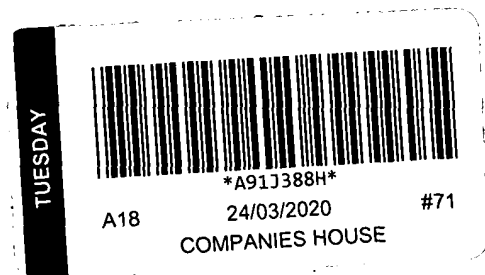


Company registration number: 03211901

Limehouse Arches Limited

Unaudited financial statements

30 June 2019



Limehouse Arches Limited

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Limehouse Arches Limited

Directors and other information

Director	R Roberts
Secretary	Ms H Kenny
Company number	03211901
Registered office	21-23 Trinidad Street Limehouse London E14 8AA
Business address	21-23 Trinidad Street Limehouse London E14 8AA
Accountants	Soares & Co 302 Stradbroke Grove Clayhall Ilford Essex IG5 0DE

Limehouse Arches Limited

**Director's report
Year ended 30 June 2019**

The director presents his report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Director

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

R Roberts

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 14 March 2020 and signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'R Roberts', with a stylized flourish at the end.

R Roberts
Director

Limehouse Arches Limited

**Statement of comprehensive income
Year ended 30 June 2019**

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover		-	-
Other operating expenses		(633)	-
Operating (loss)/profit		(633)	-
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(633)	-
Tax on (loss)/profit		-	-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		(633)	-

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Limehouse Arches Limited
Statement of financial position
30 June 2019

	Note	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	75,000		-	
			75,000		-
Current assets					
Debtors	5	-		2	
		-		2	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(75,631)		-	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(75,631)		2
Total assets less current liabilities			(631)		2
Net (liabilities)/assets			(631)		2
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			(633)		-
Shareholders (deficit)/funds			(631)		2

For the year ending 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Limehouse Arches Limited

Statement of financial position (continued)
30 June 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 March 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'R Roberts', written over a horizontal line.

R Roberts
Director

Company registration number: 03211901

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Limehouse Arches Limited

**Statement of changes in equity
Year ended 30 June 2019**

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 July 2017	2	-	2
(Loss)/profit for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
At 30 June 2018 and 1 July 2018	2	-	2
(Loss)/profit for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>(633)</u>	<u>(633)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(633)	(633)
At 30 June 2019	<u>2</u>	<u>(633)</u>	<u>(631)</u>

Limehouse Arches Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 June 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 21-23 Trinidad Street, Limehouse, London, E14 8AA.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 July 2017. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 88.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Limehouse Arches Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2019

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Limehouse Arches Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 30 June 2019

4. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 July 2018	-	-
Additions	75,000	75,000
At 30 June 2019	<u>75,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2018 and 30 June 2019	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2019	<u>75,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>
At 30 June 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

5. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other creditors	<u>75,631</u>	<u>-</u>

Limehouse Arches Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 30 June 2019

7. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019				
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
R Roberts	-	(75,273)	2	(75,271)
	<u>-</u>	<u>(75,273)</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>(75,271)</u>
2018				
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
R Roberts	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 July 2017.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.