Registered number: 3303791 Charity number: 1064606

## **BEER SHMUEL LIMITED**

(A company limited by guarantee)

## **UNAUDITED**

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

WEDNESDAY



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· (A company limited by guarantee)

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## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE COMPANY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

Trustees YM Pinter, Director/Trustee

P Lowin, Director/Trustee

Company registered

number

3303791

**Charity registered** 

number

1064606

Registered office

11c Grosvenor Way

London E5 9ND

**Accountants** 

Wolffe Accountancy Services Ltd

34 Braydon Road

London N16 6QB

**Bankers** 

Santander UK plc

Bridle Road Bootlle Merseyside L30 4GB

## TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

The Trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements of the Company for the year 1 February 2019 to 31 January 2020. The Annual report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report and a directors' report under company law. The Trustees confirm that the Annual report and financial statements of the charitable company comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the charitable company's governing document and the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2019).

Since the Company qualifies as small under section 382 of the Companies Act 2006, the Strategic report required of medium and large companies under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 has been omitted.

#### Objectives and activities

#### a. Policies and objectives

This charity, which is also known as "The Pinters' Kolel", "Kollel Divrei Avrohom", "Imry Chaim College" and "Divrei Avrohom Rabbinical Institute", was set up by a Memorandum and Articles of Association on 17 January 1997 for the relief of poverty, the advancement of education in England and general charitable activities.

In setting objectives and planning for activities, the Trustees have given due consideration to general guidance published by the Charity Commission relating to public benefit, including the guidance 'Public benefit: running a charity (PB2)'.

### Achievements and performance

#### a. Review of activities

At present the charity provides bursaries and facilities for older students continuing their rabbinical research and grants for the advancement of education, religion, relief of poverty and the needy. The charity's facilities are used for educational advice. Additionally an educational holiday is usually organised for families from deprived inner city areas in a relaxing atmosphere with fresh countryside air. Grants of £1,050 (2019 - £720) were made during the year. The results are as shown on the accounts.

#### Financial review

#### a. Reserves policy

In the opinion of the directors/trustees, the funds of the charity are sufficient for its purposes. The charity has policy of trying to ensure that it has liquid funds equal to at least four weeks' projected bursary payments. The reserves of £40,775 (2019 - £34,036) reflect this.

#### Structure, governance and management

### a. Constitution

Beer Shmuel Limited is registered as a charitable company limited by guarantee and was set up by a Memorandum of Association.

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

#### Structure, governance and management (continued)

#### b. Methods of appointment or election of Trustees

The management of the Company is the responsibility of the Trustees who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the Trust deed.

#### Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the Company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees on 22 November 2020 and signed on their behalf by:

YM Pinter Trustee

#### INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

#### Independent examiner's report to the Trustees of Beer Shmuel Limited ('the Company')

I report to the charity Trustees on my examination of the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 January 2020.

#### Responsibilities and basis of report

As the Trustees of the Company (and its directors for the purposes of company law) you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ('the 2006 Act').

Having satisfied myself that the accounts of the Company are not required to be audited under Part 16 of the 2006 Act and are eligible for independent examination, I report in respect of my examination of the Company's accounts carried out under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011 ('the 2011 Act'). In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

#### Independent examiner's statement

Since the Company's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the 2011 Act. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of ACCA, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe:

- accounting records were not kept in respect of the Company as required by section 386 of the 2006 Act;
- 2. the accounts do not accord with those records; or

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- the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements of section 396 of the 2006 Act other than
  any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair' view which is not a matter considered as part of
  an independent examination; or
- 4. the accounts have not been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice for accounting and reporting by charities [applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)].

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Signed:

Dated: 22 November 2020

D Wolffe

**FCCA** 

34 Braydon Road London N16 6QB

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

	Note	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £	Total funds 2019 £
Income from:				
Donations and legacies	3	272,292	272,292	288,475
Total income	•	272,292	272,292	288,475
Expenditure on:	•			
Raising funds	4	1,083	1,083	850
Charitable activities		264,470	264,470	267,620
Total expenditure	- -	265,553	265,553	268,470
Net movement in funds	<del>,</del> -	6,739	6,739	20,005
Reconciliation of funds:	•			
Total funds brought forward		34,036	34,036	14,031
Net movement in funds		6,739	6,739	20,005
Total funds carried forward	-	40,775	40,775	34,036

The Statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 3303791

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JANUARY 2020

			2020		2019
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		6,388		7,122
		_	6,388	_	7,122
Current assets					
Debtors	7	11,915		11,916	
Cash at bank and in hand		26,466		19,630	
	_	38,381		31,546	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(3,994)		(4,632)	
Net current assets	<del></del> -		34,387		26,914
Total assets less current liabilities		_	40,775		34,036
Net assets excluding pension asset		<del>-</del>	40,775	_	34,036
Total net assets		=	40,775	=	34,036
Charity funds					
Restricted funds			40,775		34,036
Unrestricted funds		_	-	_	
Total funds		_	40,775	_	34,036

The Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The Trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees on 22 November 2020 and signed on their behalf by:

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 3303791

## BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 JANUARY 2020

YM Pinter

Trustee

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

#### 1. General information

This charity, which is also known as "The Pinters' Kolel", "Kollel Divrei Avrohom", "Imry Chaim College" and "Divrei Avrohom Rabbinical Institute", was set up by a Memorandum and Articles of Association on 17 January 1997 for the relief of poverty, the advancement of education in England and general charitable activities.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Beer Shmuel Limited meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

#### 2.2 Income

All income is recognised once the Company has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

The recognition of income from legacies is dependent on establishing entitlement, the probability of receipt and the ability to estimate with sufficient accuracy the amount receivable. Evidence of entitlement to a legacy exists when the Company has sufficient evidence that a gift has been left to them (through knowledge of the existence of a valid will and the death of the benefactor) and the executor is satisfied that the property in question will not be required to satisfy claims in the estate. Receipt of a legacy must be recognised when it is probable that it will be received and the fair value of the amount receivable, which will generally be the expected cash amount to be distributed to the Company, can be reliably measured.

#### 2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles	-	25%
Furniture	-	15%
Office equipment	-	15%
Books	-	10%

#### 2.5 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

#### 2.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

#### 2.7 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

#### 2.8 Fund accounting

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the Company for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

## 3. Income from donations and legacies

4.

	Restricted funds 2020	Total funds 2020 £
Donations	92,760	92,760
Income from Charitable Activities	171,752	171,752
Holiday Funds	7,780	7,780
	272,292	272,292
•	Restricted funds 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
Donations	105,144	105,144
Income from Charitable Activities	176,731	176,731
Holiday Funds	6,600	6,600
	288,475	288,475
Expenditure on raising funds		
Costs of raising voluntary income		
	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
Function	682	682
Advertising	401	401
•		

1,083

1,083

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

## 4. Expenditure on raising funds (continued)

Costs of raising voluntary income (continued)

	Restricted funds 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
Function	300	300
Printing, postage and stationary	394	394
Advertising	156	156
	850	850

### 5. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
Charitable Grants	1,050	1,050
Bursaries Provided	96,843	96,843
Camp Costs	164,337	164,337
Other Charitable Costs	1,840	1,840
Accountancy Fees	400	400
- -	264,470	264,470

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

5.	Analysis of expenditure by	y activities (conti	nued)			
					Activities undertaken directly 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
	Charitable Grants				720	720
	<b>Bursaries Provided</b>				84,865	84,865
	Camp Costs				172,021	172,021
	Other Charitable Costs				9,651	9,651
	Accountancy Fees				363	363
					267,620	267,620
6.	Tangible fixed assets					
	·	Motor vehicles		Office		
		£	Furniture £	equipment £	Books £	Total £
	Cost or valuation					Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 February 2019					
		£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 February 2019	£	£	£	£ 13,173	£ 21,843
	At 1 February 2019 Additions	£ 450	7,700 -	£ 520	£ 13,173 126	£ 21,843 126
	At 1 February 2019 Additions At 31 January 2020	£ 450	7,700 -	£ 520	£ 13,173 126	£ 21,843 126
	At 1 February 2019 Additions  At 31 January 2020  Depreciation	450 - - 450	7,700 - 7,700	520 - 520	£ 13,173 126 13,299	21,843 126 21,969
	At 1 February 2019 Additions  At 31 January 2020  Depreciation At 1 February 2019	450 - - 450	7,700 - 7,700	520 - - 520 78	13,173 126 13,299	21,843 126 21,969
	At 1 February 2019 Additions  At 31 January 2020  Depreciation At 1 February 2019 Charge for the year	450 - 450 - 260 48	7,700 - 7,700 - 6,028 251	520 - 520 78 66	13,173 126 13,299 8,355 495	21,843 126 21,969 14,721 860
	At 1 February 2019 Additions  At 31 January 2020  Depreciation At 1 February 2019 Charge for the year  At 31 January 2020	450 - 450 - 260 48	7,700 - 7,700 - 6,028 251	520 - 520 78 66	13,173 126 13,299 8,355 495	21,843 126 21,969 14,721 860

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

7.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Due within one year	•	
	Trade debtors	1,105	1,105
	Other debtors	10,810	10,811
		11,915	11,916
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Other creditors	3,594	3,594
	Accruals and deferred income	400	1,038
		3,994	4,632
9.	Analysis of net assets between funds		
	Analysis of net assets between funds - current year		
		Restricted funds 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
	Tangible fixed assets	6,388	6,388
	Current assets	38,381	38,381
	Creditors due within one year	(3,994)	(3,994)
	Total	40,775	40,775

(A company limited by guarantee)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

### 9. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	Restricted funds 2019	Total funds 2019 £
Tangible fixed assets	7,122	7,122
Current assets	31,546	31,546
Creditors due within one year	(4,632)	(4,632)
Total	34,036	34,036

### 10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Rabbi Y M Pinter and Mrs P Lowin. As at the year-end Rabbi Pinter was owed £2,400 (2019 – £2,400) this amount does not bear interest and is repayable by mutual consent. The cost of the use of premises of £600 was paid to Yeshuas Chaim Synagogue one of whose trustees is Rabbi Y M Pinter.