COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 3205665

London & Midlands Property Limited Abbreviated accounts 30 September 2007



17/05/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE 140

Abbreviated accounts

year ended 30 September 2007

CONTENTS	PAGI
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2

Abbreviated balance sheet

30 September 2007

		2007		2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		1,114,306		27,973	
CREDITORS. Amounts falling due					
within one year		1,107,173		28,835	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILIT	IES)		7,133		(862)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT L	IABILITIES	6	7,133		(862)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	2		•		
Profit and loss account	2		2		2
From and loss account			7,131		(864)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS/(DEFICE	T)		7,133		(862)
					<u> </u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 12 May 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

MR T K QUIGLEY

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

year ended 30 September 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

year ended 30 September 2007

2 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital

		2007 £		2006	
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100			£ 100	
Allotted, called up and fully paid					
	2007		2006		
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2	
•				-	