COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03225605

Furness Internet Limited Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 December 2019

Furness Internet Limited

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2019

	2019			2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		2,198	1,511
Investments	6		200	200
			2,398	1,711
Current assets				
Debtors		216,317		181,952
Cash at bank and in hand		40,316		60,990
		256,633		242,942
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		135,147		137,098
Net current assets			121,486	105,844
Total assets less current liabilities			123,884	107,555
Net assets			123,884	107,555

Furness Internet Limited

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 December 2019

	2019			2018
	Note	£	£	£
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			950	922
Share premium account			14,808	14,808
Profit and loss account			108,126	91,825
Shareholders funds			123,884	107,555

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31st December 2019 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 December 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J Edward O'Keeffe

Director

Company registration number: 03225605

Furness Internet Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 136 Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria, LA9 4HW.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

(b) Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated abridged financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

(c) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Any estimate that has a degree of uncertainty or where judgement has been exercised in a particular area is expressly disclosed within the relevant accounting policy.

(d) Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

(e) Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

(f) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

(g) Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

(h) Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

(i) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance
Computer equipment - 3 years straight line

(j) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

(I) Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

(m) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

(n) Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

(o) Defined contribution plans

The company operates a group personal pension scheme for employees, which is a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Contributions in respect of the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are payable to the scheme.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 7 (2018: 9).

5. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1st January 2019	155,202
Additions	1,426
At 31st December 2019	156,628
Depreciation	
At 1st January 2019	153,691
Charge for the year	739
At 31st December 2019	154,430
Carrying amount	
At 31st December 2019	2,198
At 31st December 2018	1,511

6. Investments

Shares in group undertakings

£

Cost

At 1st January 2019 and 31st December 2019

200

Impairment

At 1st January 2019 and 31st December 2019

Carrying amount

At 31st December 2019	200
At 31st December 2018	200

Subsidiary undertakings

The company's investment in its two subsidiary companies represents the cost of acquisition of 100% of the share capital of iControl Systems Limited (which remained dormant during the year) and 75% of the share capital of Furness Media Limited, which traded during the year ended 31st December 2019.

Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

	Desistered office	Class of alasm	Percentage of
	Registered office	Class of share	shares held
Subsidiary undertakings			
	136 Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria		
iControl Systems Limited	LA9 4HW	Ordinary	100
		A Ordinary	100
	136 Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria		
Furness Media Limited	LA9 4HW	Ordinary	75
7. Operating leases			
The total future minimum lease payments un	nder non-cancellable operating lease	s are as follows:	
	20	19 2018	
		££	
Not later than 1 year	10,6	50 14,200	

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