Company Registration No. 3196642

Corregion of the same

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited

STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 May 2005

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Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Whitehall Quay, Leeds, LS1 4HG

An independent member of Baker Tilly International

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

K Bingham

S Watson

R Hind

SECRETARY

K Bingham

REGISTERED OFFICE

Laughton Lane Morton Gainsborough Lincolnshire DN21 3ET

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly 2 Whitehall Quay Leeds LS1 4HG

BANKERS

Royal Bank of Scotland plc 10 Silver Street Hull HU1 1JE

Baker Tilly

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of East Midlands Instrument Company Limited for the year ended 31 May 2005.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company during the year were the installation, calibration, repair and servicing of instruments and electrical controls, mechanical fabrication and control panel design and manufacture.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid on ordinary shares

The directors recommend the following dividends:

2005	2004
£	£
695,884	248,911

DIRECTORS

The following directors held office during the year:

K Bingham

C Ringsell

(resigned 15 April 2005)

J Pettit

(resigned 15 April 2005)

S Watson

B Pettinger

(resigned 15 April 2005)

R Hind

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of group directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

K Bingham Secretary

6 October 2005

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EAST MIDLANDS INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 19.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 May 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BAKER TILLY
Registered Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Leeds

10 October 2005

Baker Tilly

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 May 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
TURNOVER	1	9,578,675	9,217,027
Cost of sales		(7,211,227)	(6,999,176)
Gross profit		2,367,448	2,217,851
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		184,028 (1,518,113)	(152,786) (1,425,368)
Exceptional item	3	(1,516,115)	-
OPERATING PROFIT	2	552,477	639,697
Interest receivable Interest payable	4 5	1,005 (65,552)	(66,053)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		487,930	573,644
Taxation	7	(169,502)	(153,524)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		318,428	420,120
Dividends	8	(695,884)	(248,911)
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	(377,456)	171,209

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET

31 May 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS	9	717,872	677 166
Tangible assets Investments	10	800,000	677,466 800,000
		1,517,872	1,477,466
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11 12	649,246 1,827,938 36,166	821,051 2,191,637 954
		2,513,350	3,013,642
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,994,046)	(2,597,162)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		519,304	416,480
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,037,176	1,893,946
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(1,598,590)	(1,086,580)
		438,586	807,366
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	15	(39,053)	(30,377)
		399,553	776,989
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	16 17	150,000 249,553	150,000 626,989
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		399,553	776,989

Approved by the board on 6 Where 2005.

K Bingham

Director

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 May 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Cash flow from operating activities	19a	942,453	42,211
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19b	(64,547)	(66,053)
Taxation		(145,078)	(28,056)
Capital expenditure and servicing of finance	19b	(25,112)	(49,549)
		707,716	(101,447)
Equity dividends paid		(695,884)	(248,911)
CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE FINANCING		11,832	(350,358)
Financing	19b	29,190	586,515
INCREASE IN CASH IN THE PERIOD		41,022	236,157
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT		2005 £	2004 £
Increase in cash in the period	19c	41,022	236,157
Net cash inflow from bank loans		(88,972)	
Net cash outflow in respect of hire purchase New finance leases		59,872 (92,268)	37,718 (83,488)
Change in net debt		(80,346)	(433,846)
Net debt at 1 June 2004		(2,054,910)	(1,621,064)
Net debt at 31 May 2005		(2,135,256)	(2,054,910)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

CONSOLIDATION

The company was, at the end of the year, a wholly owned subsidiary of another company incorporated in the United Kingdom. As a result, the company, in accordance with section 228 of the Companies Act 1985, is not required to produce and has not published consolidated accounts. The parent entity's accounts therefore present information about it as an individual undertaking and not as a group.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Freehold property	2%
Plant and machinery	15%
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	15%
Motor vehicles	25%

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of finished goods and work in progress includes overheads appropriate to the stage of manufacture. Net realisable value is based upon estimated selling prices less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases"), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lesser.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants on capital expenditure are released to revenue by equal annual amounts over the expected useful life of the assets to which they relate.

Baker Tilly

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 May 2005

1	TURNOVER
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The company's turnover and profit before taxation were all derived from its principal activity.

An analysis of turnover is given below:

		2005 £	2004 £
	United Kingdom	9,578,675	9,217,027
2	OPERATING PROFIT	2005 £	2004 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Government grant releases	(710)	(710)
	Depreciation – owned assets	58,686	49,884
	 assets held under HP Auditors' remuneration 	18,288	16,880
	- as auditors	9,750	11,000
	- other services	41,840	
	Operating lease rentals		
	- plant and machinery	130,285	80,211
	- land and buildings	20,894	33,301

3 EXCEPTIONAL COSTS

This relates to costs incurred as a result of the share buy back in East Midlands Holdings Limited. Further details are disclosed in these accounts.

4	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	2005 £	2004 £
	Interest receivable	1,005	
5	INTEREST PAYABLE	2005 £	2004 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowing Finance charges Other similar charges payable	53,029 7,362 5,161	54,062 4,796 7,195
		65,552	66,053

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2005

127 34
161
2004 £
25,879 57,634 69,963
53,476
2004 £
54,674
31,919
86,593
were as
2004
No
7

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2005

-			
7	TAXATION	2005	2004
		£	£
	Corporation tax:		
	Current tax	160,438	145,078
	Prior year	388	-
	Defend touching		
	Deferred taxation:	6 920	0 116
	Current year	6,829	8,446
	Prior year	1,847	-
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	169,502	153,524
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the period:		
	ractors affecting the tax charge for the period.		
	The tax charge assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate	te of corporation ta	x in the UK
	(30%). The differences are explained below:	2005	2004
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	487,930	573,644
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of		
	corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004: 30%)	146,379	172,093
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	45,202	5,387
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(7,704)	(6,798)
	Smaller companies rate relief	(24,314)	(25,604)
	Other short term timing differences	875	-
			
	Current tax charge for the period	160,438	145,078
8	DIVIDENDS	2005	2004
		£	£
	The following dividends have been paid in respect of the year:		
	Dividend paid on ordinary shares	695,884	248,911
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

During the year the company paid an exceptional dividend of £570,000. This was paid to the parent company, East Midlands Holdings Limited, to allow them to buy back 75,000 Ordinary £1 shares from the shareholders at £7.60 per share.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2005

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold properties	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 June 2004 Additions	513,023	639,584 85,477	177,996 31,902	21,734	1,352,337 117,380
At 31 May 2005	513,023	725,061	209,898	21,734	1,469,717
Depreciation					
At 1 June 2004	91,210	447,764	117,019	18,878	674,871
Charge for the year	8,870	50,772	14,937	2,395	76,974
At 31 May 2005	100,080	498,536	131,956	21,273	751,845
Net book value At 31 May 2005	412,943	226,525	77,942	461	717,872
At 31 May 2004	421,813	191,820	60,977	2,856	677,466

Hire purchase agreements

Included within the net book value of £717,872 is £149,835 (2004: £127,777) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the accounts in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £18,288 (2004: £16,880).

10	FIXED ASSETS INVESTMENTS	Investments other than loans £
	Cost	
	At 1 June 2004 and 31 May 2005	800,000
	Net book value	
	At 31 May 2005	800,000
	At 31 May 2004	800,000

Investments shown above relate to 100% of the issued share capital of East Midlands Instrument Company (1996) Limited, the company's only subsidiary.

2004 £	2005 £	STOCKS	11		
6,529	7,470	Raw materials			
814,522	641,776	Work in progress			
821,051	649,246				
	12-1				
2004 £	2005 £	DEBTORS	12		
2,147,506	1,794,619	Trade debtors			
44,131	31,519	Prepayments and accrued income			
2,191,637	1,827,938				
2004	2005	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	13		
£	£				
890,315	428,494	Bank loans and overdrafts			
939,869	45,752 766,978	Amounts owed to group undertakings Trade creditors			
43,644	65,261	Hire purchase agreements			
145,078	160,826	Corporation tax			
395,976	315,790	Other taxation and social security			
97,380	93,684	Other creditors			
84,900	117,261	Accruals and deferred income			
2,597,162	1,994,046				
cured by the	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by				
2004	2005	company.			
2004 £	£				
890,315	375,994	Bank loans and overdrafts			
43,644	65,241	Hire purchase agreements			
933,959	441,235				

East Midlands Instrument Company Limited Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 May 2005

14	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due in more than one year	2005	2004
	Ç	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	699,072	168,556
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	800,000	800,000
	Hire purchase agreements	55,603	44,824
	Other creditors	43,915	73,200
		1,598,590	1,086,580
		<u></u>	
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Amounts repayable by instalments falling due:		
	In more than one but not more than two years	160,184	148,797
	In more than two but not more than five years	1,097,991	937,783
	In more than five years	340,415	-
			
		1,598,590	1,086,580
	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after by the company.	r more than one yea	ar are secured
	ey and company.	2005	2004
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	384,067	168,556
	Hire purchase agreement	55,603	44,824
		439,670	213,380

During the year the company repaid its bank loans and took out a new term loan of £420,000. This is to be repaid over 10 years at an interest rate of 1.765% above base rate.

The bank has a fixed charge over the assets of the company as security on the loans.

15	DEFERED TAXATION	2005 £	2004 £
	The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:	-	-
	Provision brought forward Adjustment in respect of prior years	30,377 1,847	21,931
	Increase in provision	6,829	8,446
	Provision carried forward	39,053	30,377
	The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing d	ifferences in res	pect of:
		2005 £	2004 £
	Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences	40,540 (1,487)	30,377
		39,053	30,377
16	SHARE CAPITAL	2005 £	2004 £
	Authorised: 150,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	150,000	150,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Ordinary share capital	150,000	150,000
17	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2005 £	2004 £
	1 June 2004	626,989	455,780
	Retained (loss)/profit for the year	(377,456)	171,209
	31 May 2005	249,553	626,989

18	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2005 £	2004 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividends	318,428 (695,884)	420,120 (248,911)
		(377,456)	171,209
	Opening shareholders' equity funds	776,989	605,780
	Closing shareholders' equity funds	399,533	776,989
19	CASH FLOWS	2005 £	2004 £
a	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		
	Operating profit	552,477	639,697
	Depreciation	76,974	66,764
	Decrease in stocks	171,805	88,726
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	363,699	(1,110,421)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(222,502)	357,445
	Net cash flow from operating activities	942,453	42,211
		2005 £	2004 £
ъ	Analysis of cash flows for headings netted in the cash flow	_	_
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	1.005	-
	Interest paid		(61,257)
	Interest element of finance lease rental payments		(4,796)
	Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(64,547)	(66,053)
	Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(25,112)	(49,549)
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment	(86,659)	(49,549)

19	CASH FLOWS (continued)			2005 £	2004 £
	Financing (Decrease)/increase in bank borrow Increase in inter company debt Capital element of finance lease ren	_		(43,220) 45,752 (59,872)	624,233 (37,7118)
				29,100	586,515
c	Analysis of changes in net debt	At 31 May 2004 £	Cash flows £	Other non-cash changes £	At 31 May 2005 £
	Net cash Cash in hand and at bank Overdrafts	954 (199,552)	35,212 5,810	-	36,166 (193,742)
		(198,598)	41,022	-	(157,576)
	Debt Debt due within 1 year Debt due after 1 year Hire purchase agreements	(726,088) (1,041,756) (88,468)	412,259 (501,231) 59,872	(92,268)	(313,829) (1,542,987) (120,864)
		(1,856,312)	(29,100)	(92,268)	(1,977,680)
	Net debt	(2,054,910)	13,891	(92,268)	(2,135,256)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2005

20 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 May 2004 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2005	2004
	£	£
Plant and machinery		
expiring within one year	24,195	22,504
expiring between two and five years	109,776	119,969
Land and buildings		
expiring within one year	20,964	12,337
expiring between two and five years	-	20,964
	154,935	175,774

21 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 May 2005, the company was committed to purchase plant and machinery to the value of £8,850 (2004: £nil).

22 CONTINGENCIES

The company has given a cross guarantee in favour of Yorkshire Bank in respect of all monies owing by East Midlands Instrument Company (1996) Limited and East Midlands Holdings Limited.

23 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of East Midlands Holdings Limited, a company registered in England.

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