Form 4 68

Liquidator's Progress Report

S.192

Pursuant to Sections 92A, 104A and 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number 3211818

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) James Vernon Associates Limited

(b) Insert name(s) and address(es) of liquidator(s)

I/We (b) Francesca Tackie Begbies Traynor (Central) LLP 340 Deansgate

Manchester **M3 4LY**

Name of Company

Paul W Barber Begbies Traynor (Central) LLP 340 Deansgate Manchester **M3 4LY**

the Liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our Progress Report statement of receipts and payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

The Progress Report statement of receipts and payments covers the period from 03/06/2012 to 02/12/2012

Dated

Signed

Joint Liquidator

Name in

BLOCK LETTERS

FRANCESCA TACKIE

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

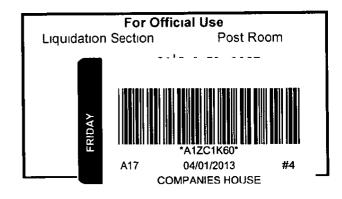
JAMESV2

James Vernon Associates Limited

Francesca Tackie

Begbies Traynor (Central) LLP

340 Deansgate Manchester **M3 4LY**



Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

James Vernon Associates Limited

Company Registered Number

3211818

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

03 June 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

02 December 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Francesca Tackie 340 Deansgate Manchester M3 4LY Paul W Barber 340 Deansgate Manchester M3 4LY

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section	192	of the	Insolvency	Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	16,339 35
	,	Carried Forward	16,339 35

Data	To whom paid	Nature of dishurasments	Amount
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements Brought Forward	Amount 16,310 10
26/06/2012 26/06/2012 26/06/2012 26/06/2012	Begbies Traynor Begbies Traynor Begbies Traynor Begbies Traynor	Land Registry Fees Vat Receivable Specific Bond Vat Receivable	8 00 1 59 12 00 2 40

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements			£ 16,339 35 16,334 09
		Balance £	5 26
This balance is made up as follo	ows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator			0 00
2 Balance at bank			5 26
3 Amount in Insolvency Servi	ces Account		0 00
		£	
4 Amounts invested by liquida	ator	0 00	
Less The cost of investmen		0 00	
Balance	L		0 00
5 Accrued Items			0 00
Total Balance as shown abo	ove	_	5 26

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

T.
13,000 00
0 00
0 00
0 00
57,525 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	56 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Overdrawn Director's Loan Account settlement offer suggested in the sum of £15,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

The above needs to be agreed and realised

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

9-12 months