GOLDSLAM SERVICES LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

115435-B-2022



COMPANY INFORMATION

Director A Butler

Company number 03201095

Registered office Suite 121

Viglen House Alperton Lane Wembley London

United Kingdom HA0 1HD

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Accountants Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The director presents her annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of an investment company.

Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

A Butler

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless she is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. She is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

A Butler **Director**

Date: 25 September 2023



ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GOLDSLAM SERVICES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the relevant Companies Act, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Goldslam Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022 set out on pages 3 to 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) Practice Assurance Scheme, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Goldslam Services Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Goldslam Services Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Goldslam Services Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Goldslam Services Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Goldslam Services Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Goldslam Services Limited. You consider that Goldslam Services Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Goldslam Services Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

25 September 2023

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Administrative expenses	(6,634)	(5,778)	
Other gains and losses	(7,159)	8,647	
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(13,793)	2,869	
Tax on (loss)/profit	-	-	
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(13,793)	2,869	
			

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		202	2	202	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	5		3		3
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(911,241)		(897,448)	
Net current liabilities			(911,241)		(897,448)
Net liabilities			(911,238)		(897,445)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		226,000		226,000
Profit and loss reserves			(1,137,238)		(1,123,445)
Total equity			(911,238)		(897,445)

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 25 September 2023

A Butler **Director**

Company Registration No. 03201095

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	226,000	(1,126,314)	(900,314)
Year ended 31 December 2021: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,869	2,869
Balance at 31 December 2021	226,000	(1,123,445)	(897,445)
Year ended 31 December 2022: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	(13,793)	(13,793)
Balance at 31 December 2022	226,000	(1,137,238)	(911,238)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Goldslam Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 121, Viglen House, Alperton Lane, Wembley, London, United Kingdom, HA0 1HD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in \mathfrak{L} , which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. This is considered appropriate as the ultimate beneficial shareholders will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, other loans and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than £ are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company under an employment contract during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total		<u>-</u>

4 Impairments

Impairment tests have been carried out where appropriate and the following impairment losses have been recognised in profit or loss:

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
In respect of:			
Fixed asset investments	5	7,159	(8,647)
		<u> </u>	
Recognised in:			
Amounts written off investments		7,159	(8,647)
		<u>-</u>	`==

The impairment losses in respect of financial assets are recognised in other gains and losses in the profit and loss account.

5 Fixed asset investments

	2022	2021
	£	£
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	2	2
Loans to group undertakings and participating interests	1	1
	3	3

Fixed asset investments revalued

The company holds 100% of Goldslam Services SA, a Spanish registered company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The ordinary shares have a par value of £1 each.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5	Fixed asset investments				(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in	Loans to	Total
			subsidiaries	subsidiaries	TOtal
			£	£	£
	Cost or valuation				
	At 1 January 2022		806,663	131,382	938,045
	Exchange movements			7,159	7,159
	At 31 December 2022		806,663	138,541	945,204
	Impairment				
	At 1 January 2022		806,661	131,381	938,042
	Impairment losses		-	7,159	7,159
	At 31 December 2022		806,661	138,540	945,201
	Corning amount				
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2022		2	1	3
	At 31 December 2022				====
	At 31 December 2021		2	1	3
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
_	and the second s			2022	2021
				£	£
	Shareholder loan			907,304	894,313
	Other creditors			3,937	3,135
				911,241	897,448
	·				
7	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Authorised				
	Ordinary shares	250,000 =====	250,000 ======	250,000 ======	250,000 =====
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares	226,000	226,000	226,000	226,000
	•				
	•				

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Administrative expenses	
Accountancy 1,840 1,760	
Administration fees 4,794 4,018	
(6,634) (5,7	78)
Operating loss (6,634) (5,7	— 78)
Other gains and losses	
Amounts written off fixed asset investments (7,159) 8,6	47
(40.700)	_
(Loss)/profit before taxation (13,793) 2,8	ი ყ —