Company Registration Number: 3266637

MMO UK LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2013



REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 31 DECEMBER 2013

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTOR

G P Nash

SECRETARY

I Wilson

REGISTERED OFFICE

Site A Kingmoor Park South Industrial Estate Queens Drive Carlisle CA6 4SB

AUDITOR

KPMG LLP 191 West George Street Glasgow G2 2LJ

STRATEGIC REPORT AND DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The director presents the annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

STRATEGIC REPORT

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity was to act as a corporate name at Lloyd's The company's final year of underwriting was the 2000 account The company does not intend to underwrite going forward

RESULTS

The company made a loss for the year of £767,000 (2012 loss of £710,000) due principally to the ongoing accrual of loan interest. As the company has no distributable reserves the director does not recommend the payment of a dividend (2012 £nil)

BUSINESS REVIEW

During 2005 syndicate 1265 was reinsured to close into syndicate 1861, managed by Marlborough Underwriting Agency Limited, with effect from 31 December 2004. As a result of significant underwriting losses, the company has drawn on the Lloyd's Central Fund to meet its liabilities to policyholders. The director considers the company is no longer a going concern, accordingly the financial statements have been drawn up on a discontinuance basis. The effect of this is explained in note 1 to the financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

GP Nash

Z September 2014

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

DIRECTOR

The director who held office during the year was as follows

G P Nash

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company does not enter into complex financial instruments

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the company did not make any charitable donations (2012 £nil)

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The director who held office at the date of approval of this director's report confirms that, so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

AUDITOR

On May 13th 2013 KPMG Audit Plc resigned as auditor of the company and KPMG LLP were appointed as auditor on the same day. There were no circumstances connected with KPMG Audit Plc's ceasing to hold office which they considered should be brought to the attention of the company's members or creditors.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

GP Nash

September 2014

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law he has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business. As stated in note 1, the financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to him to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MMO UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of MMO UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 set out on pages 5 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reasons set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the year then
 ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Philip Charles (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

191 West George Street Glasgow G2 2 LJ

2 September 2014

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Interest payable	2	(767) ———	(710)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3 6	(767)	(710)
Loss for the financial year	9	(767)	(710)

All activities for the current and preceding financial year derive from discontinued operations

No Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses is provided as there were no recognised gains or loss other than the results reflected above

The notes on pages 7 to 9 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

At 31 December 2013

Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	-	4
		<u> </u>
8	-	-
9	(27,236)	(26,469)
	(27,236)	(26,469)
7	27,236	26,473
	•	4
	8 9	£'000

The notes on pages $\dot{7}$ to 9 form part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 September 2014

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

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GP Nash Director

Company Registration Number 3266637

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2013

1 Basis of preparation and accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

The financial statements have been prepared on a discontinuance basis reflecting a deficit arising from the underwriting obligations to the syndicates in which the company participated, the fact the company's final year of underwriting was the 2000 accounts and that the company does not intend to underwrite and/or otherwise trade in the future. Underwriting liabilities are normally financed by assets lodged with Lloyd's, and letters of credit provided by investing shareholders if a company cannot meet its obligations by other means. All available letters of credit were fully utilised as at 31 December 2004 and the company was reliant on the Lloyd's Central Fund to meet its liabilities to policyholders. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a discontinuance basis. The impact of this is that all assets have been valued at their recoverable amounts. This has not had any financial impact on the financial statements of the company.

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size

b) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred. Deferred tax, without discounting, is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered.

2 Interest payable		
	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable on amounts due to Lloyd's	767	710
		
3 Loss on ordinary activities before tax		
	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Operating loss is stated after charging		
Auditor's Remuneration Audit of these financial statements	4	4

The audit fees for both the current and prior year were borne by the shareholders of the company

4 Employees

There were no employees, other than the director and consequently no staff costs were incurred other than director's remuneration during the current or previous year

5 Director's remuneration

The director received remuneration of £6,000 in respect of his services to the company during the current year (2012 £6,000) This expense was borne by the shareholders of the company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2013

6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
a) Analysis of charge in period		
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	-	-
b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(767)	(710)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	(150)	(174)
UK corporation tax of 23 25% (2012 24 50%) Effects of	(178)	(174)
Tax losses to be surrendered as group relief	178	174
		
Current credit for the year	-	-

c) Factors which may affect future tax charges

A deferred tax asset amounting to £3 3m (2012 £3 5m) in respect of unutilised trading losses carried forward of £16 7m has not been recognised due to uncertainty over sufficient taxable profits arising in the foreseeable future

Factors that may affect future current and total tax charges

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% (effective from 1 April 2013) and to 23% (effective 1 April 2014) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2013 and 3 July 2013 respectively. Further reductions to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2014. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax liability at the balance sheet date has been calculated based on the rates of 20% and 21% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

7 Creditors

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Due to former parent undertaking	17,196	17,196
Due to Lloyd's	10,006	9,240
Due to shareholders	28	31
Other creditors and accruals	6	6
		
	27,236	26,473

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2013

8 Called up share capital	2013 £	2012 £
Called up, allotted and fully paid 2 Ordinary £1 shares	2	2
9 Reconciliation of movements on shareholders' deficit	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Opening shareholders' deficit	(26,469)	(25,759)

10 Contingent liabilities

Closing shareholders' deficit

Result for the year

Where a company participates in a syndicate which closes, it pays a reinsurance to close premium to other Lloyd's Names or an insurer external to Lloyd's to assume its ongoing liabilities. The nature of this arrangement is that of reinsurance, such that the company retains liability in the event of failure of these Lloyd's Names and the Lloyd's chain of security or any external insurer. The directors consider the likelihood of such failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account.

(767)

(27,236)

(710)

(26,469)

11 Related parties

At the year end £13,000 (2012 £14,000) and £15,000 (2012 £17,000) were due to EWM (Topco) Limited and Robertson Group Limited respectively. These entities are related parties of the company by virtue of common control

12 Controlling parties

The controlling parties are The Edinburgh Woollen Mill (Group) Limited and Robertson Group Limited by virtue of their interests in the company's equity capital

The accounts of these companies are available to the public and can be obtained from

Robertson Group Limited Lomond Court Castle Business Park Stirling FK9 4TU

The Edinburgh Woollen Mill (Group) Limited Waverley Mills Langholm Dumfriesshire DG13 0EB