PSYGNOSIS LICENSING LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

Registered number: 3179442

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2012

Results and dividends

The financial statements show a profit for the financial year after taxation of €17,000 (2011 loss for the year of €13,000)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2011 €nil)

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a licensor of entertainment computer software

For a full business review refer to page 2 of the financial statements of Sony Computer Entertainment Europe Limited

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. These risks are discussed on page 2 of the Sony Computer Entertainment Europe Limited annual report for the year ended 31 March 2012 which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Review of business and future developments

The company will continue to license premium entertainment products. For a full business review refer to page 2 of the financial statements of Sony Computer Entertainment Europe Limited.

Financial risk management

Financial risk management is the ultimate responsibility of the boards of Psygnosis Licensing Limited and Sony Computer Entertainment Europe Limited, and is monitored by the finance team

Political and charitable donations

The company made no political or charitable donations in the financial year (2011 €nil)

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (continued)

Directors

The directors who held office during the year ended 31 March 2012 and up to the date of signing these financial statements are as follows

J Ryan

S Rutter (appointed 5 October 2011)

A House (resigned 5 October 2011)

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the annual report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (that is, information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware. Each director has taken all the steps they should ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (continued)

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

On behalf of the Board

S Rutter **Director**

16 July 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PSYGNOSIS LICENSING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Psygnosis Licensing Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Robert Girdlestone (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
St Albans

16 July 2012

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Notes	2012 €'000	2011 €'000
Turnover	2	3	3
Cost of sales		(1)	(1)
Gross profit		2	2
Operating profit		2	2
Interest receivable and similar income		12	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		14	2
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	3	(15)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	8 (b)	17	(13)

All results derive from continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no material difference between the result on ordinary activities before taxation and result for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

2011 2012

	Notes	€'000	€,000
Current assets			
Debtors	5	2,271	2,269
Creditors (amounts falling due within one year)	6	(116)	(131)
Net current assets		2,155	2,138
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	-	-
Profit and loss account	8 (b)	2,155	2,138
Total shareholder's funds	8 (a)	2,155	2,138

These financial statements on pages 5 to 10 were approved by the Board on 16 July 2012, and signed on its behalf by

S Rutter Director

Registered number 3179442

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in the United Kingdom under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and using consistently applied accounting policies.

(a) Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of licenses supplied, net of value added tax and trade discounts. Turnover from license income is recognised on a receipts basis. Such license income is only recognised in respect of games that have had their code accepted by the licensee. Direct costs relating to licence income are matched against the licence income received under the accruals concept. No account is taken of the inherent value of the future income streams of current intellectual properties.

(b) Foreign currencies

The local and presentational currency is the euro. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into euros at the rate prevailing at transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into euros at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. At 31 March 2012 the rate applicable was €1 to £0 83392. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into euros at the historic rates of exchange. All foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

(c) Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard number 1 (revised 1996) 'Cash flow statements' as its results are consolidated in the group financial statements of Sony Corporation (Copies of these financial statements can be obtained from Sony Global Treasury Services Plc, 15th Floor, Commercial Union Tower, 1 Undershaft, London, EC3A 8EE)

(d) Taxation

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. There is no deferred taxation arising and therefore disclosure under FRS 19 is not required.

(e) Financial Instruments

Interest risk is minimal as there are no borrowings or loans. Liquidity risk is managed via funding, as required, from parent company undertakings.

2 TURNOVER

All revenue and costs relate to just one segment being the licensing of entertainment computer software in the UK

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

3 DIRECTORS, STAFF COSTS AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The directors of the company do not receive any direct remuneration in respect of their services rendered for the management of the company and all remuneration is borne by Sony Computer Entertainment Europe Limited

The company had no employees in the year (2011 none)

Auditors' remuneration is borne by a group undertaking

4 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2012 €'000	2011 €'000	
UK corporation tax on profits of the year Adjustments in respect of prior years	4 (7)	15	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(3)	15	

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2011 higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the LIK

The differences are explained below

	2012 €'000	2011 €'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	14	2
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)	4	1
UK to UK transfer pricing adjustment Adjustments in respect of prior years	(7)	14
Current year tax (credit)/charge	(3)	15

Factors which may affect future tax charges

On 26 March 2012 a resolution passed by Parliament reduced the main corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% effective from 1 April 2012. This change was announced in the March 2012 Budget Statement together with the intention to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 22% by 1 April 2014.

Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013 is included in the Finance Act 2012. The rate reductions from 24% to 22% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012				
DEBTORS				
			2012	2011
			€'000	€'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings			2,271	2,269
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE V	VITHIN ONE YEA	R		
			2012 €'000	2011 €'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings			116	131
Through the street to group and the street through				
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
	Normalian of	2012	Nihar of	2011
	Number of shares	€	Number of shares	•
Authorised	10.000	46 224	10.000	16 22 4
Ordinary shares of €1 6334 each	10,000	16,334	10,000	16,334
Allotted and fully paid Ordinary shares of €1 6334 each	1	2	1	2
a) Reconciliation of movements in s			ESERVES	
			2012 €'000	2(€'(
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds			17 2,138	(2,
Closing shareholders' funds			2,155	2,
b) Reconciliation of movements in r	eserves			
			Pr	ofit and le acco €'(
At 1 April 2011 Profit for the financial year	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			2,
At 31 March 2011				2,1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012 (CONTINUED)

9 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKINGS

The immediate parent undertaking is Psygnosis Holdings PLC

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Sony Corporation, a company incorporated in Japan

Sony Corporation is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 March 2012. The consolidated financial statements of Sony Corporation are available from Sony Global Treasury Services Plc, 15th Floor, Commercial Union Tower, 1 Undershaft, London, EC3A 8EE

10 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As 100% of the share capital is held by its parent, Psygnosis Holdings PLC, advantage has been taken of paragraph 3 of FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other group companies. Consolidated financial statements for Sony Corporation are publicly available.