## Company Registration No. 03262434 (England and Wales)

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

THURSDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** D V Power

J R Bourn

Secretary M L Carroll

Company number 03262434

Registered office 22 Wycombe End

Beaconsfield Buckinghamshire

HP9 1NB

Accountants Harwood Hutton Limited

22 Wycombe End Beaconsfield Buckinghamshire

HP9 1NB

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# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	٠		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets Intangible assets Tangible assets	3		- 1,142,141		1 1,058,676	
<b>G</b>						
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4	511,595 536,662 304,668		439,998 541,607 189,332		
		1,352,925		1,170,937		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(874,331)		(1,017,355)		
Net current assets			478,594		153,582	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,620,735		1,212,259	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(242,621)		(301,048)	
Provisions for liabilities			(56,602)		-	
Net assets			1,321,512		911,211	
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	7		110		110	
Share premium account	•		16,815		16,815	
Profit and loss reserves			1,304,587		894,286	
Total equity			1,321,512		911,211	

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on its behalf by:

D V Power

Company Registration No. 03262434

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

EPTG Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 22 Wycombe End, Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire, HP9 1NB.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the normal course of business, and is shown net of discounts and VAT.

Revenue arises from the sale of polyurethane bushes and is recognised when the customer accepts delivery of the goods.

#### 1.3 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

#### 1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold Plant and machinery Fixtures, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles 25% on reducing balance and 2% on straight line 25% on reducing balance and 33 1/3% on straight line 25% on reducing balance 25% on reducing balance

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Basic financial assets

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price less any provision for impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans and other loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 1.11 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 24 (2017 - 22).

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2018	796,541	1,199,183	1,995,724
Additions	-	328,039	328,039
Disposals	-	(108,617) ———	(108,617)
At 31 December 2018	796,541	1,418,605	2,215,146
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 January 2018	109,676	827,371	937,047
Depreciation charged in the year	14,552	223,948	238,500
Eliminated in respect of disposals		(102,542)	(102,542)
At 31 December 2018	124,228	948,777	1,073,005
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	672,313 ————	469,828 ————	1,142,141
At 31 December 2017	686,865	371,811	1,058,676

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4	Debtors		
		2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	398,946	419,423
	Corporation tax recoverable	30,052	30,052
	Other debtors	107,664	92,132
		536,662	541,607
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	42,649	40,974
	Trade creditors	498,894	512,574
	Taxation and social security	20,507	21,856
	Other creditors	312,281	441,951
		874,331	1,017,355

Bank loans totalling £42,649 (2017 - £40,974) are secured by way of a mortgage over the company's freehold and leasehold properties, and by way of fixed and floating charges over all the other assets of the company.

Hire purchase creditors totalling £15,111 (2017 - £18,133) included in other creditors are secured on the assets to which they relate.

#### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans and overdrafts 242,621 Other creditors -	285,937 15,111
242,621	301,048

Bank loans totalling £242,621 (2017 - £285,937) are secured by way of a mortgage over the company's freehold and leasehold properties, and by way of fixed and floating charges over all the other assets of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Called up share capital	2018	2017
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
85 "A" ordinary shares of £1 each	85	85
15 "B" ordinary shares of £1 each	15	15
5 "C" ordinary shares of £1 each	5	5
5 "D" ordinary shares of £1 each	5	5
	110	110

#### 8 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Within one year	31,000	31,000
Between two and five years	82,767	113,767
	113,767	144,767

#### 9 Related party transactions

At the balance-sheet date, the company owed £231,343 (2017 - £340,314) to a director in respect of an interest free loan provided to the company.