Opendoor Properties Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2019

Opendoor Properties Limited

Registered number: 03229640

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2019

No	tes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		970,068		970,085
Investments	3		387,339		387,339
			1,357,407		1,357,424
Current assets					
Debtors	4	163,504		160,170	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,206		6,341	
		168,710		166,511	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(308,499)		(304,089)	
Net current liabilities			(139,789)		(137,578)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1 217 619	-	1 210 946
nabilities			1,217,618		1,219,846
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	6		(100,772)		(104,218)
Provisions for liabilities			(134,438)		(134,441)
Not spects		-	000 400	-	004.407
Net assets		-	982,408	-	981,187
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Share premium			50,000		50,000
Revaluation reserve	7		564,052		564,052
Profit and loss account			368,354		367,133
Shareholders' funds		-	982,408	- -	981,187

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr P H Stannard Director

Approved by the board on 12 October 2019

Opendoor Properties Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold land and buildings - Investment Carried at fair value
Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and	
	Land and	machinery	
	buildings	etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2018	970,000	7,031	977,031
At 31 January 2019	970,000	7,031	977,031
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2018	-	6,946	6,946
Charge for the year	-	17	17
At 31 January 2019		6,963	6,963
Net book value			
At 31 January 2019	970,000	68	970,068
At 31 January 2018	970,000	85	970,085
Freehold land and buildings:		2019	2018
ů		£	£
Historical cost		262,502	262,502
Cumulative depreciation based on historical cost		-	-
		262,502	262,502

Included within land and buildings are investment properties carried at fair value of £970,000.

3 Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

			£
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2018		387,339
	At 31 January 2019		387,339
4	Debtors	2019	2018
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	163,504	160,170
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
-	The second secon	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	3,552	3,756
	Trade creditors	2,000	4,529
	Taxation and social security costs	1,228	1,324
	Director's loan account	297,363	290,756
	Other creditors	4,356	3,724
		308,499	304,089
•		0040	2042
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2019 £	2018 £
		τ.	2.
	Bank loans	100,772	104,218
7	Fair value reserve	2019	2018
		£	£
	At 1 February 2018	564,052	564,052
	At 31 January 2019	564,052	564,052
8	Related party transactions		
		2019	2018
	Tower Hotel (Southend) Limited		
	Amount owed to/(from) related party	121,948	121,747
	A company of which Opendoor Properties Limited owns 100% of the share capital. All transactions were undertaken at arms length.		
	Limerose Properties Limited		
	Amount owed to/(from) related party	41,556	38,423

A company of which Opendoor Properties Limited owns 100% of the share capital. All transactions were undertaken at arms length.

163,504 160,170

9 Controlling party

The controlling interest is held by Mr P H stannard who is a director.

10 Other information

Opendoor Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Cumberland House

24-28 Baxter Avenue

Southend on Sea

Essex

SS2 6HZ

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