By Word of Mouth Limited

3: 3:

Financial statements
For the year ended 30 April 2005

Grant Thornton &



Company No. 3310603

Company information

Company registration number

3310603

Registered office

Counties House Keswick Road Putney SW15 2HZ

Directors

J Tinne R Perry

A Roestenburg M Connolly

Secretary

B Watson

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc

7th Floor

United Kingdom House 180 Oxford Street

London W1D 1EA

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors Enterprise House 115 Edmund Street Birmingham

B3 2HJ

Index

1: 3:

Report of the directors	3 - 4
Report of the independent auditors	5 - 6
Principal accounting policies	7 - 8
Profit and loss account	Ş
Balance sheet	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 16

Report of the directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2005.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company during the year was the provision of catering services.

There was a loss for the after taxation amounting to £301,278 (2004: loss of £148,659).

Results and dividends

The trading results for the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements.

The directors have not recommended a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

M Lloyd Owen (resigned 31 July 2005)

J Lloyd Owen (resigned 31 July 2005)

J Tinne

S Hawkins (resigned 27 September 2004)

R Perry

H Miller-Brown(resigned 30 September 2005)

A Roestenburg

N Brewster (resigned 31 July 2005)

M Connolly (appointed 10 January 2005)

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of the group directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company.

Directors' responsibilities

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

By Word of Mouth Limited Financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2005

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Grant Thornton UK LLP as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

BY OF THE BOARD

Grant Thornton &

Report of the independent auditors to the members of By Word of Mouth Limited

We have audited the financial statements of By Word of Mouth Limited for the year ended 30 April 2005 which comprise the principal accounting policies, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes 1 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the report of the directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the report of the directors and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

Report of the independent auditors to the members of By Word of Mouth Limited (continued)

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 April 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON UK LLP
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

BIRMINGHAM

4 November corps

Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the parent undertaking has pledged to continue to offer financial support for the foreseeable future. The Group directors have prepared cashflow forecasts which make certain assumptions regarding trading and that the payment of loan notes due by the parent company in January 2006 is deferred for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. On the basis of these assumptions the forecasts demonstrate that the group has sufficient finance facilities available to allow the business to continue for the foreseeable future.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Related parties transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Simply Smart Group Limited, the consolidated accounts of which are publicly available. Accordingly, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with members or investees of The Simply Smart Group Limited group.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets and depreciation

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property - over the life of the lease

Motor vehicles - 4 years
Kitchen equipment - 4 years
Office equipment - 4 years

Stocks

1.

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

Profit and loss account

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	1	3,788,772	4,256,065
Cost of sales		2,879,211	3,189,628
Gross profit		909,561	1,066,437
Other operating charges	2	1,209,639	1,214,632
Operating loss	3	(300,078)	(148,195)
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	- (1,200)	780 (1,244)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(301,278)	(148,659)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	_	_
Loss for the financial year	18	(301,278)	(148,659)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

Balance sheet

1: 1:

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Fixed assets	8	05 177	104.029
Tangible assets	0	95,177	104,038
Current assets			
Stocks	9	44,976	52,281
Debtors	10	407,923	633,050
Cash at bank and in hand		512,415	364,248
		965,314	1,049,579
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	1,565,298	912,309
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(599,984)	137,270
Total assets less current liabilities		(504,807)	241,308
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		444,837
		(504,807)	(203,529)
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	17	18,401	18,401
Profit and loss account	18	(523,208)	(221,930)
Deficiency	19	(504,807)	(203,529)

These financial statements were approved by the directors on their behalf by:

and are signed on

J Inne Director A A Roestenburg Director

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Turnover

2

3

Vehicles

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover is given below:

2-1-1 M-1-1-7 OX 102210 (OX 1	2005 £	2004 £
United Kingdom	3,788,772	4,256,065
Other operating income and charges		
	2005 £	2004 £
Administrative expenses	1,209,639	1,214,632
Operating loss		
Operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Management charges from parent undertaking	400,000	440,000
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	20,756	20,664
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase agreements	8,486	11,317
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	(2,337)	1,050
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit fees	6,000	6,000
Taxation fees	1,500	1,500
Operating lease costs:		

20,508

14,279

4 Directors and employees

14 14

5

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

	2005 No	2004 No
Number of administrative staff	6	4
Number of management staff	7	7
Number of catering staff	40	42
	53	53
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,083,439	1,051,421
Social security costs	113,927	107,915
Other pension costs	10,544	10,115
	1,207,910	1,169,451
Directors		
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Emoluments receivable	288,571	306,216
Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2,273	2,730
7,1	290,844	308,946
Emoluments of highest paid director:		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	80,000	80,000
The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows:		
	2005	2004
	No	No
Money purchase schemes	3	3

6 Interest payable and similar charges

; ·,

	2005 £	2004 £
Interest payable on bank borrowing Finance charges	_ 1,200	44 1,200
	1,200	1,244

7 Taxation on ordinary activities

There is no tax charge for the year.

Unrelieved tax losses of approximately £519,000 (2004: £213,000) remain available to offset against future taxable trading profits. The deferred tax asset not provided in connection with these losses amounts to approximately £99,000 (2004: £40,000).

Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2004 - 19%).

	2005 £	2004 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(301,278)	(148,659)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in		
the UK of 19%	(57,243)	(28,245)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(1,427)	205
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	529	122
Tax losses carried forward	58,141	27,918
Total current tax	_	

8 Tangible fixed assets

14 34

	Leasehold property £	Kitchen equipment £	Motor vehicles	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 May 2004	68,052	111,896	96,986	13,314	290,248
Additions	_	15,269	3,404	10,119	28,792
Disposals	_	*****	(24,664)	· —	(24,664)
At 30 April 2005	68,052	127,165	75,726	23,433	294,376
Depreciation					
At 1 May 2004	51,5 87	81,591	46,839	6,193	186,210
Charge for the year	4,491	10,369	11,289	3,093	29,242
On disposals	-	_	(16,253)	_	(16,253)
At 30 April 2005	56,078	91,960	41,875	9,286	199,199
Net book value					
At 30 April 2005	11,974	35,205	33,851	14,147	95,177
At 30 April 2004	16,465	30,305	50,147	7,121	104,038

Included within the net book value of £95,177 is £25,461 (2004 - £33,947) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £8,486 (2004 - £11,317).

9 Stocks

		2005 £	2004 £
	Goods for resale	44,976	52,281
10	Debtors		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	330,521 - 1,200 76,202 407,923	589,953 3,033 1,217 38,847 633,050

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

15 15

12

13

£	
Payments received on account 311,980 109	9,500
	5,393
Amounts owed to group undertakings 842,911	_
0 1	5,815
),446
Amounts due under hire purchase agreements 4,900 10	0,063
	1,014
· ·	3,078
1,565,298 912	2,309
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	
2005	2004
£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings – 440	0,000
Amounts due under hire purchase agreements -	4,837
	4,837
<u> </u>	
Commitments under hire purchase agreements	
Future commitments under hire purchase agreements are as follows:	
2005	2004
£	£
Amounts payable within 1 year 4,900 10	0,063
	4,837

14 Leasing commitments

At 30 April 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

4,900

14,900

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2005 2004		2005	2004
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
Within 1 year	11,500	-	_	8,222
Within 2 to 5 years	45,159	56,659	12,861	_
	56,659	56,659	12,861	8,222

15 Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments at 30 April 2005 or 30 April 2004.

16 Contingent liabilities

The company is party to a multi-lateral guarantee given to the group's bankers and providers of finance to secure all monies due or to become due from members of the group headed by The Simply Smart Group Limited. At 30 April 2005 there was a maximum contingent liability under this guarantee amounting to £6,617,897 (2004: £5,041,391).

17 Share capital

	Authorised share capital:				
				2005 £	2004 £
	19.401 Oudinger, shares of Classes				
	18,401 Ordinary shares of £1 each			18,401	18,401
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	***		2004	
		2005 No	£	2004 No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	18,401	18,401	18,401	18,401
18	Profit and loss account				
				2005	2004
				£	£
	Balance brought forward Accumulated loss for the financial year			(221,930) (301,278)	(73,271) (148,659)
	Balance carried forward			(523,208)	(221,930)
19	Reconciliation of movements in shareh	olders' funds			
				2005	2004
				£	£
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' equity deficit			(301,278) (203,529)	(148,659) (54,870)
	Closing shareholders' equity deficit			(504,807)	(203,529)

20 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's controlling party is The Simply Smart Group Limited, by virtue of its 100% shareholding. The company's ultimate controlling party is Sand Aire Private Equity Limited.