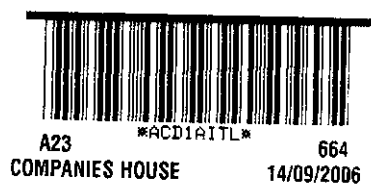


**Flextech Interactive Limited**

**Directors' report and financial  
statements**

**Registered number 3184754**

**31 December 2005**



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## Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

### Principal activities

The company's principal activity is the operation of interactive services on internet and satellite television systems in the UK.

### Business review and dividends

In July 2004 the company's ultimate parent, Titan Cable plc (formerly Telewest Communications plc) successfully completed its financial restructuring and Telewest Global, Inc. became the company's ultimate holding company.

The results for the year ended 31 December 2005 and the financial position of the company at that date are set out on pages 5 and 6 of the financial statements.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2004: £nil).

### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

SS Cook (resigned 3 March 2006)

LM Opie

NR Smith

ntl Directors Limited (appointed 12 April 2006)

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc., its ultimate parent company, which is incorporated in Delaware, USA. Therefore under the Companies (Disclosure of Directors' Interests) (Exceptions) Regulations 1985 directors of the company are exempt from the obligation otherwise imposed by s324 of the Companies Act 1985 to notify the company of their interests in shares in, or debentures of, Telewest Global, Inc.

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the share capital of the company or any other UK based group company.

During the financial year, no rights to subscribe for shares in the company or any other UK group company were granted to or exercised by any director who held office at the end of the financial year and to the date of this report or by any member of his immediate family.


### Post balance sheet events

On 3 March 2006 Telewest Global, Inc. executed an agreement of merger with NTL Incorporated (incorporated in Delaware, USA), which resulted in NTL Incorporated being merged into a subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc. In accordance with the terms of the agreement of merger Telewest Global, Inc. was renamed NTL Incorporated with immediate effect. Further details are set out in note 1, basis of preparation, and note 15, subsequent events.

### Auditor

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the company is not obliged to reappoint its auditor annually.

By order of the board



C Burns  
Secretary

Export House  
Cawsey Way  
Woking  
Surrey  
GU21 6QX  
2006

20 June

## **Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



## KPMG Audit Plc

PO Box 695  
8 Salisbury Square  
London  
EC4Y 8BB

### **Independent auditor's report to the members of Flextech Interactive Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Flextech Interactive Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor**

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### **Basis of audit opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of Flextech Interactive Limited**  
*(continued)*

**Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

*KPMG Audit Plc*

**KPMG Audit Plc**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
*Registered Auditor*

*20*

June 2006

## Profit and loss account

*for the year ended 31 December*

	<i>Note</i>	2005 £000	2004 £000
<b>Turnover</b>	<i>1</i>	325	474
Cost of sales		(538)	(489)
<b>Gross loss</b>		(213)	(15)
Distribution costs		(1,222)	(1,324)
Administrative expenses (including a writeback of £1,529,000 (2004: provision of £1,449,000) against intercompany balances)		18	(3,582)
<b>Operating loss</b>	<i>2</i>	(1,417)	(4,921)
Loss on exchange		(143)	-
Gain on disposal of investment	<i>8</i>	3,014	-
Amounts written off investments		-	(371)
<b>Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before and after taxation</b>	<i>6</i>	1,454	(5,292)
<b>Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year</b>		1,454	(5,292)
Retained deficit brought forward		(50,390)	(45,098)
<b>Retained deficit carried forward</b>		(48,936)	(50,390)

All of the above results are derived from continuing operations.

The company had no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The historical cost profits and losses in the current and prior year are the same as those reported above.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

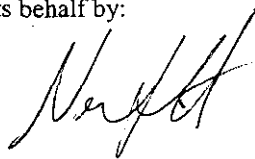
## Balance sheet

at 31 December

	Note	2005 £000	2004 £000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	-	-
Investments	8	500	500
		<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	9	5,214	1,589
		<u>5,214</u>	<u>1,589</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(54,649)	(52,478)
		<u>(54,649)</u>	<u>(52,478)</u>
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(49,435)</u>	<u>(50,889)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(48,935)</u>	<u>(50,389)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(48,935)</u>	<u>(50,389)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	11	1	1
Profit and loss account		(48,936)	(50,390)
		<u>(48,935)</u>	<u>(50,389)</u>
<b>Shareholders' deficit - equity</b>	12	<u>(48,935)</u>	<u>(50,389)</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on  
on its behalf by:

20 June 2006 and were signed

  
N R Smith  
Director



## Notes

*(forming part of the financial statements)*

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### *Basis of preparation*

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding net liabilities of £48,935,000 which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. Telewest UK Limited, an intermediate holding company, has indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. This should enable the Company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Based on this indication the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

In July 2004, Titan Cable plc (formerly Telewest Communications plc) successfully completed its financial restructuring. This resulted in the reorganisation of the business and operations of Titan Cable plc and its subsidiaries ('the Group') under Telewest Global, Inc., incorporated in Delaware, USA, which became the ultimate holding company. On 3 March 2006 Telewest Global, Inc. executed an agreement of merger with NTL Incorporated (incorporated in Delaware, USA), which resulted in NTL Incorporated being merged into a subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc. The directors believe that the restructuring left Telewest Global, Inc. and its subsidiaries ('the new Group') with sufficient liquidity to meet the new Group's funding needs and enable it to provide continued support to subsidiary companies. The directors believe that the subsequent merger with NTL Incorporated continues to provide sufficient liquidity to provide continued support to subsidiary companies.

#### *Cash flow statement*

Under Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 1 Cash Flow Statements the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that its ultimate parent undertaking, Telewest Global, Inc., includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

#### *Fixed assets and depreciation*

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Computer equipment	-	4 years
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#### *Investments*

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in future or a right to pay less tax in future have occurred at the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19 Deferred Tax. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Related party transactions

As the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc., the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 Related Party Disclosures and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group. The consolidated financial statements of Telewest Global, Inc., within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 13.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of interactive services provided on internet and satellite television systems during the year.

#### Pension costs

The company does not have a pension scheme but contributes to the scheme of the employee's choice.

### 2 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

	2005 £000	2004 £000
<i>Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:</i>		
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit	-	15
Depreciation on owned assets	-	9
(Write back)/provision against balances due from group undertakings	(1,529)	1,449
Impairment of fixed asset investments	-	371
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The company has undertaken a review of amounts due from subsidiary undertakings and parent companies for the year ended December 31, 2005. This has resulted in a decrease in the level of provision against such debtors of £1,528,580 as compared to the prior year, which has been released through the profit and loss account for the current year (2004: provision of £1,448,574).

The auditor's remuneration for 2005 was borne by a fellow group company.

## Notes (continued)

### 3 Remuneration of directors

The directors did not receive any remuneration from the company during the year (2004: £nil). These costs are borne by another group undertaking.

### 4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2005	2004
Management and office staff	14	14

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Wages and salaries	656	754
Social security costs	73	64
Other pension costs	19	25
	<u>748</u>	<u>843</u>

### 5 Tax on ordinary activities

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Tax on ordinary activities	-	-

The current tax charge for the period is lower (2004: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%, 2004: 30%). The differences are explained below.

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Tax charge/(credit) on pre tax profits/losses at 30% (2004: 30%)	436	(1,588)
Effects of:		
Write back/(provision) against intercompany balances	(1,363)	736
Amounts written off investments	-	111
Depreciation	-	3
Tax losses carried forward	927	738
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Current tax	-	-

As at 31 December 2005, the company estimates that it has £22.9 million (2004: £31.8 million), of tax losses available to relive future profits.

In addition, the company estimates that it has unclaimed capital allowances as at 31 December 2005 of £5.8 million (2004: £5.8million).

## Notes (continued)

### 6 Deferred taxation

A deferred tax asset of £8.6 million (2004: £11.2 million) has not been recognised on timing differences. These assets can only be deducted against certain types of future income. There is currently insufficient evidence that the right type of income will be generated.

### 7 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £000
<i>Cost</i>	
At start and end of year	6,420
	<hr/>
<i>Depreciation</i>	
At start and end of year	6,420
	<hr/>
<i>Net book value</i>	
At 31 December 2005	-
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2004	-
	<hr/>

### 8 Investments

	Shares in subsidiary and associated undertakings £000
<i>Cost</i>	
At beginning and end of year	5,674
	<hr/>
<i>Provisions</i>	
At beginning and end of year	5,174
	<hr/>
<i>Net book value</i>	
At 31 December 2005	500
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2004	500
	<hr/>

	Country of registration or incorporation	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Multi Media Mapping Limited	England and Wales	Operation of online mapping service	Ordinary £1 25.50%
X refer.com Limited	England and Wales	Operation of a web site	Ordinary £1 14.37%

Recommend Ltd, which was previously held at a £nil value (2004: £nil) was sold on 16 December 2005 for £3,014,430.

## Notes (continued)

### 9 Debtors

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts due from group undertakings	5,209	1,461
Prepayments and accrued income	5	128
	<u>5,214</u>	<u>1,589</u>

### 10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2005 £000	2004 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	54,460	52,001
Accruals and deferred income	189	477
	<u>54,649</u>	<u>52,478</u>

### 11 Called up share capital

	2005	2004
<i>Authorised</i>		
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

### 12 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit – equity

	Called up share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	2005 Total £000	2004 £000
Opening shareholders' deficit – equity	-	(50,389)	(50,389)	(45,097)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	-	1,454	1,454	(5,292)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Closing shareholders' deficit – equity	-	(48,935)	(48,935)	(50,389)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

## Notes (continued)

### 13 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

At 31 December 2005, the ultimate parent company was Telewest Global, Inc., which is incorporated in Delaware, USA. Telewest Global, Inc. is the parent of the largest group for which group financial statements, including the company, are prepared. The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Telewest UK Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. On 3 March 2006 Telewest Global, Inc. executed an agreement of merger with NTL Incorporated (incorporated in Delaware, USA), which resulted in NTL Incorporated being merged into a subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc. In accordance with the terms of the agreement of merger Telewest Global, Inc. was renamed NTL Incorporated with immediate effect. Copies of the group financial statements of Telewest Global, Inc. may be obtained from The Company Secretary, Telewest Broadband, Export House, Cawsey Way, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6QX. NTL Incorporated became the ultimate parent of the Company on 3 March 2006.

### 14 Contingent liabilities

The company has joint and several liabilities under a group VAT registration.

### 15 Subsequent events

On 3 March 2006, Telewest Global, Inc., the company's ultimate parent undertaking, and NTL Incorporated announced that they had completed the merger of the two businesses, creating the UK's second largest communications company. Telewest Global, Inc. (now renamed NTL Incorporated), NTL Cable plc, NTL Investment Holdings Limited and certain of its subsidiaries and Telewest Communications Networks Limited and certain of its subsidiaries executed a Senior Facilities Agreement with a consortium of financial institutions. The new senior secured credit facility has an aggregate principal amount of £3.8 billion, mainly comprising of a £3.2 billion 5-year term loan facility and a £100 million 5-year multi-currency revolving credit facility. Telewest Global, Inc and NTL Incorporated (now renamed NTL Holdings Inc.) also entered into a Senior Bridge Facilities Agreement with a consortium of financial institutions. This facility consists of a 1-year (automatically extendable to a 10-year) senior subordinated bridge facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$3.1 billion (£1.8 billion equivalent) for the purposes of financing the cash consideration payable pursuant to the merger agreement and paying the related fees, costs and expenses in connection therewith. This facility has now been fully drawn. In addition, NTL Incorporated and NTL Investment Holdings Limited agreed to engage the financial institutions for any take-out financing for the bridge facility.