



CHFP001

288b

**Terminating appointment as director or secretary
(NOT for appointment (use Form 288a) or change
of particulars (use Form 288c))**

Company Number

3188850

Company Name in full

Finstop Limited

Date of termination of appointment

Day Month Year

1	5	0	1	2	0	0	4
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

as director

X

as secretary

Please mark the appropriate box. If terminating appointment as a director and secretary mark both boxes.

NAME _____

***Style / Title**

Ms

*Honours etc

**Please insert
details as
previously
notified to
Companies House.**

Forename(s)

Ruth

Surname

Prior	
-------	--

†Date of Birth

Day Month Year

0	5	1	1	1	9	6	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A serving director, secretary etc must sign the form below.

Signed

Date 21/01/2004

* Voluntary details.
† Directors only.
**Delete as appropriate

(**serving director / secretary / administrator / administrative receiver / receiver manager / receiver)

Please give the name, address, telephone number and, if available, a DX number and Exchange of the person Companies House should contact if there is any query.

Alan Waterhouse, 3 Sidings Court, White Rose Way, Doncaster , South Yorks DN4

5NU

Tel 01302 303007

DX number

DX exchange

When you have completed and signed the form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff
for companies registered in England and Wales or
Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EB
for companies registered in Scotland **DX 235 Edinburgh**

1. The first step is to identify the variables that are likely to influence the outcome variable. In this case, the variables are:

- Age
- Gender
- Education
- Income
- Marital Status
- Health Status
- Employment Status
- Religion
- Political Affiliation
- Geographic Location

2. The second step is to select a statistical model. In this case, a multiple regression model is appropriate.

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \dots + \beta_n X_n + \epsilon$$

3. The third step is to estimate the parameters of the model. This can be done using ordinary least squares (OLS) regression.

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \hat{\beta}_1 X_{i1} - \hat{\beta}_2 X_{i2} - \dots - \hat{\beta}_n X_{in})$$

4. The fourth step is to test the significance of the coefficients. This can be done using t-tests.

$$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_j - \beta_j}{\text{SE}(\hat{\beta}_j)}$$

5. The fifth step is to calculate the R-squared value, which measures the proportion of variance in the outcome variable that is explained by the independent variables.

$$R^2 = \frac{\text{Explained Variance}}{\text{Total Variance}}$$

6. The sixth step is to interpret the results. This involves looking at the coefficients and their standard errors, and testing the null hypothesis that the coefficients are equal to zero.

$$H_0: \beta_j = 0$$

7. The seventh step is to write a conclusion. This involves summarizing the findings of the study and discussing the implications for policy and practice.

$$\text{Conclusion: } \beta_j \neq 0$$

8. The eighth step is to appendices. This includes any additional data, tables, or figures that are relevant to the study.

$$\text{Appendix A: Data Summary}$$

9. The ninth step is to references. This includes a list of all the sources that were used in the study.

$$\text{References: } \beta_j \neq 0$$

10. The tenth step is to the end of the document.

$$\text{End of Document}$$

A63
COMPANIES HOUSE

0156
28/01/04

Form revised 1999

10/99