## **Alchemy Venture Partners Limited**

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 3274858 For the Year Ended 30 June 2012

Macfarlanes LLP 20 Cursitor Street London EC4A 1LT



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Alchemy Venture Partners Limited Directors' report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2012

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## Directors' report

### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is that of a services company

The Directors are satisfied with the results for the year, being in line with expectations. As planned, services provided to group companies continued during the year as the group diversified. This was the fifth year in which a full year's contribution was received from the Special Opportunities investment management business, and the Directors look forward to further growth in this area in the coming years.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £22,040 (30 June 2011 £87,464)

The directors declared and paid a dividend of £50,000 during the year (30 June 2011 £60,000)

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company who held office throughout the year, unless otherwise stated, were

G Loughrey

D Slade (Appointed 22 August 2011, Resigned 16 October 2012) S Oakland (Appointed 13 December 2011, Resigned 16 October 2012)

J Newton
J Rowland

(Resigned 18 April 2012)

J Kowiand

S Woodman (Resigned 12 August 2011)

#### Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

## Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

By order of the board

John Rowland
Director

21 Palmer Street London SW1H 0AD 26 November 2012

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

## KPMG LLP

8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB United Kingdom

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Alchemy Venture Partners Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Alchemy Venture Partners Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Vincent Neate (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB United Kingdom November 2012

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2012

	Note	Year to 30 June 2012 £	Year to 30 June 2011
Turnover Administrative expenses		3,737,218 (3,647,267)	4,281,850 (4,178,705)
Operating profit Other income		89,951 51,719	103,145 35,984
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 4	141,670 (119,630)	139,129 (51,665)
Profit for the financial year		22,040	87,464

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the year stated above and their historical equivalents

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account, and so no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been prepared

All of the results shown in the above profit and loss account are from continuing operations

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements

# Balance sheet at 30 June 2012

	Note		ıne 2012		ine 2011
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5				191,429
Current assets Debtors amounts falling due within one year Cash at bank and in hand	6	893,353 96,741		1,088,637 14,263	
		990,094		1,102,900	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	7	(977,180)		(1,253,455)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			12,914		(150,555)
Total assets less current liabilities			12,914		40,874
Net assets			12,914		40,874
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	8		2		2
Profit and loss account			12,912		40,872
Shareholder's funds	9		12,914		40,874

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on its behalf by

26 November 2012 and were signed on

Gavin Loughrey
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements

#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

## Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts receivable for services provided, excluding value added tax

#### Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets so as to write them off over their anticipated useful lives at the following annual rates on a straight line basis

Fixtures and fittings

25%

Leasehold improvements

over the period of the lease

Computer equipment

50%

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Any deferred tax balance has not been discounted

#### Financial instruments

A financial instrument is recognised if the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument Financial assets are derecognised if the Company's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Company transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset Financial liabilities are derecognised if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled Gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the profit and loss account

Liabilities are recognised at inception at fair value of the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs, and are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Finance costs are recognised in the profit and loss account

#### Pension contributions

The company makes payments to a defined contribution pension scheme on behalf of certain of its employees The amount charged against profits represents the contributions paid or payable in respect of the accounting period

#### Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease Operating lease rental income is credited to the profit and loss account as it falls due

## 2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging

	Year to 30 June 2012	Year to 30 June 2011
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration Audit Tax Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets	15,500 6,500 178,867	17,000 6,500 99,565
3 Directors and other employees		
Staff costs including directors are as follows		
	Year to	Year to
	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,651,270	2,196,049
Social security costs	202,587	276,004
Other pension costs	66,401	94,045
	1,920,258	2,566,098
		=,+ 0 0,0 3 0

The average number of staff employed by the company during the year was 13 (2011 18)

There were six directors in office during the year (2011 six) No directors received any payments for their services (2011 nil)

## 4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in period				
, , ,	Year to		Year to	
	30 June 2012	3	30 June 2011	
	£	£	£	
UK corporation tax				
Current tax on income for the period	143,285	56,571		
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(18)	(414)		
		<del></del>		
Total current tax	143,267		56,157	
Deferred tax				
Origination of timing differences	(23,637)	(4,492)		
Total deferred tax	(22.627)		(4.402)	
I diai deterred tax	(23,637)		(4,492)	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	119,630		51,665	

## 4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

## Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (24%, 2011 26%) The differences are explained below

,	2012	2011
	£	£
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	141,670	139,129
Current tax at 25 50% (2011 27 50%)	36,130	38,260
Effects of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	27,636	13,386
Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	596	6,824
Other timing differences	28,451	(1,899)
Transfer pricing adjustment	50,472	-
Adjustment in respect of prior period	(18)	(414)
Total current tax charge (see above)	143,267	56,157
	<u>.                                    </u>	

The main rate of corporation tax decreased from 26% to 24% from 1 April 2012 However, where a company has an accounting period that straddles this date, the profit determined for the year should be split between the period before and after 1 April 2012 on a pro rata basis. This has resulted in Alchemy Venture Partners Limited having an effective tax rate of 25 5% for the year ended 30 June 2012

5	Tangible	fixed	assets
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5 Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures, fittings and	Computer equipment	Total
	leasehold improvements	equipment	
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 30 June 2011	403,033	190,710	593,743
Additions	3,684	7,967	11,651
Disposals	(406,717)	(198,677)	(605,394)
	<del></del>		
	-	-	-
	<del></del>		
Accumulated depreciation			
At 30 June 2011	228,538	173,776	402,314
Charge for the year	50,117	11,527	61,644
Disposals	(278,655)	(185,303)	(463,958)
	•	•	-
			<del></del>
Net book value			
30 June 2012	-	-	-
	<u></u>	<del></del>	
30 June 2011	174,495	16,934	191,429

All fixed assets were either written off or acquired by a group entity at net book value

6 Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
Amounts due from Group undertakings	16,176	-
Trade debtors Deferred tax asset	589,677	689,636
Prepayments and accrued income	52,236 235,264	28,600 370,401
repayments and accrued meome	233,204	
	893,353	1,088,637
7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
Amounts due to Group undertakings		359,546
Trade creditors	147,911	186,912
Taxation and social security	182,011	73,253
Accruals and deferred income	647,258	633,744
	977,180	1,253,455
8 Called up share capital	30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
9 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds		
	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	50 June 2012 £	50 Julie 2011 £
Profit for the financial period Dividend paid	22,040 (50,000)	87,464 (60,000)
Net (reduction)/addition to shareholder's funds	(27,960)	27,464
Opening shareholder's funds	40,874	13,410
Closing shareholder's funds	12,914	40,874

#### 10 Pensions

The company provides pension contributions to certain of its employees' individual personal pension schemes. Contributions are charged in the accounts as stated in note 1 and there were nil (30 June 2011 £2,515) contributions outstanding at the balance sheet date. Pension costs charged in the period were £66,401 (2011 £94,045)

#### 11 Cash flow statement

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised), the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement by virtue of the fact it is 100% owned by a Group undertaking that produces a consolidated cash flow statement

## 12 Related party transactions

Under Financial Reporting Standard No 8, the company is exempt from disclosing transactions within the Group as it is wholly owned by that Group whose consolidated financial statements, which include the company's results, are publicly available

#### 13 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Alchemy Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The consolidated Group accounts of Alchemy Partners LLP are available to the public and may be obtained from 21 Palmer Street, London, SW1H 0AD

Alchemy Partners LLP is the company's controlling and ultimate controlling party