St Philips Care Limited Abbreviated Financial Statements 31 March 2016



PLANT & CO LIMITED

Chartered accountant 17 Lichfield Street Stone Staffordshire ST15 8NA

Abbreviated Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2016

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mrs. K A Hartland ACCA

Mr. G M Hartland FCCA

Dr A J Hartland **Company secretary**

Registered office 17 Lichfield Street

Stone

Staffordshire ST15 8NA

Accountants Plant & Co Limited

Chartered accountant

Independent Auditor's Report to St Philips Care Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

Year ended 31 March 2016

We have examined the abbreviated financial statements which comprise the abbreviated statement of financial position and the related notes, together with the financial statements of St Philips Care Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholder as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholder those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholder as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated financial statements in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements and that the abbreviated financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

P J Plant BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Plant & Co Limited Chartered accountant

17 Lichfield Street Stone Staffordshire ST15 8NA

29 December 2016

Abbreviated Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2016

		2016		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	2		-	1
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		280,099 12,153		4,899 —
		292,252		4,899
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		152,303		101,623
Net current assets/(liabilities)			139,949	(96,724)
Total assets less current liabilities			139,949	(96,723)
Net assets/(liabilities)			139,949	(96,723)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	3		150	150
Profit and loss account			139,799	(96,873)
Shareholder funds/(deficit)			139,949	(96,723)

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These abbreviated financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 December 2016, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. G M Hartland FCCA Director

Company registration number: 03298131

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2016

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

2. Investments

	L
Cost At 1 April 2015	1
Disposals	
At 31 March 2016	<u>-</u>
Impairment At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016	
Carrying amount	. =
At 31 March 2015	1

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2016

3. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	150	150	150	150
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