Amazon.co.uk Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2002

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Registered No: 3223028

Directors

A Minshull-Beech R Terrell L M Wilson

Secretary

M Miller

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP Apex Plaza Forbury Road Reading Berkshire RG1 1YE

Bankers

Deutsche Bank AG Winchester House I Great Winchester Street London EC2N 2DB

Solicitors

Cameron McKenna Mitre House 160 Aldgergate Street London EC1A 4DD

Registered office

Patriot Court 1-9 The Grove Slough Berkshire SL1 1QP

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £62,268. The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year was the provision of services to other group undertakings.

On the 18 December 2002, the company transferred £8,135,175 from intercompany loans to a voluntary reserve as a non-repayable informal contribution to equity by Amazon.com Inc.

The directors are satisfied with the result achieved for the year.

Disabled employees

All applications from disabled persons are fully considered. Should an employee become disabled, it is the group's practice to continue their current employment where possible or offer suitable alternatives. It is the policy of the group that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of other employees.

Employee involvement

The group continues to place importance upon the education and development of its people. There is a well developed employee involvement programme within the group. All employees' training and development is supported by continuing in-service education.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

A Minshull-Beech

R Terrell

L M Wilson

W Jenson

(Resigned 26 June 2002)

No directors held any interest in the shares of the company during the year.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

Secretary

04/12/2003

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



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Independent auditors' report

to the members of Amazon.co.uk Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

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Independent auditors' report to the members of Amazon.co.uk Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor Apex Plaza Forbury Road Reading Berkshire RGI IYE

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Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover	2	27,384,533	21,946,841
Administrative expenses		27,506,042	21,748,525
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(121,509)	198,316
Bank interest receivable Interest payable	6 7	130,288 (1,675)	8,674
		128,613	8,674
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	7,104 69,372	206,990 479,377
Loss for the financial year		(62,268)	(272,387)

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Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss of £62,268 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2002 (2001 - loss of £272,387).

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Fixed assets	9	1,497,862	2,237,028
Tangible assets	9	1,497,002	
Current assets			
Debtors	10	9,775,070	10,111,406
Cash at bank		2,508,109	1,211,000
		12,283,179	11,322,406
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	7,832,596	15,683,896
Net current assets/(liabilities)		4,450,583	(4,361,490)
Total assets less current liabilities		5,948,445	(2,124,462)
Capital and reserves		·	
Called up share capital	14	19,660	19,660
Other reserves	15	11,802,395	3,667,220
Profit and loss account	15	(5,873,610)	(5,811,342)
Equity shareholders' funds	15	5,948,445	(2,124,462)

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Director

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at 31 December 2002

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the parent undertaking has agreed to provide continuing financial support to allow the company to meet its obligations as they fall due

During the year the company implemented FRS 17 "Accounting for Pensions", FRS 18 "Accounting Policies" and FRS 19 "Accounting for Deferred Taxation". The implementation of these standards has not resulted in any adjustments to the statutory accounts.

Cash flow statement

A statement of cash flows is not prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary (see note 16).

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold Improvements - Over 3 years
Office Equipment - 2 - 5 years
Computer Equipment - 2 years

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying
timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

at 31 December 2002

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet.

The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2. Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties and affiliated parties.

Turnover is attributable to the company's principal activities.

Turnover by geographical segment has not been disclosed because, in the opinion of the directors, it would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company to do so.

3. Operating (loss)/profit

This is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2002	2001
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	39,000	29,000
- non-audit services	105,695	62,307
	144,695	91,307
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	899,731	1,203,307
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	1,445,000	1,445,000
- plant and machinery	89,383	59,771
Net loss on foreign currency translation	147,719	23,838

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Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2002

4.	Staff	costs
 -		LUGIA

	Stait costs	2002 £	2001 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	10,389,983 1,057,048 178,415	9,151,947 838,139 217,639
		11,625,446	10,207,725
	The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2002 <i>No</i> .	2001 No.
	Management and Administration Staff	381	391
-	Directors' emoluments	2002 £	2001 £
	Emoluments	227,485	83,964
	Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	8,742	4,147
		2002 No.	2001 No.
	Members of money purchase pension schemes	2	2
	The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows:	2002 £	2001 £
	Emoluments	129,505	68,750
	Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	5,167	3,438

Certain Directors' emoluments have been borne by the parent company, Amazon.com Inc. These directors are also directors or officers of a number of the companies within the Amazon Group. These directors services to the company do not occupy a significant amount of their time. As such these directors do not consider that they have received any remuneration for their incidental services to the company for the years ended 31 December 2001 and 31 December 2002.

6. Interest receivable

	£	£
Bank interest receivable	130,288	8,674

at 31 December 2002

7. In	terest	pava	able
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8.

	2002 £	2001 £
Bank interest payable	1,675	
Tax (a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities The tax charge is made up as follows:	2002	2001
	2002 £	2001 £
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	41,999	285,000

27,373

69,372

194,377

479,377

Factors affecting current tax charge (b)

Tax under provided in previous years

Total current tax (note 8(b))

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2001 - 30%). The differences are reconciled below:

	2002 £	2001 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	7,104	206,990
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Tax under provided in previous years Deferred tax not provided for Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,132 27,373 (153,104) 192,971	62,097 194,377 15,086 207,817
Total current tax (note 8(a))	69,372	479,377
(c) Deferred tax The deferred taxation asset not recognised in the accounts is as follows:		
	2002 £	2001 £
Capital allowances in advance of depreciation Other timing differences	324,643 295,926	204,640 332,166

536,806

620,569

at 31 December 2002

9. Tangible fixed assets

	rangible fixed decete	Leasehold Improvement s £	Office Equipment £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
	Cost: At 1 January 2002 Additions Disposals	2,206,339 210 (210)	1,225,957 33,562	884,178 127,355 (462)	4,316,474 161,127 (672)
	At 31 December 2002	2,206,339	1,259,519	1,011,071	4,476,929
	Depreciation: At 1 January 2002 Provided during the year Disposals At 31 December 2002	828,269 433,386 (17) 1,261,638	610,022 225,080 - 835,102	641,155 241,265 (93) 882,327	2,079,446 899,731 (110) 2,979,067
	Net book value: At 31 December 2002	944,701	424,417	128,744	1,497,862
	At I January 2002	1,378,070	615,935	243,023	2,237,028
10.	Debtors			2002 £	2001 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Corporation tax repayable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			51,778 6,770,832 96,908 1,294,008 1,561,544	8,471,830
				9,775,070	10,111,406
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due wit	thin one year		2002 £	2001 £
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxation and social security			1,522,730 1,219,834 - 972,647	1,412,861 8,167,627 310,862 405,119
	Accruals and deferred income			4,117,385 7,832,596	5,387,427

at 31 December 2002

12. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2002 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

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	2002			2001
	Land and buildings £	Other £	Land and buildings £	Other £
Operating leases which expire: In two to five years	1,445,000	107,900	1,445,000	144,550

13. Related party transactions

In accordance with the exemption stated in FRS 8 no details are shown of related party transactions with the company's parent and fellow subsidiaries within the Amazon.com Inc. group, as it holds 90% or more of the voting rights.

14. Share capital

Share capital				Authorised
			2002	2001
			£	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each			50,000	50,000
		Alloti	ed, called up a	and fully paid
		2002	_	2001
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,965,972	19,660	1,965,972	19,660

15. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movement on reserves

	Share capital £	Other Reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total share- holders' funds £
At 1 January 2001 Loss for the year	19,660	3,667,220	(5,538,955) (272,387)	(1,852,075) (272,387)
At 31 December 2001 Loss for the year Other movements	19,660	3,667,220	(5,811,342) (62,268)	(2,124,462) (62,268)
Transfers	-	8,135,175	_	8,135,175
At 31 December 2002	19,660	11,802,395	(5,873,610)	5,948,445

16. Ultimate parent company

The company's parent undertaking and controlling party is Amazon.com Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. It has included the company in its group financial statements, copies of which are available from its registered office, 1200 Twelfth Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98144, USA.