank interest	7,993	
5.	Interest payable and similar charges	2014 £	2013 £
	Other		174,220

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

..... continued

### 6. Employees

	2013
342	307
14	11
356	318
2014	2013
£	£
13,730,885	11,527,782
2,608,326	1,107,404
641,068	527,583
7,996,435	837,107
24,976,714	13,999,876
	14 356 2014 £ 13,730,885 2,608,326 641,068 7,996,435

No directors received any remuneration for their qualifying services from the company during the year.

### 7. Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of certain of its employees. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents contributions due from the company and amounted to £641,068 (2013 - £527,583).

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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### 8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in period	2014 £	2013 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	827,635	374,063
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	-	2,027,669
	827,635	2,401,732
Total current tax charge	827,635	2,401,732
Deferred tax		
Timing differences, origination and reversal	57,391	14,485
Effect of changes in tax rates	2,609	12,313
Prior period adjustments	-	32,937
Total deferred tax	60,000	59,735
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	887,635	2,461,467

### Factors affecting tax charge for period

The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (23.00 per cent). The differences are explained below:

·	2014 £	2013 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,162,491 =======	1,136,416
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation	•	
tax in the UK of 23.00% (31 March 2013 : 24.00%)	497,373	272,740
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	862,965	118,215
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(60,000)	(16,892)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(472,703)	2,027,669
Current tax charge for period	827,635	2,401,732

The government has announced that the rate of UK corporation tax will reduce to 20% by 1 April 2015. The rate of corporation tax reduced from 24% to 23%, effective from 1 April 2013 and was enacted on 17 July 2012. Further reductions in the corporation tax rate to 21%, effective from 1 April 2014, and then 20%, effective from 1 April 2015 were enacted in July 2013.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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Tangible fixed assets	Leasehold property improvement	Computer equipment	Furniture and fixtures £	Motor vehicles £	New Premises	Total £
Cost						
At 1 April 2013	1,122,563	2,734,858	408,908	5,775	-	4,272,104
Additions	17,299	1,118,442	6,641	-	7,012	1,149,394
At 31 March 2014	1,139,862	3,853,300	415,549	5,775	7,012	5,421,498
Depreciation			-			
At 1 April 2013	1,060,032	2,390,920	404,074	5,775	-	3,860,801
Charge for the year	35,792	291,344	4,256	-	-	331,392
At 31 March 2014	1,095,824	2,682,264	408,330	5,775	-	4,192,193
Net book values						
At 31 March 2014	44,038	1,171,036	7,219		7,012	1,229,305
At 31 March 2013	62,531	343,938	4,834		-	411,303
	Cost At 1 April 2013 Additions At 31 March 2014  Depreciation At 1 April 2013 Charge for the year At 31 March 2014  Net book values At 31 March 2014	Tangible fixed assets         property improvement £           Cost         1,122,563           At 1 April 2013         1,122,563           Additions         17,299           At 31 March 2014         1,139,862           Depreciation         1,060,032           Charge for the year         35,792           At 31 March 2014         1,095,824           Net book values         44,038           At 31 March 2014         44,038	Tangible fixed assets         property improvement from provement from provemen	Tangible fixed assets         property improvement x£         Computer equipment x£         and fixtures x£           Cost         3 1,122,563 2,734,858 408,908 408,908 408,100 417,299 1,118,442 6,641 408,300 415,549 408,300 415,549 408,300 415,549 408,300 415,549 408,300 415,549 408,330 415,549	Tangible fixed assets         property improvement equipment £         Computer equipment £         and £         Motor vehicles £           Cost         At 1 April 2013         1,122,563         2,734,858         408,908         5,775           Additions         17,299         1,118,442         6,641         -           At 31 March 2014         1,139,862         3,853,300         415,549         5,775           Depreciation         At 1 April 2013         1,060,032         2,390,920         404,074         5,775           Charge for the year         35,792         291,344         4,256         -           At 31 March 2014         1,095,824         2,682,264         408,330         5,775           Net book values         44,038         1,171,036         7,219         -           At 31 March 2014         44,038         1,171,036         7,219         -	Tangible fixed assets         property improvement fixtures         Computer equipment £         and £         Motor vehicles £         New Premises £           Cost         At 1 April 2013         1,122,563         2,734,858         408,908         5,775         -           Additions         17,299         1,118,442         6,641         -         7,012           At 31 March 2014         1,139,862         3,853,300         415,549         5,775         7,012           Depreciation         At 1 April 2013         1,060,032         2,390,920         404,074         5,775         -           Charge for the year         35,792         291,344         4,256         -         -           At 31 March 2014         1,095,824         2,682,264         408,330         5,775         -           Net book values         At 31 March 2014         44,038         1,171,036         7,219         -         7,012

10.	Debtors	2014	2013
		£	£
	Amount owed by connected companies	-	994,660
•	Other debtors	917,327	565,853
		917,327	1,560,513

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

..... continued

11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	·		
	Trade creditors  Amounts owed to group undertaking	149,910	156,698
	Amounts owed to group undertaking	1,104,512	-
	Corporation tax	42,673	89,855
	Other taxes and social security costs	1,185,478	377,862
	Accruals and deferred income	752,333	901,385
		3,234,906	1,525,800
	•		

There is no committed overdraft facility.

# 12. Provisions for dilapidations

During the year, the company had certain existing property leases which were due to expire. An amount of £472,280(2013: £472,280) represents dilapidations provisions payable on cessation of the existing lease agreements.

13.	Deferred tax asset	2014 £	2013 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(208,727)	(268,727)
-,	Provision at 1 April 2013	(268,727)	
	Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	60,000	
	Provision at 31 March 2014	(208,727)	

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

..... continued

### 14. Employee share schemes

The following stock based compensation plans are granted to certain employees of the company:

### Restricted stock unit awards (RSU)

A restricted stock unit is the right to receive Common Share stock of the company's ultimate parent undertaking. The stock units vest if the employee remains in continuous service for a period of three years from the date of grant. The stock units are awarded free of charge.

Restricted stock is issued and outstanding upon grant; holders of Restricted Stock awards are restricted from selling the shares until such times as they are vested. Upon vesting, the company will typically withhold shares to satisfy tax liabilities.

### Expenses charged to income statement

The expense recognised for share based transactions in respect of employee services received during the year is £7,996,435 (31 March 2013 £837,107).

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average fair value on grant date (WAFV) of, and movements in, restricted stock units during the year.

	2014		
		RSU WAFV	
	No.	\$	
Outstanding at the begining of the year	286,665	9.24	
Granted during the year	2,283,790	18.04	
Forfeited during the year	(1,849)	14.25	
Vested during the year	(714,857)	16.86	
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,853,749	17.16	

Stock based compensation expense is calculated based on the number of awards that are ultimately expected to vest, and therefore is reduced for estimated forfeitures. The company's estimate of forfeitures is based on its historical annual forfeiture rate. The estimated forfeiture rate is reassessed each quarter end balance sheet date throughout the life of the award and may change based on new facts and circumstances.

15.	Share capital	2014 £	2013 £
	Authorised		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of 1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary shares of 1 each	1	1
	Equity Shares		
	1 Ordinary shares of 1 each	1	1

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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16.	Equity Reserves	Profit and loss	Other	
		account	reserves	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1 April 2013	(14,271,666)	15,033,184	761,518
	Profit for the year	1,274,856	-	1,274,856
	Distribution	-	-	-
	At 31 March 2014	(12,996,810)	15,033,184	2,036,374

Other reserves relates to the share based payment reserve which accounts for share based payment charges for in accordance with FRS20 Share Based Transactions. In accordance with the same Standard, the amounts pushed down by the ultimate parent undertaking are accounted for as distribution and recorded as a reduction of the share based payment reserve.

17.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2014 £	2013 £
	Profit/(loss) for the year	1,274,856	(1,325,051)
	Distribution	-	(3,469,566)
	Net (deduction from) shareholders' funds	1,274,856	(4,794,617)
	Opening shareholders' funds	761,519	5,556,136
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,036,375	761,519

### 18. Financial commitments

At 31 March 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and	Land and buildings	
	2014	2013	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
Between one and five years	1,169,552	1,169,552	
In over five years	1,430,496	-	
	2,600,048	1,169,552	

The company has only short term plant and machinery commitments.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

 	 con	tinued

19.	Capital commitments	2014 £	2013 £
	Details of capital commitments at the accounting date are as follows:		
	Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	-	13,550

# 20. Related party transactions

No disclosure has been made within these financial statements of any transaction with the ultimate parent company or fellow subsidiaries in accordance with the exemptions allowed by FRS8.

# 21. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent company and controlling party of the company is Take Two Interactive Software Inc. Copies of the group financial statements of Take Two Interactive Software Inc. are available from 622 Broadway, New York, NY 10012, United States of America.