Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

for

Allied International Trading Limited

TUESDAY



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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

DIRECTORS:

P Akhtar Mrs S Akhtar Mrs RJ Parvez

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Unit 3, Rabone Lane

Rabone Park Smethwick B66 2NN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03232058 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

J Raja & Company, Statutory Auditor

962 Eastern Avenue

Newbury Park

Ilford Essex IG2 7JD

BANKERS:

Barclays Bank PLC

1 Churchill Place

London E14 5HP

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Following the move of Head Office and all business functions to Midlands, the business continued the planned investment in key personnel and expansion of product lines. The company has seen a slight growth in Revenue over the last years, but the true benefit of the move will be mid to long term.

Overall the Directors are pleased with company's position, profitability and believe the company is in a good position to grow in coming years.

In terms of key performance indicators, the Directors are pleased to report that gross profit measured as a percentage of sales to 31% a reflection of focus on quality and delivery of service. Profit before tax increased to £2 million which reflect the savings from Midland move and improved Gross profit.

BUSINESS RISK

The principal risks facing the Company is business risk and financial instrument risks. The Company seeks to manage this risk by investing in new product ranges and differentiate themselves through improved service from price driven competition. The Company has a diversified portfolio of customer base which is serviced by highly trained sales and customer service staff. They manage existing and seek new business in a professional manner.

The Company's operations expose it to financial risks of customer default, currency fluctuations and raw material prices.

Customer default

The Company operates a proactive credit control system. All new customers are credit checked and credit limits are assigned. The payment terms are strictly adhered to and any customer in default of trading terms is actively pursued for settlement. By adopting this policy the Company hopes to minimise its bad debts. Credit risk is also managed by purchase of credit insurance for all major debtors.

Foreign Currency fluctuations

The company imports and pay for all purchases in US Dollars. The company manages its currency exposure to fluctuation through a combination of foreign currency hedging and monitoring the spot rate.

Raw material prices

The Company imports its product range. This leaves it exposed to raw material price instability. The risk is mitigated through negotiating long term contracts and managing stock better through just-in-time ordering system.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The company is committed to a continuous process of researching new materials, market sectors, developing and launching new quality products that meet EU standards. The introduction of new products and compliance of existing products up to the required standards result in research and development which has been essential support to the business.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company plans to continue the growth and profitability through expansion of its product range, investing in workforce, refining its technical abilities. The Directors are also open to the idea of growing the company via strategic alliances and acquisitions.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

P Akhtar - Direct

29 June 2018

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of import & distribution of disposable hygiene, protective clothing and footwear.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of 0.05 p per share was paid on 31 March 2017. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2017 will be £25,000.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2017 to the date of this report.

P Akhtar Mrs S Akhtar Mrs RJ Parvez

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations during the year amounted to £7,580 (2016: £458).

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

AUDITORS

The auditors, J Raja & Company, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALA OF THE BOARD:

P Akhtar - Director

29 June 2018

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Allied International Trading Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Allied International Trading Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and

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Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Allied International Trading Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Jamil Raja (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of J Raja & Company, Statutory Auditor

962 Eastern Avenue

Newbury Park

llford

Essex

IG2 7JD

29 June 2018

Income Statement

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

		20	17	20	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	. 3		18,624,538		18,428,431
Cost of sales			12,854,160	•	12,584,179
GROSS PROFIT			5,770,378		5,844,252
Distribution costs		662,580		712,561	
Administrative expenses		3,154,963	3,817,543	3,252,743	3,965,304
			1,952,835		1,878,948
Other operating income	,		134,573		96,211
OPERATING PROFIT	. 5		2,087,408		1,975,159
Interest receivable and similar income	e ·		908		424
			2,088,316		1,975,583
Interest payable and similar expenses	s 6		34,726		33,280
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			2,053,590		1,942,303
Tax on profit	7		387,516		379,017
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	R		1,666,074		<u>1,563,286</u>

Other Comprehensive Income

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,666,074	1,563,286
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE I			
Deferred tax adjustment on re - freehold property - investment property	···	-	645,436
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income		(5,000)	(103,848)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE I FOR THE YEAR, NET OF IN		(5,000)	541,588
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE I FOR THE YEAR	NCOME	1,661,074	2,104,874

Allied International Trading Limited (Registered number: 03232058)

Statement of Financial Position 31 December 2017

		20 ⁻	17	. 201	16
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		4,727,341		4,865,073
Investment property	∴ 10		355,000		656,961
					5 500 004
			5,082,341		5,522,034
CURRENT ASSETS					* *
Stocks	11	2,732,656		2,381,155	
Debtors	12	4,274,450		4,075,160	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,861,696		2,626,922	
Cash at bank and in hand					
		8,868,802		9,083,237	
CREDITORS					•
Amounts falling due within one year	13	3,760,835		5,828,947	
•		·		•	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>5,107,967</u>		3,254,290
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			40 400 000		0.770.004
LIABILITIES			10,190,308		8,776,324
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than or	20				
year	14		(851,172)		(1,076,840)
yeai	1-7		(031,172)		(1,070,040)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18		(245,950)		(242,372)
NET ASSETS	•		9,093,186		7,457,112
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					.=
Called up share capital	19		450,000		450,000
Revaluation reserve	20		2,134,152		2,134,152
Fair value reserve	20		36,271		16,271
Retained earnings	20		6,472,763		4,856,689
CHARFILOI DEDCI FINDO			0.002.400		7 457 110
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	•		9,093,186		7,457,112

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2018 and were signed on its

P Akhtar - Di

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Fair value reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2016	450,000	3,368,403	1,592,564	16,271	5,427,238
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2016	450,000	(75,000) 1,563,286 4,856,689	541,588 2,134,152	16,271	(75,000) 2,104,874 7,457,112
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(25,000) 1,641,074	<u>.</u> _	20,000	(25,000) 1,661,074
Balance at 31 December 2017	450,000	6,472,763	2,134,152	36,271	9,093,186

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities		(207.747)	2,601,422
Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	(397,717) (32,993)	(29,846)
Interest element of hire purchase		(02,000)	(20,0.0)
payments paid		(1,733)	(3,434)
Tax paid		(378,294)	<u>(174,918</u>)
Net such from appreting activities		(940.727)	2,393,224
Net cash from operating activities	•	<u>(810,737</u>)	2,393,224
Cash flows from investing activities	5	(00.004)	(47.668)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(22,931) 1,850	(47,668)
Sale of investment property		381,000	- -
Interest received		908	424
Net cash from investing activities		360,827	(47,244)
Net cash from livesting activities			(47,244)
Cash flows from financing activities	•		
Loan repayments in year	•	(284,854)	(106,779)
Capital repayments in year		(52,755)	(50,276)
Net amount introduced by directors		21,691	27,983
Equity dividends paid		<u>(25,000</u>)	<u>(75,000</u>)
Net cash from financing activities		(340,918)	(204,072)
•			
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cas	sh equivalents	(790,828)	2,141,908
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	2,423,810	281,902
	-		<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	∆ f		
year	.2	1,607,982	2,423,810
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Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

OF ENATIONS		
•	2017	2016
	£	£
Profit before taxation	2,053,590	1,942,303
Depreciation charges	157,892	175,954
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(53,120)	-
Finance costs	34,726	33,280
Finance income	(908)	(424)
	2,192,180	2,151,113
Increase in stocks	(351,501)	(183,691)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(199,290)	(66,106)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors	(2,039,106)	700,106
Cash generated from operations	(397,717)	2,601,422

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2017

Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	31.12.17 £ 1,861,696 (253,714)	1.1.17 £ 2,626,922 (203,112)
	1,607,982	2,423,810
Year ended 31 December 2016	31.12.16 £	1.1.16 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	2,626,922 (203,112)	1,404,431 (1,122,529)
	2,423,810	281,902

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Allied International Trading Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

Thèse financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is recognised on the date that the goods are physically despatched to the customer and is stated net of trade discounts.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property

- 50 years based on cost/revalued amount

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

25% on reducing balance25% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 25% on reducing balance

Land and buildings held and used in the Company's own activities for production and supply of goods or for administrative purposes are stated in the statement of financial position at their revalued amounts. There valued amounts equate to the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any depreciation or impairment losses subsequently accumulated.

Revaluations are carried out regularly so that the carrying amounts do not materially differ from using the fair value at the date of the statement of financial position. No transfer is made from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings unless an asset is derecognised.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated selling costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the statement of financial position. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

· ·	2017	2010
	£	£
United Kingdom	17,080,372	16,994,242
Europe	1,523,756	1,404,071
Rest of the world	20,410	30,118
	 .	•
	18,624,538	18,428,431
		

2016

2047

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	for the real Effect of December 2017		
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2017	2016
	Maria and polaria	£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,509,234 120,389	1,609,804 135,527
	Social security costs Other pension costs	9,837	7,355
	Other perision costs		
		1,639,460	1,752,686
		= 	
		•	
•	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2017	2016
	Directors	3	2
	Sales	24	2 7
	Administration	12	15
	Distribution	15	19
		<u>54</u>	<u>63</u>
		•	
	·	2017	2016
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	71,393	36,066
	Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	217	211
			. ———
5.	OPERATING PROFIT	•	
		• •	
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2017	. 2016
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	62,993	77,997
	Depreciation - owned assets	136,371	. 147,257
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	21,523	28,696
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(53,120)	
	Auditors' remuneration	9,000	9,000
	Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	<u>7,596</u>	9,104
	The above directors' emoluments consist of directors' remunerations and	d henefits in kin	d
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2017	2016
	Death Lean School	£	£
	Bank loan interest	32,800	29,708
	Interest on overdue tax	193	138

Hire purchase interest

3,434

33,280

1,733

34,726

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge			
The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:		2017 £	2016 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax		388,938	378,294
Deferred tax		(1,422)	723
Tax on profit		387,516	379,017
Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard difference is explained below:	loss d rate of co	rporation tax in	the UK. The
		2017 £	2016 £
Profit before tax		2,053,590	1,942,303
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the 20% (2016 - 20%)	e UK of	410,718	388,461
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods R&D expenditure claim Deferred tax adjustment Capital gains Value adjustments of investment property		1,490 14,772 181 (22,599) (1,422) (10,624) (5,000)	1,522 20,450 - (32,139) 723 -
Total tax charge		387,516	379,017
Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive in	ncome		
	Gross £	2017 Tax £	Net £
Deferred tax adjustment on revaluation - freehold property - investment property		(5,000)	(5,000)
	-	(5,000)	(5,000)
D. Conned to a self-rest to a second to the	Gross £	2016 Tax £	Net £
Deferred tax adjustment on revaluation - freehold property	645,436	(103,848)	541,588
	645,436	(103,848)	541,588

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

3.	DIVIDENDS				2017	2016
	Ordinary shares of £1.00 e	each			£	£
	Interim				25,000	75,000
	•					
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSET	rs		•		•
		Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Totals
	COST OR VALUATION	Ł	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2017 Additions	4,775,000	194,695	368,667 4,598	195,239 18,333	5,533,601 22,931
	Disposals				(26,805)	(26,805)
	At 31 December 2017	4,775,000	194,695	373,265	186,767	5,529,727
	DEPRECIATION				,	
	At 1 January 2017	105,857	175,267	278,201	109,203	668,528
	Charge for year	105,857	4,857	23,766	23,414	157,894
	Eliminated on disposal		-		(24,036)	(24,036)
	At 31 December 2017	211,714	180,124	301,967	108,581	802,386
	NET BOOK VALUE	•				
	At 31 December 2017	4,563,286	14,571	71,298	78,186	4,727,341
	At 31 December 2016	4,669,143	19,428	90,466	86,036	4,865,073

Included in cost or valuation of land and buildings is freehold land of £600,000 (2016 - £600,000) which is not depreciated.

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2017 is represented by:

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
Valuation in 2006	2,631,500	-	-	•	2,631,500
Valuation in 2009	(1,556,745)	-	-	•.	(1,556,745)
Valuation in 2016	280,997	-	-	-	280,997
Cost	3,419,248	194,695	373,265	186,767	4,173,975
•	4,775,000	194,695	373,265	186,767	5,529,727

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

If freehold land and buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

	2017	2016
Cost	3,419,248	3,419,248
Aggregate depreciation	640,392	640,392
Value of land in freehold land and buildings	600,000	600,000

Freehold land and buildings were valued on an open market basis on 18 November 2016 by Anderson Wilde & Harris, RICS.

The Directors are of the opinion that the value of freehold land and buildings is not materially different from their fair value at the date of the statement of financial position.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase of	contracts are as	follows:
			Motor
			vehicles
			£
	COST OR VALUATION		
	At 1 January 2017		
	and 31 December 2017		153,048
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 January 2017		66,958
	Charge for year		21,523
	At 31 December 2017	• •	88,481
	At 31 December 2017	•	00,401
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2017		64,567
			 ,
	At 31 December 2016		86,090
10.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
10.	THE POST OF THE PO	•	Total
			£
	FAIR VALUE		~
	At 1 January 2017		656,961
	Disposals		(326,961)
	Revaluations		` 25,000 [′]
			
	At 31 December 2017		355,000
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2017		355,000
	At 31 December 2016		656,961
	A OT BOOKING 2010		

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

10. INVESTMENT PROPERTY - continued

Fair value at 31 December 2017 is represented by:

	Ł
Valuation in 2012	5,339
Valuation in 2013	10,000
Valuation in 2014	5,000
Valuation in 2017	25,000
Cost	309,661
	355,000

If investment properties had not been revalued it would have been included at the following historical cost:

		2017	2016
		. £	£
Cost	•	636,622	636,622

Investment properties were valued on an open market basis on 31 December 2017 by the directors.

The directors are of the opinion that the current value of investment properties reflect their fair value.

11. STOCKS

•••	Stocks	2017 £ 2,732,656	2016 £ 2,381,155
12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	4,125,048	3,733,698
	Other debtors	15,566	179,080
	Payment on account for goods	54,782	35,865
	VAT		47,264
	Prepayments	79,054	79,253
		4,274,450	4,075,160

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 15)	253,714	312,204
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)	49,904	52,755
	Trade creditors	2,402,560	4,526,083
	Tax	388,938	378,294
	Social security and other taxes	38,885	33,896
	VAT	31,083	_
	Other creditors	(535)	224
	Credit balance on sales ledger	130,426	142,321
	Wages and salaries control	-	184
	Directors' current accounts	144,833	123,142
	Deferred income	17,665	17,664
	Accrued expenses	303,362	242,180
	Accided expenses		242,100
		3,760,835	5,828,947
		0,700,000	0,020,047
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
14.	YEAR	•	
	ILAK	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 15)	~	175,764
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 16)		49,904
	Other creditors	851,172	851,172
	Other creditors	031,172	031,172
		851,172	1,076,840
		031,172	1,070,040
15.	LOANS		
15.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
	All allalysis of the maturity of loans is given below.	**	
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	~	. ~
	Bank overdrafts	253,714	203,112
	Bank loans	200,7 14	109,092
	Dalik loans		100,002
		253,714	312,204
		200,714	312,204
	•		
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		112.057
	Bank loans - 1-2 years		<u>113,057</u>
	Amounta falling due hatuseen tue and fina veget		
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:		62 707
	Bank loans - 2-5 years		62,707

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

16. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2017 £	
Gross obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	50,728	55,340 50,728
	50,728	106,068
Finance charges repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	824	2,585 <u>824</u>
	824	3,409
Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	49,904 	52,755 49,904 102,659
SECURED DEBTS		
The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	2017 £	2016 £ : £
Bank overdrafts Bank loans	253,714	203,112 284,856

The above is secured by fixed and floating debenture over the company's assets, endorsement of credit insurance to the bank and personal guarantees of directors.

18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

17.

	2017 £	2016 . £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	(9,029)	(7,607)
Property revaluation	<u>254,979</u>	249,979
	245,950	242,372

253,714

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Balance at 1 January 2017 Credit to Income Statement during year Revaluation of - Investment property Balance at 31 December 2017				Deferred tax £ 242,372 (1,422) 5,000 245,950
19.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:		Nominal	2017 £	2016 £
	450,000 Ordinary		value: £1.00	450,000	450,000
20.	RESERVES			Fair	
·		Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve	value reserve £	Totals £
	At 1 January 2017 Profit for the year Dividends	4,856,689 1,666,074 (25,000)	2,134,152	16,271 -	7,007,112 1,666,074 (25,000)
	Transfer to FV reserve Deferred tax	(25,000)	<u>-</u>	25,000 (5,000)	(5,000)
	At 31 December 2017	6,472,763	2,134,152	36,271	8,643,186

The revaluation reserve balance relates to the freehold property held at the date of the statement of financial position. Fair value reserve represents reserve on revaluation of investment property.

21. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is P Akhtar.