

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

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BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Company Information

Director Mr Richard David Bell

Company secretary P S Bell

Registered office 112-114 Witton Street
Northwich
Cheshire
CW9 5NW

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

(Registration number: 03204006)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	2,610	2,619
Investments	<u>5</u>	6	1
		<u>2,616</u>	<u>2,620</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		16,093	121,121
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>429,147</u>	<u>362,518</u>
		445,240	483,639
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(24,607)</u>	<u>(48,338)</u>
Net current assets		<u>420,633</u>	<u>435,301</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		423,249	437,921
Accruals and deferred income		<u>(900)</u>	<u>(900)</u>
Net assets		<u>422,349</u>	<u>437,021</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		<u>422,347</u>	<u>437,019</u>
Total equity		<u>422,349</u>	<u>437,021</u>

For the financial year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

(Registration number: 03204006)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

Approved and authorised by the director on 21 March 2018

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Mr Richard David Bell

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

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BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

112-114 Witton Street

Northwich

Cheshire

CW9 5NW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 21 March 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures and fittings	10% reducing balance
Computer equipment	25% reducing balance

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill arising on an acquisition is recognised on the face of the balance sheet on the acquisition date and subsequently the excess up to the fair value of non-monetary assets acquired is recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the non-monetary assets are recovered.

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2016 - 1).

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 August 2016	28,076
Additions	833
	<hr/>
At 31 July 2017	28,909
	<hr/>
Depreciation	
At 1 August 2016	25,457
Charge for the year	842
	<hr/>
At 31 July 2017	26,299
	<hr/>
Carrying amount	
At 31 July 2017	2,610
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 July 2016	2,619
	<hr/> <hr/>

5 Investments

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 August 2016	1
Additions	5
	<hr/>
At 31 July 2017	6
	<hr/>
Provision	
Carrying amount	
At 31 July 2017	6
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 July 2016	1
	<hr/> <hr/>

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

2017		2016	
No.	£	No.	£

Ordinary of £1 each

2

2

2

2

BELL TECHNOLOGY (CHESHIRE) LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

7 Related party transactions

Cassell Children's Nursery Limited

A company in which Mr Bell is a director.

Cassell Children's Nursery Limited was loaned £105,000 on 12 September 2010 and a further £70,000 on 15 July 2012. This was repaid in full during this financial year ending 31 July 2017.

Directors' remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Remuneration	10,080	10,800
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	79,500	6,000
	<u>89,580</u>	<u>16,800</u>

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