## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2007





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### DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND ADVISERS

#### DIRECTORS

D Memory

G Kingsmill

### **SECRETARY**

D Memory

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Continuity House London Road Bracknell Berkshire

RG12 2XH

### AUDITOR

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

#### **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank Plc Blackwater Valley Group PO Box 191 Camberley Surrey GU15 3GS

#### **SOLICITORS**

Norton Rose 3 More London Riverside London SEI 2AQ

# GW 1264 Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of GW 1264 Limited for the year ended 30 June 2007

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of an intermediate holding company. The company did not trade during the year

#### DIVIDENDS

The directors are precluded from the payment of a preference dividend (2006 £Nil)

#### DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office during the period

S P Samuel	(Resigned 30 November 2007)
l Daly	(Resigned 30 September 2007)
D Memory	(Appointed 17th September 2007)
G Kingsmill	(Appointed 30 <sup>th</sup> November 2007)
T Salkield	(Resigned 16th October 2006)

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND DEBENTURES

None of the directors held any interest in the share capital of the company at 30 June 2007

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

#### **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP are not seeking reappointment as auditor and a resolution to appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditor will be put to the members at the annual general meeting

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small entities

By order of the board

Secretary

12 June 2008

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- b make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- c prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GW 1264 LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs at 30 June 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and, the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Baker Titly UK Audit LLP BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

12 June 2008

### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 30 June 2007

	Notes	2007 12 Months £	2006 18 Months £
TURNOVER	1	-	750
Gross profit			750
Other operating expenses	2	(55,623)	(1 827)
OPERATING LOSS		(55 623)	(1 077)
Investment income	3	-	5 317
Amounts written off fixed asset investments	7	-	(135,371)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	(55 623)	(131 131)
Taxation	6	-	39
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	13	(55,623)	(131,092)

The operating loss for the period arises from the company's continuing operations

No separate statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the profit and loss account

## BALANCE SHEET

30 June 2007

	Notes	2007 £	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	7	-	-
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CUDDENT ACCETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	8	-	87 464
Cash at bank and in hand	C	2,110	2,110
		2,110	89,574
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,850)	(34,691)
CREDITIONS Amount Among the Amount of the			
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES) / ASSETS		(740)	54,883
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(97,000)	(97,000)
NET LIABILITIES		(97,740)	(42,117)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	49,851	49,851
Share premium account	12	31,000	31,000
Profit and loss account	13	(178 591)	(122 968)
SHAREHOLDERS DEFICIT	14	(97 740)	(42,117)
			<del></del>

Approved and authorised for Issue by the board on 12 June 2008

Director

D Memory

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### for the year ended 30 June 2007

Basis of preparation

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The accounts present information about the company itself and do not include information regarding its subsidiary undertaking. The company is exempt from producing consolidated accounts under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is largely derived from services provided within the group and exclude Value Added Tax

Cash flow statement

The company has relied on the exemptions conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to publish a cash flow statement

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounting basis

Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits and if not they are included in shareholders' funds.

Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments issued are classified as financial liabilities financial assets or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement and the definitions of 'financial liability' and equity instrument' as set out in Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 25, as is required by that standard. Interest or dividends relating to financial liability or asset are recognised as an expense or income respectively within the interest section of the profit and loss account. Distributions paid to holders of an equity instrument are charged directly to reserves.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

Comparatives

The comparative period represents the period from 1 January 2005 to 30 June 2006

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2007

### 1 TURNOVER AND LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The company's turnover and loss before taxation were all derived from its principal activity. All sales were made in the United Kingdom

2	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2007 12 Months £	2006 18 Months £
	Administration expenses	55,623	1,827
3	INVESTMENT INCOME	2007 12 Months £	2006 18 Months £
	Interest from group loans	- 	5,317
4	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2007 12 Months £	2006 18 Months £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after Charging Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration —non audit services Provision against amounts due from parent undertaking	850 500 54,657	875 875 -
5	EMPLOYEES	2007 12 Months No	2006 18 Months No
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group during the period was Administration	2 2	2 2
	Directors remuneration	Nil	N <sub>1</sub> 1

No amounts were paid to employees or directors during the period (2006) Nil)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2007

6	TAXATION	2007 12 Months £	2006 18 Months £
	Based on the result for the period		
	UK corporation tax	-	(39)
	Over provision in earlier years	-	(37)
	Total current tax	<del></del>	(39)
			<del></del> -
	Factors offseting toy aborgs for paried	2007	2006
	Factors affecting tax charge for period	£	£
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(55,623)	(131,131)
	Factors affecting tax charge for period	<del></del>	<del></del>
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of 30% (2)	2006	
	30%)	(16,687)	(39,339)
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	16,397	40 611
	Group relief	290	(1,272)
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	•	(39)
	Tax charge for period		(39)
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7	FIXED ASSETS INVESTMENTS		Shares in group undertaking £
	Cost at 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007		135,371
			(125.251)
	Provision at 1 July 2006 and 30 June 2007		(135,371)
			<del>_</del>
	Shares in group undertaking		
	At 30 June 2007 the shares in the group undertaking comp	rised an investment in 1	the following
	subsidiary undertaking		
	C	lass of Proportion olding held	Nature of business
		-	
	System Software Solutions Limited Or	dinary 100%	Internet Security Reseller

The subsidiary undertaking is incorporated in England and Wales At 30 June 2007 System Software Solutions Limited had net liabilities of £398,089 having incurred a loss of £211,213 in the period

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2007

8	DEBTORS	2007 £	2006 £
	Due within one year Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking	-	87,464
9	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year  Amounts owed to parent undertaking  Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking	2007 £ - 1,500	2006 ± 22,
	Accruals and deferred income Cumulative preference dividend payable	1,350	2 334 9,700 34 691
10	CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	2007	2006
	Fixed cumulative redeemable preference shares of £1 each	97 000 ———	97,000
	The shares are redeemable after June 2008 and consequently the repayable in more than one year	amounts are consi	dered to be
	The dividends on the redeemable preference shares of 10p each are parapral on a winding up, the holders shall be entitled to £1 per share. He shares are not entitled to attend nor vote at general meetings of the constant.	olders of redeemable	a return of e preference
11	SHARE CAPITAL	2007 £	2006 £
	Authorised 520,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	52,000	52,000
	Allotted issued and fully paid 498 510 ordinary shares of 10p each	49,851	49,851
12	SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT		£
	1 July 2006 and at 30 June 2007		31 000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2007

13	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		£
	l July 2006 Loss for the financial year		(122,968) (55,623)
	30 June 2007		(178,591)
14	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	2007 £	2006 £
	Loss for the financial period	(55,623)	(131,092)
	Net deduction from shareholders' funds	(55 623)	(131 092)
	Opening shareholders (deficit) / funds as previously reported Prior year adjustment re FRS 25	(42,117) -	185 975 (97,000)
	Opening shareholders' funds	(42,117)	88,975
	Closing shareholders' funds	(97,740)	(42 117)
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#### 15 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The immediate parent undertaking of the company is Oakmore Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales

The ultimate parent undertaking of the company is Netstore Plc, a company registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest consolidated accounts that include the results of the company are those of Netstore Plc, copies of which can be obtained from The Company Secretary, Netstore Plc, Continuity House, London Road, Bracknell Berkshire, RG12 2XH

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions given under Financial Reporting Standard No 8, Related Party Transactions, not to disclose transactions with entities that are members of or investees in, the Netstore Group

#### 16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The assets of the company are secured under a cross-guarantee with the ultimate parent undertaking bankers in regard to any indebtedness between the ultimate parent and its bankers by fixed and floating charge