Registration number: 03286263

KWL Logistics Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

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Company Information

Director Mr Jason Henry Flower

Registered office 11-15 Schneider Close

Carr Road Commercial Centre

Felixstowe Suffolk IP11 3SS

Accountants Jacobs Allen Limited

Chartered Accountants & Chartered Tax Advisers

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(Registration number: 03286263) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	39,699	13,823
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	1,187,085	999,013
Cash at bank and in hand		780,557	856,797
		1,967,642	1,855,810
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,426,046)	(1,483,158)
Net current assets		541,596	372,652
Total assets less current liabilities		581,295	386,475
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(18,491)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(7,543)	(2,356)
Net assets		555,261	384,119
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		555,259	384,117
Total equity		555,261	384,119

For the financial year ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 03286263) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2019

Approved and authorised b	by the director on 8 April 2019

Mr Jason Henry Flower	
Director	
	The notes on pages 4 to 0 form an integral part of these financial statements
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 11-15 Schneider Close Carr Road Commercial Centre Felixstowe Suffolk IP11 3SS United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 8 April 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor vehicles25% straight lineOffice equipment15%/25% straight lineWebsite25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised at their fair value at inception of the lease or contract. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset at the depreciation rates indicated above. The corresponding liability is included in the Balance Sheet within creditors.

Finance lease and hire purchase payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the related obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 14 (2018 - 13).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 February 2018	62,641	8,250	850	71,741
Additions	6,155	28,445	-	34,600
Disposals	(3,926)	(8,250)	-	(12,176)
At 31 January 2019	64,870	28,445	850	94,165
Depreciation				
At 1 February 2018	49,048	8,250	620	57,918
Charge for the year	4,956	3,556	212	8,724
Eliminated on disposal	(3,926)	(8,250)		(12,176)
At 31 January 2019	50,078	3,556	832	54,466
Carrying amount				
At 31 January 2019	14,792	24,889	18	39,699
At 31 January 2018	13,593		230	13,823

5 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	657,442	579,269
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a	412.146	227.027
participating interest	412,146	326,826
Prepayments and accrued income	111,569	77,099
Other debtors	5,928	15,819
	1,187,085	999,013

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	3,833	-
Trade creditors	1,092,298	1,047,764
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	68,872	68,713
Taxation and social security	48,847	63,072
Other creditors	212,196	303,609
	1,426,046	1,483,158

The net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year		
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	18,491	

The net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

,	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £91,988 (2018 - £71,817). These commitments relate to operating lease agreements.

The total amount of guarantees not included in the balance sheet is £100,000 (2018 - £250,000). The company provided a guarantee for a bank loan owing by its ultimate parent company, KWL (Felixstowe) Limited which at the reporting date amounted to £75,000 (2018 - £225,000) but has since been fully repaid. The guarantee was supported by a debenture involving charges over the assets of KWL Logistics Limited. Security has also been provided in the form of a charge over a bank balance of £25,000 (2018 £25,000) in respect of other bank guarantee arrangements.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.