Registered number: 03196600

# **AMENDED ACCOUNTS**

GUTHRIE CASTLE LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

HURSDAY



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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

DIRECTORS

Mr A M Watson Mr D S Pena

**REGISTERED NUMBER** 

03196600

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

The Broadgate Tower Third Floor

20 Primrose Street

London EC2A 2RS

**ACCOUNTANTS** 

EQ Accountants LLP Chartered Accountants

Westby

64 West High Street

Forfar Angus DD8 1BJ

# GUTHRIE CASTLE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03196600

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

			2018 £		2017 £
FIXED ASSETS			_		-
Tangible assets	4		392,691		790,876
Investments	5		6,878		6,878
		•	399,569		797,754
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		15,311		1,000	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	395,373		225,970	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,909,210		385,497	
		3,319,894		612,467	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,038,344)		(1,793,593)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		······································	281,550		(1,181,126)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		•	681,119		(383,372)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(7,669)		(60,128)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			673,450		(443,500)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				•	
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			673,448		(443,502)
		•	673,450		(443,500)
•		:			

# GUTHRIE CASTLE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03196600

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 24 October 2019.

Mr A M Watson

**Director** 

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Guthrie Castle Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England, registration number 03196600. The registered office is The Broadgate Tower Third Floor, 20 Primrose Street, London, EC2A 2RS. The principle place of business is: Guthrie Castle, Guthrie, Forfar, DD8 2TP.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 REVENUE

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

### Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 PENSIONS

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.4 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

### 2.5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

The directors consider that the value of the pavillion building should be written down to nil as the building is no longer in use as a function venue. The detail can be found in Note 4 of the accounts.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Tenants improvements - 12.5% & 2% Motor vehicles - 20% & 10% Furniture and equipment - 12.5%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

## 2.6 IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS AND GOODWILL

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.7 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

#### 2.8 STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 2.9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

### 3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 12 (2017 - 12).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Tenants Improve- ments £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1 January 2018	905,872	444,706	387,701	1,738,279
Additions	-	-	109,039	109,039
Disposals	-	(146,895)	-	(146,895)
Impairment	(587,322)	-	=	(587,322)
At 31 December 2018	318,550	297,811	496,740	1,113,101
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2018	294,236	332,783	320,384	947,403
Charge for the year on owned assets	15,956	56,932	26,348	99,236
Disposals	-	(146,894)	-	(146,894)
Impairment	(179,335)	-	-	(179,335)
At 31 December 2018	130,857	242,821	346,732	720,410
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2018	187,693	54,990	150,008	392,691
At 31 December 2017	611,636	111,923	67,317	790,876

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

			Unlisted investments £
	COST OR VALUATION		
	At 1 January 2018		6,878
	At 31 December 2018		6,878
			,
6.	DEBTORS		
	·	2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	383,625	215,560
	Other debtors	10,720	9,412
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,028	998
		395,373	225,970
7.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	40,360	29,914
	Other taxation and social security	349,989	62,747
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	51,165	49,872
	Other creditors	2,580,317	1,639,688
	Accruals and deferred income	16,513	11,372
		3,038,344	1,793,593
8.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	7,669	60,128
		7,669	60,128