

## Jetix Europe Limited

Annual report and financial statements  
for the year ended 30 September 2010

Registered number 3250589



Annual report and financial statements  
for the year ended 30 September 2010

Contents

	<b>Page</b>
Directors, Company Secretary and Auditors	1
Directors' report	2 – 4
Independent auditors' report	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 – 18

Directors, company secretary and auditors  
for the year ended 30 September 2010

Directors	Nigel Cook Peter Wiley
Company secretary	Nigel Cook
Independent auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH
Bankers	JP Morgan Chase Bank 125 London Wall London EC2Y 5AJ
Solicitors	Wiggin & Co The Quadrangle Imperial Square Cheltenham Gloucester GL50 1YX
Registered office	Chiswick Park, Building 12, 566 Chiswick High Road London W4 5AN

## Directors' report

For the year ended 30 September 2010

The Directors present their report together with the audited accounts and the auditors' report of Jetix Europe Limited (the 'Company') (registered number 3250589), for the year ended 30 September 2010

### Principal activities and review of the business

On 1 October 2009, the Company's trade and assets were sold to The Walt Disney Company Limited and all trading contracts have been transferred accordingly. The sale to The Walt Disney Company Limited was effected by means of an interest bearing loan note that enables the Company to meet its liabilities into the future. The Company therefore continues to be a going concern.

Historically, the Company's principal activity was the operation of children's television channels. On 3 August 2010, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced to 100 ordinary shares of £1 each through the cancellation of 5,950,500 ordinary shares of £1 each. The value of the cancelled shares was transferred to a distributable reserve together with the value of the share premium reserve of £53,857,587.

### Future developments and principal risk and uncertainties

The Company ceased trading on 1 October 2009 upon the sale of the Company's trade and assets to The Walt Disney Company Limited. The Company receives interest income on the loan made to The Walt Disney Company Limited that enables it to meet its liabilities as they arise. The Company therefore continues to be a going concern.

The Company's future performance could be affected by the following risk factors:

Foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations may cause financial losses. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates can reduce the value of the Company's assets and revenues and increase the Company's liabilities and costs.

### Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cashflow and fair value interest-rate risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

#### *(a) Market risk*

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US dollar and the euro.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

As a result of the Company's exposure to foreign exchange risk, there has been a gain in the year of £1.79 million (2009: £0.875 million loss). Management continuously monitors the Company's exposure to foreign exchange risk.

#### *(b) Credit risk*

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that sales of services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

## Directors' report (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2010

### (c) *Liquidity risk*

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents

### (d) *Cashflow and fair value interest rate risk*

The Company's interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents. Cash invested at a variable rate exposes the Company to cashflow interest rate risk. Cash invested at fixed rates exposes the Company to fair value interest rate risk. At September 30, 2010, none of the Company's cash was invested in fixed term bank deposits.

### (e) *Price Risk*

The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

## Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year ended 30 September 2010 amounted to £138,999,000 (2009: £593,000).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009: £nil).

## Directors

The Directors who served during the financial year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

Peter Wiley

Nigel Cook

## Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

## Directors' report (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2010

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Statement on disclosure of information to the auditors

- So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Directors as on the date of signing the report have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Chiswick Park,  
Building 12,  
566 Chiswick High Road  
London W4 5AN

On behalf of the Board

Nigel Cook

**Director**

16<sup>th</sup> December 2010



## **Independent auditors' report to the members of Jetix Europe Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Jetix Europe Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 September 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4 the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



Sonia Copeland (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors  
London  
16<sup>th</sup> December 2010

## Profit and loss account

For the year ended 30 September 2010

	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
<b>Turnover</b>	3	-	28,796
Administrative expenses		<u>1,876</u>	<u>(34,498)</u>
<b>Operating profit/ (loss)</b>	4	1,876	(5,702)
Profit on sale of the business	10	135,232	-
(Loss)/ profit on sale of an investment	10	(118)	1,355
Income from fixed asset investment		-	4,955
Interest receivable and similar income		3,520	63
Interest payable and similar charges		<u>-</u>	<u>(8)</u>
<b>Profit on ordinary activities before taxation</b>		140,510	663
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	<u>(1,511)</u>	<u>(70)</u>
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>	13	<u>138,999</u>	<u>593</u>

There are no material differences between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents

All the amounts stated above relate to continuing operations

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 18 are an integral part of these profit and loss accounts



**Balance Sheet**  
as at 30 September 2010

	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	8	-	186
Investment in subsidiaries	9	426	426
		<u>426</u>	<u>612</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	11	149,526	10,464
Cash		-	6,828
		<u>149,526</u>	<u>17,292</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	(2,735)	(9,686)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>146,791</u>	<u>7,606</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>147,217</u>	<u>8,218</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>147,217</u>	<u>8,218</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called-up share capital	13	-	5,951
Share premium	13	-	53,858
Other distributable reserves	13	59,809	-
Profit and loss account	13	87,408	(51,591)
<b>Total shareholders' funds</b>		<u>147,217</u>	<u>8,218</u>

The financial statements on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16<sup>th</sup> December 2010 and signed on its behalf by



Nigel Cook  
Director

16<sup>th</sup> December 2010

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### 1 Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been consistently applied throughout the current year and the preceding year.

#### *a) Basis of preparation*

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom and under Companies Act 2006. There are no indications that amounts receivable or payable by the Company are not going to be received or paid and therefore support these statements being prepared on a going concern basis. For the year ended 30 September 2010 the Company has prepared its annual financial statements in accordance with UK GAAP.

The financial statements contain information about Jetix Europe Limited as an individual Company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The Company is exempt under section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, The Walt Disney Company Inc, a Company registered in the United States of America.

Under the provisions of FRS 1 (Revised) "Cash flow statements", the Company has not prepared a cash flow statement because The Walt Disney Company, a Company incorporated in the United States of America, has prepared publicly available consolidated financial statements which include the financial statements of the Company for the financial year and which contain a consolidated cash flow statement.

The preparation of financial information in conformity with UK GAAP requires management to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. The key accounting estimates and judgements are explained in Note 2. There are certain areas of complexity which require a higher degree of judgement. These areas include revenue recognition, accounting for employee share-based compensation plans, provisions, allowances for doubtful accounts, and deferred taxation.)

#### *b) Revenue recognition*

Subscriber fees receivable from cable operators and Direct-to-home (DTH) broadcasters are generally recognised as revenue over the period for which the channels are provided and to which the fees relate. Subscriber revenue is recognised as contracted generally based upon the level of subscribers. Television advertising revenue is recognised as the commercials are aired. In certain countries, the Company commits to provide advertisers with certain rating levels in connection with their advertising. Revenue is recorded net of estimated shortfalls, which are usually settled by providing the advertiser additional advertising time. The revenue related to the shortfall, calculated based on the additional advertising to be provided, is deferred and released when the advertising has been fulfilled. Barter revenues, represent the receipt of services in exchange for advertising time on a television station. The fair value of the advertising surrendered is determinable based on the Company's own historical practice of receiving cash or other consideration that is readily convertible to a known cash amount for similar advertising from buyers unrelated to the counterparty in the barter transaction.

#### *c) Foreign currencies*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

rate of exchange prevailing on the balance sheet date. All resultant exchange differences have been dealt with in the profit and loss account for the year.

### d) *Advertising costs*

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

### e) *Tangible fixed assets*

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for intended use.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

Computer equipment and software                      - 3 years

Fixtures and fittings    - up to 10 years

### f) *Pensions*

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme under which it pays fixed contributions into publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in current and prior periods. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### g) *Taxation*

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred.

### h) *Share-based compensation*

Jetix Europe Limited employees have been granted stock options under the Jetix Discretionary Stock Option Scheme operated by Jetix Europe N.V. It is an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, which includes both share options and restricted shares. The fair value of the awards are measured at the date of grant and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, net of the fair value of those awards not expected to become exercisable.

At each balance sheet date, the estimate of the number of share options that are not expected to become exercisable are revised. The impact of the revision of the original estimate, if any, is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to the share capital (nominal value) and share premium of Jetix Europe N.V. when the options are exercised.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

Under the plan the restricted shares shall be paid in cash or in shares (or some combination of both) as determined by Jetix Europe N V in its discretion at the time of payment. Although the Group has no legal or constructive obligation to settle the restricted shares in cash, the Management Board of Jetix Europe N V has agreed that all restricted shares will be settled in cash. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the restricted shares is recognised as an expense. At each balance sheet date, and ultimately at the settlement date, the fair value of the liability is re-measured with any changes in fair value recognised in the profit and loss account for the year. The total net cost recognised in respect of the transaction will be the amount paid to settle the liability.

For any share-based compensation settled by the issuance of equity instruments of Jetix Europe N V, the Company records an expense and a corresponding increase in equity as a contribution from Jetix Europe N V.

### **2 Key accounting estimates and judgements**

In order to prepare the Company's financial statements in conformity with UK GAAP, management of the Company has to make estimates and judgements. The matters described below are considered to be the most important in understanding the judgements that are involved in preparing the statements and the uncertainties that could impact the amounts reported on the results of the preparation, financial condition and cashflow. Company accounting policies are described in Note 1.

#### *a) Provisions and accruals*

Provisions and accruals are recognised in the period it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events which can be reasonably estimated. The timing of recognition requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances which can be subject to change.

Estimates of the amounts of provisions recognised can differ from actuals. The carrying amounts of provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to take account of such changes. A change in estimate of a recognised provision would result in a charge or credit to income in the period in which the change occurs.

#### *b) Revenue recognition*

The Company recognises subscription revenue based on the numbers of subscribers to the channel operators. The number of subscribers is variable based on cancellations and new customers to the channel operators over the course of a financial year. Subscriber information is obtained from the channel operators approximately one month in arrears. As a result the Company estimates subscription revenues based on the prior month's subscription figures supplied by the channel operators.

#### *c) Income taxes*

The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### c) *Share-based compensation*

Share-based compensation expense is estimated on the grant date using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Future expense amounts for any particular quarterly or annual period could be affected by changes in management's assumptions or changes in market conditions.

### d) *Functional currency*

Each of the Company's subsidiaries and joint ventures has transactions in a number of different currencies. Management makes an assessment of the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates to determine the functional currency of the entity.

## 3 Turnover and segmental analysis

Turnover represents amounts receivable in respect of the principal activity, net of VAT and other sales-related taxes.

## 4 Operating profit/(loss)

This is stated after charging

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Staff costs (see note 5)	402	8,569
Salary recharges	(388)	-
Redundancy costs	-	2,981
Depreciation (see note 8)	-	110
Disposal of Fixed Assets	-	(276)
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit	24	145
Realised (profit)/ loss on foreign exchange	(1,794)	875
Operating lease rentals		
- plant and machinery	-	5,554
- other	-	2,360

## 5 Staff costs

	2010 Number	2009 Number
Average number of employees (including Directors) during the year		
Channels	-	99
Administration	9	32
	<u>9</u>	<u>131</u>

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	322	7,402
Social security costs	65	816
Other pension costs	15	351
	<u>402</u>	<u>8,569</u>

### 6 Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of the Directors in respect of services to the Company was as follows

	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate emoluments	-	1,236
Aggregate termination payments	-	1,397
Gains made on exercise of share options and restricted stock units	-	245
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	-	30
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,908</u>

The Directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2009 £2,908,000). The Directors are remunerated by The Walt Disney Company Limited, and details are available in the financial statements of that company.

### 7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

#### (a) Analysis of tax charge in period

	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
- Current tax	1,511	-
- Overseas tax	-	70
Total charge on ordinary activities	<u>1,511</u>	<u>70</u>

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### (b) Factors affecting tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period is lower (2009 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%). The differences are explained below

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	140,510	663
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate - 28%	39,343	186
Expenses not deductible for tax	-	(1,602)
Tax losses and other timing differences	-	1,658
Group relief surrendered for no consideration	-	138
Unrelieved foreign taxes	-	70
Non taxable capital disposal	(37,832)	(380)
Current tax charge for the period	<u>1,511</u>	<u>70</u>

The Company has no tax losses carried forward and no capital allowances carried forward. The 2009 tax losses carried forward and capital allowances carried forward were £47,369,000 and £4,883,000 respectively, which have been transferred to The Walt Disney Company Limited.

A number of changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the June 2010 Budget Statement. The Finance (No 2) Act 2010 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate by 1% per annum to 24% by 1 April 2014. The further proposed changes had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### 8 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Computer equipment and software £'000	Total £'000
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 October 2009	57	144	201
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	(57)	(144)	(201)
At 30 September 2010	-	-	-
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>			
At 1 October 2009	4	11	15
Charge for the year	-	-	-
Disposals	(4)	(11)	(15)
At 30 September 2010	-	-	-
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 1 October 2009	53	133	186
At 30 September 2010	-	-	-

### 9 Investments

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Cost	426	822
Less Disposals during the year	-	(396)
Net book value	426	426

The Company has investments in the following subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiary undertaking	Country of incorporation	Date of incorporation	Principal activity	Equity interest
Jetix Espana S L	Spain	24 June 1999	Children's television channel	50%
Jetix Entertainment Limited	UK	5 June 2000	Children's online and interactive activities	100%
Jetix Entertainment Services EPE	Greece	26 February 2002	Children's television channel	99%

The Directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets



## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### 10 Exceptional items

a) On 1 October 2009, the Company sold its trade and assets to The Walt Disney Company Ltd for \$228,839,000 (£143,824,199). The purchase price has been converted to an intercompany loan and will accrue interest on a quarterly basis. The sale has resulted in a gain of £135 million. Following the sale, the Company's trade, assets and all commitments were assumed by The Walt Disney Company Ltd. At 30 September 2010, Jetix Europe Limited held cash balances of £6,116,666 which will be transferred to The Walt Disney Company Limited on closure of the bank account.

The operating assets and liabilities of the Company as at the date of sale were as follows

	<b>Book value</b>
	<b>£'000</b>
Fixed assets	186
Debtors	10,464
Cash	6,828
Creditors	<u>(8,886)</u>
<b>Total value of net assets disposed</b>	<b><u>8,592</u></b>
<b>Consideration received</b>	<b><u>143,824</u></b>
<b>Profit arising on disposal</b>	<b><u>135,232</u></b>

b) In the prior accounting period, the Company sold its 68.06% interest in Jetix Europe S r l for £1,751,191. As a result, a gain on the sale of the investment of £1,355,351 was recognised. In the current accounting period, liabilities arose within Jetix Europe S r l that related to Jetix Europe Limited's period of ownership and based on indemnities contained in the sale agreement, the Company was required to pay the new shareholders the sum of £118,000.

### 11 Debtors

	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	-	1,305
Other taxation and social security	-	60
Due from Group undertakings	149,526	8,360
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>-</u>	<u>739</u>
	<b><u>149,526</u></b>	<b><u>10,464</u></b>

Amounts due from Group undertakings are unsecured and attract GBP 12 month LIBOR interest rates on a quarterly basis.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

## 12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Trade creditors	-	3,197
Due to Group undertakings	1,200	2,781
Corporation tax	1,511	-
Accruals and deferred income	24	3,708
	<u>2,735</u>	<u>9,686</u>

Amounts due to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

## 13 Called-up share capital and reserves

	2010 £	2009 £
Ordinary £1 equity shares		
10,000,000 authorised	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>
100 (2009 5,951,000) allotted, called up and fully paid	100	5,951,000

On 3 August 2010, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced to 100 ordinary shares of £1 each through the cancellation of 5,950,900 ordinary shares of £1 each. The value of the cancelled shares was transferred to a distributable reserve and the share premium reserve of £53,857,587

	Called-up share capital £' 000	Share premium £' 000	Other distributable reserves £' 000	Profit and loss account £' 000	Total £' 000
At 1 October 2009	5,951	53,858	-	(51,591)	8,218
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	138,999	138,999
Reduction of share capital	(5,951)	(53,858)	59,809	-	-
At 30 September 2010	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>59,809</u>	<u>87,408</u>	<u>147,217</u>

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### 14 Share-based payments

In prior years, Jetix Europe Ltd employees had been granted stock options under the Jetix Discretionary Stock Option Scheme operated by Jetix Europe N V. Jetix Europe N V granted options to acquire shares to personnel at exercise prices equal to or exceeding the market price at the date of grant. Options vest equally over a four-year period from the date of grant and expire ten years after the date of grant. Jetix Europe N V has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash. Movements in the number of Jetix share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follow:

	2010 Weighted average exercise price in Euro per share	Options	2009 Weighted average exercise price in Euro per share	Options
At 1 October	-	-	13.59	17,500
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	13.59	(17,500)
At 30 September	-	-	-	-

No share options were granted during the year ended 30 September 2010 (2009: None)

The weighted average share price of Jetix options exercised during the year was £nil (2009: £nil)

Certain Jetix Europe Limited employees were granted restricted shares. Details of the restricted shares activity is as follows:

	2010 Number of restricted shares	2009 Number of restricted shares
At 1 October	37,447	128,633
Forfeited	(10,679)	(41,387)
Employees transferred to The Walt Disney Company Ltd	(21,902)	-
Exercised	(4,866)	(49,799)
At 30 September	-	37,447

The restricted stock, issued during 2005, 2007 and 2008, vests in two equal parts at 24 months and 48 months from the grant date, respectively. There are no performance conditions attached to the issue.

The liability related to the restricted shares at 30 September 2010 is £nil (2009: £0.2 million)

The total share-based compensation credit recognised for the year ended 30 September 2010 was £nil (2009: £0.5 million charge), comprising of a share option charge of £nil (2009: £nil) and restricted share credit of £nil (2009: £0.5 million charge).

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30 September 2010

### **15 Ultimate parent company**

The immediate parent undertaking is Jetix Europe Channels B V

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is The Walt Disney Company Inc , a company incorporated in the United States of America

The Walt Disney Company Inc is the parent undertaking of the largest and only group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 2 October 2010 The consolidated financial statements of The Walt Disney Company Inc available from 500 South Buena Vista Street, Burbank CA 91521, United States of America

### **16 Related parties**

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose details of transactions with other members of the Disney group since it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of The Walt Disney Company Inc whose consolidated accounts are available to the public