PRIMARY GROUP SERVICES LIMITED

Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2016

Company registration number. 03194221

23/12/2016

COMPANIES HOUSE

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General information

Director

The director at the date of this report was as follows:

Mr J A Bourne Mr A N Murray

Principal Bankers

Barclays Bank plc One Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Central Square
29 Wellington Street
Leeds LS1 4DL

Tax Advisors

Rawlinson & Hunter Eighth Floor 6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane London EC4A 3AQ

Principal Lawyers

Norton Rose 3 More London Riverside London SE1 2AQ

Registered Office

3 More London Riverside London SE1 2AQ

Company Registration Number

03194221

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England.

Director's report

The directors present the Director's report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Business review

Results and performance

Turnover was £44,837 (2015: £43,927) comprises interest income respect of a loan to the immediate parent company Primary Group (UK) Limited.

The profit attributable to the shareholder of the company for the year ended 31 March 2016 was £37,766 (2015: £34,702) after a tax charge of £7,071 (2015: £9,225). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2015: £Nil).

Business environment

The company is no longer trading.

Directors and director's interests

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

Mr J A Bourne Mr A N Murray

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have signified their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming meeting.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware; and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Statement of director's responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, compromising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102), and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

Director's report (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to the disclosure of information to auditors

As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

This report was approved by the board on 21 December 2016 and has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board,

Mr J A Bourne Director

2 December 2016

Independent auditors' report to the members of Primary Group Services Limited

Our opinion

In our opinion, Primary Group Services Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Director's Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 March 2016;
- the profit and loss account for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Director's remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Primary Group Services Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the director

As explained more fully in the Statement of director's responsibilities set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error.

This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- · the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Gary Shaw (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Leeds

2 December 2016

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Note	31 March 2016 £	31 March 2015 £
Turnover		44,837	43,927
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	_	44,837	43,927
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(7,071)	(9,225)
Profit for the financial year	·	37,766	34,702

All results derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses, other than those reflected in the profit for the financial year. Accordingly, no statement of other comprehensive income is given.

There are no material differences between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes to the financial statements on pages 8 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Note	31 March 2016 £	31 March 2015 £
Current assets	-		
Debtors	4	1,808,999	1,771,233
Cash at bank and in hand	_	352	352
		1,809,351	1,771,585
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5 _	(112,917)	(112,917)
Net current assets	-	1,696,434	1,658,668
Total assets less current liabilities		1,696,434	1,658,668
Net Assets	-	1,696,434	1,658,668
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Retained earnings	_	1,695,434	1,657,668
Total equity	_	1,696,434	1,658,668

The financial statements on pages 7 to 10 were approved by the board on 21 December 2016 and signed on behalf of the board.

Mr J A Bourne Director

2| December 2016

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 Section 1A - Small Entities and the Small Companies Regulations. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost method. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

Going concern

The director felt that the company is well placed to manage its business risks. The company recognised an operating profit in the year and the director has reviewed whether the going concern basis of preparing the financial statements continues to remain appropriate. Further to this review the director has a reasonable expectation that the company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover compromises amounts receivable in respect of the interest receivable and similar income from group loans. Turnover is reported net of any value added tax. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method. Interest receivable is recognised in the year on an accrued basis.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax

Current tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. Operating profit

The audit fee of £3,000 (2015: £3,090) was paid by the immediate parent company, Primary Group (UK) Limited.

3. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	31 March 2016 £	31 March 2015 £
(a) Analysis of charge for the year	~	~
Current tax: Based on the profit for the year at 20% (2015: 21%) Group relief Adjustment to tax in respect of prior periods	8,349 (1,278)	9,225
Current tax charge for the year	7,071	9,225
Total tax charge for the year (note 3b)	7,071	9,225

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

3. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

	31 March 2016 £	31 March 2015 £
(b) Factors affecting total tax charge for the year		•
The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK at 20% (2015: 21%)		
The differences are explained below:		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	44,837	43,927
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 21%) Effects of:	8,967	9,225
Permanent differences Adjustment to tax in respect of prior periods – group relief	(618) (1,278)	
Total tax charge for the year (note 3a)	7,071	9,225

(c) Tax Rate change

The tax rate for the current period is lower than the prior period due to changes in the main UK Corporation tax rate which decreased from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015.

Further reductions to the UK Corporation tax rate were substantively enacted as part of the Finance (No 2) Act 2015. These reduce the main rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and 18% from 1 April 2020. Finance Bill 2016 has proposed a further reduction to 17% in respect of the financial year beginning 1 April 2020. The latest reduction had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

4. Debtors

Amounts due within one year	31 March 2016 £	31 March 2015 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,808,999	1,771,233
	1,808,999	1,771,233

Amounts due from group undertakings, due within one year is in respect of a loan to the immediate parent company Primary Group (UK) Limited. Interest is calculated at a rate of the Bank of England base rate plus 2%.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

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Other creditors	112,917	112,917
	112,917	112,917

6. Related party transactions

The company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Primary Group (UK) Limited at the balance sheet date and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Primary Group (UK) Limited. Consequently, the Company is not required by FRS 102 Section 1A to disclose related party transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries of Primary Group (UK) Limited.

7. Ultimate holding company

The ultimate holding company at 31 March 2016 is Primary Group Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda. As at 31 March 2016 the largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that of which Primary Group Limited is the parent company.

The smallest such group is that of which Primary Group (UK) Limited is the parent company. The registered address of Primary Group (UK) Limited is 3 More London Riverside, London SE1 2AQ.

In the opinion of the directors, at the date of which the financial statements were approved, the ultimate controllers are the R&H Trust Co. Ltd as trustee of two trusts established in the Cayman Islands for the benefit of Mr P W H James and his family.

8. Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102. The last financial statements under UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2015 and the changes in accounting policies had no impact on Primary Group Services Limited and there is therefore no difference between UK GAAP previously reported and FRS 102.