Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2017

Company Number 03197833

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Company Information

Directors M A Williams

M M Cox W M Limbert P R Newby

Company secretary D McGrath

Registered number 03197833

Registered office Station Estate

Station Road Tadcaster North Yorkshire LS24 9SG

Independent auditor BDO LLP

Central Square 29 Wellington Street

Leeds LS1 4DL

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Strategic Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their Strategic Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is that of a holding company. Consequently, the only income received by the company is dividends from its subsidiary undertaking.

Business review

The company received dividends of £2,662,158 (2016 - £566,095) during the year and paid dividends of £2,662,158 (2016 - £566,095) to the ordinary shareholder during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company has no external debtors or creditors so the risks faced by the company are minimal.

This report was approved by the board on

16 Marca 2018 and signed on its behalf.

W M Limbert Director

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

M A Williams
I P Hampton (resigned 3 August 2017)
M M Cox
W M Limbert
P R Newby

Matters covered in the strategic report

Details of the principal activities, dividends paid, review of business and uncertainties are shown in the Strategic Report on page 1.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the board on

16 Marca 2018

and signed on its behalf.

W M Limbert Director

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions, to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited (continued)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Craig Burton (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor

Leeds United Kingdom

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20 March 2018

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Income from shares in group undertakings		2,662,158	566,095
Profit before tax		2,662,158	566,095
Tax on profit	6	-	-
Profit after tax		2,662,158	566,095
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		3,524,098	3,524,098
Profit for the year		2,662,158	566,095
Dividends declared and paid	7	(2,662,158)	(566,095)
Retained earnings at the end of the year		3,524,098	3,524,098

There was no other comprehensive income in 2017 or 2016.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited Registered number: 03197833

Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2017 £	2016 £	2016 £
Fixed assets					
Fixed asset investments	8		5,376,500	-	5,376,500
Current assets					
Debtors	9	408,032		408,032	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(2,260,234)		(2,260,234)	
Net current liabilities			(1,852,202)		(1,852,202)
Net assets			3,524,298	•	3,524,298
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		200		200
Profit and loss account	12		3,524,098		3,524,098
Total equity attributable to the owners of the parent company			3,524,298		3,524,298

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

W M Limbert

Director

16 Marca 2018.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

Lambert Engineering Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is shown on the Company Information page. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are outlined in the Strategic Report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The presentation currency is GB Pounds.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Lambert Engineering Group Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to produce consolidated financial statements as it is included in EEA group accounts of a larger group.

2.3 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41 (b), 11.41 (c), 11.41 (e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Lambert Automation Limited as at 31 December 2017 and these financial statements may be obtained from Station Estate, Station Road, Tadcaster, North Yorkshire, LS24 9SG.

2.4 Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment. Where indicators of impairment exist the excess of the carrying amount over the recoverable value of the investment is charged to the Income Statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like loans to and from related parties.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

For financial liabilities measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between a liability's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would pay for the liability if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following key sources of estimation uncertainty:

Investments (see note 8)

The most critical estimates, assumptions and judgments relate to the determination of the carrying value of investments. The estimated recoverable amount is assessed with reference to the performance of the ultimate trading subsidiary and any identified impairment recognised in the Income Statement.

4. Operating profit

The remuneration of the auditors in respect of the audit of the financial statements of the company has been borne by Lambert Engineering Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking of Lambert Automation Limited.

5. Employees

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2016 - £Nil) from the company.

6. Taxation

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2016 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016 - 20.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2017 £	2016 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,662,158	566,095
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016 - 20.25%) Effects of:	512,465	114,634
Income not taxable	(512,465)	(114,634)
Total tax charge for the year	<u>. </u>	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

7.	Dividends		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Dividends on Ordinary shares of £13,311 (2016 - £2,830) per share	2,662,158	566,095
8.	Fixed asset investments	Investments subsidi undertakin	
	Cost and net book value		£

Subsidiary undertakings

At 1 January 2017

The undertakings of the company are as follows:

	Class of		
Name	shares	Holding	Principal activity
			Design, manufacture and installation
Lambert Engineering Limited	Ordinary	100 %	of automation systems

The registered office of Lambert Engineering Limited is Station Estate, Station Road, Tadcaster, North Yorkshire, LS24 9SG.

5,376,500

9. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings 4	08,032	408,032

Amounts owed by group undertakings are repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,259,434	2,259,434
	Accruals	800	800
		2,260,234	2,260,234
	Amounts owed to group undertakings are repayable on demand.		
11.	Share capital		
		2017	2016
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
	90 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	90	90
	110 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	110	110
		200	200

The Ordinary A shares and Ordinary B shares rank parri passu.

12. Reserves

The company's capital and reserves are as follows:

Share capital

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of the shares issued.

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

13. Related party transactions

The company is controlled by Lambert Automation Limited. All the directors of the company are directors and shareholders of Lambert Automation Limited.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lambert Automation Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 33.1A of FRS102 not to disclose transactions with Lambert Automation Limited or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

14. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of Lambert Engineering Group Limited and the ultimate parent company is Lambert Automation Limited. These companies are incorporated in England and Wales.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Lambert Automation Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from its registered office, Station Estate, Station Road, Tadcaster, North Yorkshire, LS24 9SG. No other group accounts include the results of the company.