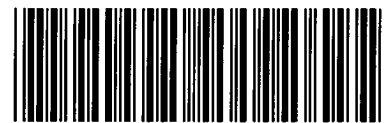


COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 3297695

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED
FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 MARCH 2017

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PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	11,971	14,083
Current assets			
Stocks		21,548	22,769
Debtors	6	81,541	77,883
Cash at bank and in hand		102,978	100,980
		<u>206,067</u>	<u>201,632</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>54,073</u>	<u>57,092</u>
Net current assets		151,994	144,540
Total assets less current liabilities		163,965	158,623
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		2,122	2,484
Net assets		<u>161,843</u>	<u>156,139</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		3	3
Profit and loss account		161,840	156,136
Members funds		<u>161,843</u>	<u>156,139</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position
continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

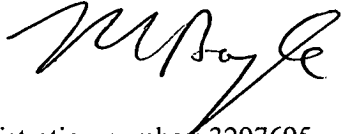
PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 MARCH 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 June 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

M Boyle
Director



A Crane
Director



Company registration number: 3297695

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 4, Southern Cross Industrial Estate, Freemans Road, Portslade, Brighton, BN41 1GS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

No material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the directors.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Income tax *(continued)*

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery	- 15% reducing balance
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Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Impairment of fixed assets *(continued)*

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 4 (2016: 6).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 Apr 2016 and 31 Mar 2017	<u>77,897</u>	<u>77,897</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2016	63,814	63,814
Charge for the year	<u>2,112</u>	<u>2,112</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>65,926</u>	<u>65,926</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2017	<u>11,971</u>	<u>11,971</u>
At 31 March 2016	<u>14,083</u>	<u>14,083</u>

6. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	36,130	30,334
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	23,430	26,147
Other debtors	<u>21,981</u>	<u>21,402</u>
	<u>81,541</u>	<u>77,883</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	18,214	18,532
Corporation tax	23,571	24,789
Social security and other taxes	10,168	11,651
Other creditors	<u>2,120</u>	<u>2,120</u>
	<u>54,073</u>	<u>57,092</u>

PREMIER DIRECT WINDOWS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

8. Related party transactions

During the year sales of £214,331 (2016: £259,250) were made to Premier Windows, Doors and Conservatories Limited, the holding company of Premier Direct Windows Limited. Additionally payments were made to the above named company during the year for management expenses of £18,000 (2016: £18,000), rent £27,960 (2016: £25,200), marketing £12,000 (2016: £12,000), salary recharges £10,000 (2016: £10,000) and dividends £58,000 (2016: £62,000). The balance of the movement relates to the net financing given during the year.

Included in amounts owed by group undertakings is a balance due from Premier Windows, Doors and Conservatories Limited of £23,430 (2016: £26,147).

9. Controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of Premier Windows, Doors and Conservatories Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The registered office of this company is 168 Church Road, Hove, East Sussex, BN3 2DL

10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.