A.S.A.P. Supplies Limited Financial statements 31 December 2018

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16/05/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

Directors' responsibilities statement

Year ended 31 December 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of financial position

31 December 2018

		2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5		_		148,625
Tangible assets	6		14,802		111,394
			14,802		260,019
Current assets					
Stocks	7			1,121,303	•
Debtors	8	1,407,620		839,857	
Cash at bank and in hand		186,930		176,800	
		1,594,550		2,137,960	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within		(00.000)		(4.440.007)	
one year	9	(60,986)		(1,112,237)	
Net current assets			1,533,564		1,025,723
Total assets less current liabilities			1,548,366		1,285,742
Provisions					
Taxation including deferred tax			_		(7,625)
Accruals and deferred income					(28,490)
Net assets			1,548,366		1,249,627
•					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		758		758
Share premium account			34,962 280		34,962 280
Capital redemption reserve Profit and loss account			1,512,366		1,213,627
Shareholders funds			1,548,366		1,249,627

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 4.47.209, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A P E L Thomas

Director

D Cottam Director

Company registration number: 03203198

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2018

1. General information

The company is a private limited company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 1 London Street, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 4QW, England.

The trading address is Reed House, Ellough Industrial Estate, Beccles, NR34 7TD.

The comparative accounting period was extended from 30 September 2017 to 31 December 2017 to align with other companies within the group. The comparative figures therefore cover the period 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017. This change means the comparative figures are not entirely comparable to the 2018 figures.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

On 28 December 2018 certain assets and liabilities and all of the trading activities were transferred to the parent company, Arleigh International Limited, at fair value. Since this date the company ceased to trade.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - over its useful economic life of 20 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property

10% reducing balance

improvements

Fixtures and fittings - 10% reducing balance or 33.33% straight line

Motor vehicles
Equipment

33% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

33% reducing balance

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions (continued)

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Goodwill

4. Employee numbers

The average number of employees during the year was 15 (2017: 39).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost At 1 January 2018	435,000
Additions Disposals through business combinations	(435,000)
At 31 December 2018	
Amortisation At 1 January 2018 Charge for the year Disposals through business combinations	286,375 21,750 (308,125)
At 31 December 2018	
Carrying amount At 31 December 2018	
At 31 December 2017	148,625

On 28 December 2018 the company's Goodwill was transferred to Arleigh International Limited at fair value.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2018

Tangible assets

	Leasehold property improve - Fi	xtures and	Motor		
	ments £	fittings £	vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 January 2018	17,310	108,874	28,730	510,891	665,805
Additions	9,819	4,427	_	15,961	30,207
Disposals through business					
combinations		(113,301)	(28,730)	(526,852)	(668,883)
At 31 December 2018	27,129	_	_	-	27,129
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2018	8,626	81,435	23,470	440,880	554,411
Charge for the year	3,701	3,187	2,733	28,657	38,278
Disposals through business					
combinations	_	(84,622)	(26,203)	(469,537)	(580,362)
At 31 December 2018	12,327	_			12,327
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2018	14,802	_	-	-	14,802
At 31 December 2017	8,684	27,439	5,260	70,011	111,394

On 28 December 2018 the company's Tangible assets, excluding Leasehold properties, were transferred to Arleigh International Limited at fair value.

7. Stocks

	2018	2017
Raw materials and consumables	£ _	1,121,303

On 28 December 2018 the company's Stock was transferred to Arleigh International Limited at fair value.

Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	222,722	187,733
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,184,898	595,420
Prepayments and accrued income	<u> </u>	56,704
	1,407,620	839,857

On 28 December 2018 the company's Prepayments and accrued income were transferred to Arleigh International Limited at fair value.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2018

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	_	539,661
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	350,000
Social security and other taxes	60,986	222,576
	60,986	1,112,237

On 28 December 2018 the company's Trade creditors and Accruals and deferred income were transferred to Arleigh International Limited at fair value.

10. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	303	303	303	303
Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	322	322	322	322
Ordinary 'D' shares of £1 each	76	76	76	76
Ordinary 'E' shares of £1 each	38	38	38	38
Ordinary 'F' shares of £1 each	19	19	19	19
•				
	758	758	758	758
	_	-		

11. Summary audit opinion

The auditors report for the year ended 31 December 2018 was unqualified with no emphasis of matter.

The senior statutory auditor was Simon Watson FCCA, for and on behalf of Lovewell Blake LLP.

12. Operating leases

At the year end the company had non-cancellable operating lease commitments of £58,732 (2017: £nil).