

Company No: 3229304

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
RESOLUTION(S) IN WRITING
of
VIKING POWER LIMITED

("Company")

Passed the 8th day of January 2016

By a written resolution agreed to in accordance with Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006 by or on behalf of the required number of the members of the Company who, at the date of circulating the resolution, were entitled to vote on the resolution the following resolutions of the Company were duly passed:

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

THAT.

- a) the Articles of Association of the Company are amended by deleting all the provisions of the Company's Memorandum of Association which, by virtue of section 28 Companies Act 2006, are to be treated as provisions of the Company's Articles of Association,
- b) the Articles of Association set out in the document appended to this resolution be and are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all existing Articles of Association of the Company;

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

- c) pursuant to the provisions of section 175(5)(a) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors may authorise matters in which a director has or may have a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company, and
- d) the directors are authorised by this resolution and by section 550 Companies Act 2006 to allot ordinary shares in the Company and to grant rights to subscribe for, or to convert any security into, such shares in the Company

Signed

Christina Mackenzie
.....
Director/Secretary

Dated

8 January 2016

WEDNESDAY



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A12 20/01/2016 #166
COMPANIES HOUSE

Company No 03229304

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF VIKING POWER LIMITED

Incorporated 24 July 1996

Adopted by special resolution passed on 8 January 2016

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

VIKING POWER LIMITED

Adopted by special resolution passed on 8 January 2016

Part 1 PRELIMINARY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

1 Preliminary and defined terms

- 1 1 No regulations or articles set out in any statute, or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation made under any statute, concerning companies shall apply as the regulation or Articles of the Company and these Articles alone shall constitute the regulations of the Company

- 1 2 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise

| | |
|---|--|
| "Articles" | these Articles of Association as amended from time to time |
| "bankruptcy" | includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy |
| "Chairman" | has the meaning given in article 12 2 |
| "Chairman of the meeting" | has the meaning given in article 42 3 |
| "Companies Acts" | the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company |
| "director" | a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called |
| "Distribution Recipient" | has the meaning given in article 34 2 |
| "document" | includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form |
| "electronic form" and "electronic means" | have the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006 |
| "fully paid" | in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company |
| "hard copy form" | has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006 |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| "holder" | in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares |
| "instrument" | a document in hard copy form |
| "Majority Shareholder" | a shareholder or shareholders together holding a majority of the voting rights in the Company (within the meaning of section 1159(1) of and paragraph (2) of Schedule 6 to the Companies Act 2006) |
| "ordinary resolution" | has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006 |
| "paid" | paid or credited as paid |
| "participate" | in relation to a directors' meeting, has the meaning given in article 10 |
| "proxy notice" | has the meaning given in article 48 1 |
| "shareholder" | a person who is the holder of a share |
| "shares" | shares in the Company |
| "special resolution" | has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006 |
| "Statutes" | the Companies Acts and every other statute, order, regulation or other subordinate legislation in force from time to time relating to companies and affecting the Company |
| "subsidiary" | has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006 |
| "transmittee" | a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law |
| "writing" | the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise |

1 3 Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Statutes but excluding any statutory modification of the same not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company

1 4 References to any statute or statutory provision include, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to that statute or statutory provision as modified, replaced, re-enacted or consolidated and in force from time to time and any subordinate legislation made under the relevant statute or statutory provision

2 **Liability of members**

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

Part 2 DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

3 Directors' general authority

Subject to these Articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company

4 Shareholders' reserve power

4 1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action

4 2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution

5 Directors may delegate

5 1 Subject to these Articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under these Articles

5 1 1 to such person or committee,

5 1 2 by such means (including by power of attorney),

5 1 3 to such an extent,

5 1 4 in relation to such matters or territories, and

5 1 5 on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit

5 2 If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated

5 3 The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

6 Committees

6 1 Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of these Articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors

6 2 The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from these Articles if they are not consistent with them

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

7 Directors to take decisions collectively

7 1 The general rule about decision-making by directors is that any decision of the directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with article 8

7 2 If

7 2 1 the Company only has one director, and

7 2 2 no provision of these Articles requires it to have more than one director,

the general rule does not apply, and the director may take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of these Articles relating to directors' decision-making

8 Majority decisions

8 1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when the majority of eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter

8 2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, one or more copies of which have been signed by the majority of eligible directors or to which the majority of eligible directors have otherwise indicated agreement in writing

8 3 References in this article to eligible directors are to directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting

8 4 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting

9 Calling a directors' meeting

9 1 Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving not less than 7 days' notice of the meeting (or such lesser notice as the majority of directors may agree in writing) to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice

9 2 Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate—

9 2 1 its proposed date and time,

9 2 2 where it is to take place, and

9 2 3 if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting

9 3 Notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director in writing

9 4 Notice of a directors' meeting need not be given to directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company not more than 7 days after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it

10 Participation in directors' meetings

10 1 Subject to these Articles, directors participate in a directors' meeting, or part of a directors' meeting, when

10 1 1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with these Articles, and

10 1 2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting

10 2 In determining whether directors are participating in a directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other

10 3 If all the directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

11 Quorum for directors' meetings

- 11 1 At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- 11 2 The quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is two
- 11 3 If the total number of directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision
- 11 3 1 to appoint further directors, or
- 11 3 2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors
- 11 4 If, as a consequence of section 175(6) of the Companies Act 2006, a director cannot vote or be counted in the quorum at a directors' meeting then the following shall apply
- 11 4 1 if the eligible directors participating in the meeting do not constitute a quorum then the quorum for the purposes of the meeting shall be reduced by one for each director who cannot vote or be counted in the quorum, and
- 11 4 2 if despite article 11 4 1 the eligible directors participating in the meeting still do not constitute a quorum or there are no eligible directors then the meeting must be adjourned to enable the shareholders to authorise any situation in which a director has a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company

12 Chairing of directors' meetings

- 12 1 The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings
- 12 2 The person so appointed for the time being is known as the "Chairman"
- 12 3 The directors may terminate the Chairman's appointment at any time
- 12 4 If the Chairman is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it

13 Casting vote

- 13 1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the Chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote
- 13 2 But this does not apply if, in accordance with these Articles, the Chairman or other director is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes

14 Conflicts of interest

- 14 1 Subject to these Articles and the Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time to time), and provided that he has disclosed to the other directors the nature and extent of any interest of his, a director
- 14 1 1 may be a party to or otherwise interested in any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested,
- 14 1 2 may hold any other office or employment with the Company (other than the office of auditor),

- 14 1 3 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or be a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested,
- 14 1 4 may, or any firm or Company of which he is a member or director may, act in a professional capacity for the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested (other than as auditor), and
- 14 1 5 shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he receives or profits made as a result of anything permitted by articles 14 1 1 to 14 1 4 and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit
- 14 2 Except for a vote under section 175(4) of the Companies Act 2006 authorising any conflict of interest which a director or any other interested director may have, a director will be entitled to participate in the decision making process for voting and quorum purposes on any of the matters referred to in articles 14 1 1 to 14 1 4 and in any of the following circumstances
 - 14 2 1 the Company by ordinary resolution disappplies the provision of these Articles which would otherwise prevent a director from being counted as participating in the decision-making process,
 - 14 2 2 the director's interest cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, or
 - 14 2 3 the director's conflict of interest arises from a permitted cause
- 14 3 For the purposes of this article, the following are permitted causes
 - 14 3 1 a guarantee given, or to be given, by or to a director in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries,
 - 14 3 2 subscription, or an agreement to subscribe, for shares or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or to underwrite, sub-underwrite, or guarantee subscription for any such shares or securities, and
 - 14 3 3 arrangements pursuant to which benefits are made available to employees and directors or former employees and directors of the Company or any of its subsidiaries which do not provide special benefits for directors or former directors
- 14 4 For the purposes of these Articles references to decision making process includes any directors' meeting or part of a directors' meeting
- 14 5 For the purposes of article 14 1
 - 14 5 1 a general notice given in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 is to be treated as a sufficient declaration of interest,
 - 14 5 2 a director is not required to declare an interest either where he is not aware of such interest or is not aware of the transaction or arrangement in question, and
 - 14 5 3 an interest of a director who appoints an alternate director shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director
- 14 6 Subject to article 14 7, if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the Chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the Chairman is to be final and conclusive

- 14 7 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the Chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the Chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes

15 Records of decisions to be kept

The directors must ensure that the Company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors

16 Directors' discretion to make further rules

Subject to these Articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

17 Methods of appointing directors

- 17 1 Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director

17 1 1 by ordinary resolution, or

17 1 2 by a decision of the directors

- 17 2 In addition to the powers granted in article 17 1, the Majority Shareholder may at any time, and from time to time, appoint any person to be a director, either as an additional director or to fill a vacancy and may remove from office any director however appointed Any such appointment or removal shall be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Majority Shareholder or, if the Majority Shareholder is a body corporate, signed by one of its directors or duly authorised officers or by its duly authorised attorney

- 17 3 In any case where, as a result of death, the Company has no shareholders and no directors, the personal representatives of the last shareholder to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a director

- 17 4 For the purposes of article 17 3, where 2 or more shareholders die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger shareholder is deemed to have survived an older shareholder

18 Termination of director's appointment

- 18 1 A person ceases to be a director as soon as

18 1 1 that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,

18 1 2 a bankruptcy order is made against that person,

18 1 3 a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,

18 1 4 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,

- 18 1 5 notification is received by the Company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms
- 18 2 In addition to the circumstances set out in article 18 1, a person ceases to be a director as soon as that person is removed from office as a director pursuant to article 17 2
- 19 **Directors' remuneration**
- 19 1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the directors decide
- 19 2 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine
 - 19 2 1 for their services to the Company as directors, and
 - 19 2 2 for any other service which they undertake for the Company
- 19 3 Subject to these Articles, a director's remuneration may
 - 19 3 1 take any form, and
 - 19 3 2 include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director
- 19 4 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day
- 19 5 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested
- 20 **Directors' expenses**
- 20 1 The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors (including alternate directors) properly incur in connection with their attendance at
 - 20 1 1 meetings of directors or committees of directors,
 - 20 1 2 general meetings, or
 - 20 1 3 separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 21 **Appointment and removal of alternates**
- 21 1 Any director (the "**appointor**" for the purposes of articles 21, 22 and 23) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by the Majority Shareholder, to
 - 21 1 1 exercise that director's powers, and
 - 21 1 2 carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to participation in directors' meetings and the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor

- 21 2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the Majority Shareholder
- 21 3 The notice must
- 21 3 1 identify the proposed alternate, and
- 21 3 2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice
- 22 **Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors**
- 22 1 An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to participation in directors' meetings and the taking of decisions by the directors and in relation to directors' written resolutions, as the alternate's appointor
- 22 2 An alternate director may act as an alternate director for more than one appointor
- 22 3 Except as these Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors
- 22 3 1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
- 22 3 2 are liable for their own acts and omissions,
- 22 3 3 are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
- 22 3 4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors,
- and, each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member
- 22 4 A person who is an alternate director but not a director
- 22 4 1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's appointor is not participating), and
- 22 4 2 may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision, but does not participate)
- No alternate may be counted as more than one director for such purposes
- 22 5 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in his absence of his appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision), but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present
- 22 6 An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company
- 23 **Termination of alternate directorship**
- 23 1 An alternate director's appointment as alternate terminates
- 23 1 1 when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,

- 23 1 2 on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,
- 23 1 3 on the death of the alternate's appointor, or
- 23 1 4 when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates

Part 3 SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

SHARES

24 Issue and purchase of shares

- 24 1 In accordance with section 567(1) and (2) of the Companies Act 2006, sections 561(1) and 562 (1) to (5) (inclusive) of the Companies Act 2006 shall not apply to the Company
- 24 2 The Company is authorised to purchase its own shares out of capital up to the annual limit in accordance with section 692 of the Companies Act 2006

25 Powers to issue different classes of share

- 25 1 Subject to these Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- 25 2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

26 Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or these Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

27 Share certificates

- 27 1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- 27 2 Every certificate must specify
 - 27 2 1 in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued,
 - 27 2 2 the nominal value of those shares,
 - 27 2 3 that the shares are fully paid, and
 - 27 2 4 any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- 27 3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class
- 27 4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- 27 5 Certificates must
 - 27 5 1 have affixed to them the Company's common seal, or
 - 27 5 2 be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

28 Replacement share certificates

28 1 If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is

28 1 1 damaged or defaced, or

28 1 2 said to be lost, stolen or destroyed, that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares

28 2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate

28 2 1 may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,

28 2 2 must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced, and

28 2 3 must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide

29 Share transfers

29 1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor

29 2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share

29 3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered

29 4 The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it

29 5 The directors may not refuse to register the transfer of a share made with the prior written approval of the Majority Shareholder. In any other case the directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent

30 Transmission of shares

30 1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share

30 2 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require

30 2 1 may, subject to these Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and

30 2 2 subject to these Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had

30 3 Transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

31 Exercise of transmittees' rights

- 31 1 Transmittes who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in writing of that wish
- 31 2 If the transmittes wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittes must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- 31 3 Any transfer made or executed under this article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittes has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

32 Transmittes bound by prior notices

If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittes is entitled to those shares, the transmittes is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittes's name, or the name of any person nominated under article 30 2, has been entered in the register of members

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

33 Procedure for declaring dividends

- 33 1 The Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends
- 33 2 A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors
- 33 3 No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- 33 4 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- 33 5 If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear
- 33 6 The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- 33 7 If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

34 Payment of dividends and other distributions

- 34 1 Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means
- 34 1 1 transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the Distribution Recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
- 34 1 2 sending a cheque made payable to the Distribution Recipient by post to the Distribution Recipient at the Distribution Recipient's registered address (if the Distribution Recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the Distribution Recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,

- 34 1 3 sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the Distribution Recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide, or
 - 34 1 4 any other means of payment as the directors agree with the Distribution Recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide
- 34 2 In these Articles, the "**Distribution Recipient**" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable
 - 34 2 1 the holder of the share, or
 - 34 2 2 if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
 - 34 2 3 if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee
- 35 **No interest on distributions**
 - 35 1 The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by
 - 35 1 1 the terms on which the share was issued, or
 - 35 1 2 the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company
- 36 **Unclaimed distributions**
 - 36 1 All dividends or other sums which are
 - 36 1 1 payable in respect of shares, and
 - 36 1 2 unclaimed after having been declared or become payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed
 - 36 2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it
 - 36 3 If
 - 36 3 1 twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
 - 36 3 2 the Distribution Recipient has not claimed it,

the Distribution Recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company
- 37 **Non-cash distributions**
 - 37 1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any Company)

37 2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution

37 2 1 fixing the value of any assets,

37 2 2 paying cash to any Distribution Recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and

37 2 3 vesting any assets in trustees

38 **Waiver of distributions**

38 1 Distribution Recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in writing to that effect, but if

38 1 1 the share has more than one holder, or

38 1 2 more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

39 **Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums**

39 1 Subject to these Articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution

39 1 1 decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and

39 1 2 appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "**capitalised sum**") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "**persons entitled**") and in the same proportions

39 2 Capitalised sums must be applied

39 2 1 on behalf of the persons entitled, and

39 2 2 in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them

39 3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

39 4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

39 5 Subject to these Articles the directors may

39 5 1 apply capitalised sums in accordance with articles 39 3 and 39 4 partly in one way and partly in another,

- 39 5 2 make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and
- 39 5 3 authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article

Part 4 DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

40 Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- 40 1 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting
- 40 2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when
 - 40 2 1 that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
 - 40 2 2 that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- 40 3 The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it
- 40 4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other
- 40 5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

41 Quorum for general meetings

No business other than the appointment of the Chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum

42 Chairing general meetings

- 42 1 If the directors have appointed a Chairman, the Chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so
- 42 2 If the directors have not appointed a Chairman, or if the Chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start
 - 42 2 1 the directors present, or
 - 42 2 2 (if no directors are present), the meeting,must appoint a director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the Chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting
- 42 3 The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as "**the Chairman of the meeting**"

43 Attendance and speaking by directors and non-shareholders

- 43 1 Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders
- 43 2 The Chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not
- 43 2 1 shareholders of the Company, or
- 43 2 2 otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings, to attend and speak at a general meeting

44 Adjournment

- 44 1 If a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time at which a general meeting is due to start or if, during a general meeting, a quorum ceases to be present the Chairman of the meeting must adjourn it
- 44 2 When adjourning the general meeting the Chairman of the meeting must specify that the meeting is adjourned either
- 44 2 1 to the same day, place and time the following week, or
- 44 2 2 to another day, place and time to be decided by the directors
- 44 3 If a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time at which the adjourned meeting is due to start the shareholder or shareholders present in person or by proxy or by corporate representative and who are entitled to vote shall
- 44 3 1 constitute a quorum, and
- 44 3 2 have power to decide on all matters which could have been transacted at the meeting which was adjourned

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

45 Voting: general

A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with these Articles

46 Errors and disputes

- 46 1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid
- 46 2 Any such objection must be referred to the Chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final

47 Poll votes

- 47 1 A poll on a resolution may be demanded
- 47 1 1 in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
- 47 1 2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared
- 47 2 A poll may be demanded by

- 47 2 1 the Chairman of the meeting,
- 47 2 2 the directors,
- 47 2 3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- 47 2 4 a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution
- 47 3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if
 - 47 3 1 the poll has not yet been taken, and
 - 47 3 2 the Chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal
- 47 4 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the Chairman of the meeting directs
- 48 **Content of proxy notices**
- 48 1 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "**proxy notice**") which
 - 48 1 1 states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy,
 - 48 1 2 identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
 - 48 1 3 is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and
 - 48 1 4 is delivered to the Company in accordance with these Articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate
- 48 2 The Company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes
- 48 3 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions
- 48 4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as
 - 48 4 1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
 - 48 4 2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself
- 49 **Delivery of proxy notices**
- 49 1 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Company by or on behalf of that person
- 49 2 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given
- 49 3 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates

- 49 4 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

50 Amendments to resolutions

- 50 1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if

50 1 1 notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the Chairman of the meeting may determine), and

50 1 2 the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the Chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution

- 50 2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if

50 2 1 the Chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and

50 2 2 the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution

- 50 3 If the Chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the Chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

Part 5 ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

51 Means of communication to be used

- 51 1 Subject to these Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under these Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company

- 51 2 Subject to these Articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being

- 51 3 A director may agree with the company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours

- 51 4 Where

51 4 1 a document or information is sent by post (whether in hard copy or electronic form) to an address in the United Kingdom, and

51 4 2 the Company is able to show that it was properly addressed, prepaid and posted,

it is deemed to have been received by the intended recipient 24 hours after it was posted

- 51 5 Where

51 5 1 a document or information is sent or supplied by electronic means, and

- 51 5 2 the Company is able to show that it was properly addressed,
it is deemed to have been received by the intended recipient immediately after it was sent
- 51 6 Pursuant to section 1147(6) of the Companies 2006, subsections (2) (3) and (4) of that section shall be deemed modified by articles 51 4, 51 5 and 51 6.
- 52 Company seals**
- 52 1 Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the directors
- 52 2 The directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used
- 52 3 Unless otherwise decided by the directors, if the Company has a common seal and it is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature
- 52 4 For the purposes of this article, an authorised person is
- 52 4 1 any director of the Company,
- 52 4 2 the company secretary (if any), or
- 52 4 3 any person authorised by the directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied
- 53 No right to inspect accounts and other records**
- Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder
- 54 Provision for employees on cessation of business**
- The directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a director or former director or shadow director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

REGISTERED OFFICE

55 Registered Office

The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

56 Indemnity

- 56 1 Subject to article 56 2, a relevant director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against
- 56 1 1 any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company,
- 56 1 2 any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an

occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006),

56 1 3 any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the Company or an associated company

56 2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

56 3 In this article

56 3 1 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and

56 3 2 a "**relevant director**" means any director or former director of the Company or an associated Company

57 **Insurance**

57 1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss

57 2 In this article

57 2 1 a "**relevant director**" means any director or former director of the Company or an associated Company,

57 2 2 a "**relevant loss**" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated Company, and

57 2 3 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate