Registered number: 03173552

VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

J L Boyle

M D Hardman

Company secretary

VMED O2 Secretaries Limited

Registered number

03173552

Registered office

500 Brook Drive

Reading

United Kingdom

RG2 6UU

Independent auditor

KPMG LLP

1 St Peter's Square

Manchester M2 3AE

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Principal activities and business review

Virgin Media Investment Holdings Limited, (the 'company') is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VMED O2 UK Limited (VMED O2) (the group).

The principal activity of the company during the year was, and will continue to be, that of a holding company. The investments of the company are shown in note 21. In addition, the company has significant financing arrangements with fellow group undertakings and holds derivative instruments to manage the group's exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates.

VMED O2 is an integrated communications provider of mobile, broadband internet, video and fixed-line telephony to residential customers and businesses in the United Kingdom (UK). As of 31 December 2021, the primary subsidiaries of VMED O2 include (i) Virgin Media Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, Virgin Media), (ii) VMED O2 UK Holdco 1 Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, O2) and (iii) VMED O2 UK Financing I plc.

VMED O2 is a 50:50 joint venture formed on 1 June 2021 between Liberty Global plc (Liberty Global) and Telefonica, SA (Telefonica) (the JV Transaction). Combining the operations of Virgin Media Inc. and its subsidiaries in the UK with the operations of O2 Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries in the UK (the joint venture). Further detail of the joint venture is provided in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

VMED O2 is an integrated communications provider of mobile, broadband internet, video and fixed-line telephony services to residential customers and businesses in the UK.

At 31 December 2021, the group's fixed-line network passed 15.6 million homes and served 5.8 million fixed-line customers with 5.6 million customers taking a broadband internet product. In addition, at 31 December 2021, the group served 32.2 million retail mobile connections and 10.0 million wholesale mobile connections.

Under the Virgin Media brand, the group provides broadband internet, video, fixed-line telephony, mobile ("Mobile - Virgin Media MVNO based offerings") and broadcasting services in the UK. The group is one of the UK's largest providers of residential communications services in terms of the number of customers. The group believes its advanced, deep-fibre cable access network enables the group to offer faster and higher quality broadband internet services than digital subscriber line (DSL) market participants. As a result, the group provides its customers with a leading next generation broadband internet service and one of the most advanced interactive television services available in the UK market.

Virgin Media provides mobile services to customers in the UK using third-party networks through mobile virtual network operator (MVNO) arrangements. Following the formation of the joint venture, these services will migrate to the group's own mobile network and these MVNO arrangements will be unwound.

In addition, through the Virgin Media Business brand, the group provides broadband internet, fixed-line and mobile telephony and other connectivity services to businesses, public sector organisations and service providers in the UK across its fixed-line network.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Principal activities and business review (continued)

The group's mobile network is operated under the O2 brand and is a leading UK mobile network operator (MNO), whose primary business is providing mobile telecommunications and related services, to consumer and business customers. Under the premium O2 brand, the group offers a comprehensive range of mobile services and products to consumer and business customers, including mobile voice, messaging and data services, and sales of handsets, tablets, wearable devices and other hardware. In addition, the group offers a wide range of value-add services and products including Wi-Fi services, security services, cloud services, digital payment services, certain fixed-line services for businesses and insurance products. O2 has also developed innovative value-add services and products, including services and products relating to the 'Internet of Things', insurance, and big-data and insight services for businesses. Through its digital loyalty program, Priority, O2 offers its customers a range of exclusive deals and perks and this program was extended to the group's fixed-line customers in November 2021.

In addition, O2 provides MVNO based offerings, through its digital brand giffgaff, providing telecommunications services to the consumer mobile segment.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Financial and operational risk management is undertaken as part of the group operations as a whole. The company's operations expose it to a variety of operational and financial risks. These are considered in more detail in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

Brexit

Following the UK's departure from the European Union (EU), the group has not identified any material adverse effect on the group's business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. The group does not anticipate any material effect going forwards and will continue to monitor any potential risk that may arise as the government continues to negotiate trade deals.

COVID-19

The global COVID-19 pandemic continues to adversely impact the economy of the UK. However, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the adverse impact on the group was relatively minimal as demand for products and services remained strong. It is not currently possible to estimate the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic or the full adverse economic impact resulting from the preventative measures taken to contain or mitigate its outbreak, therefore no assurance can be given that an extended period of global economic disruption would not have a material adverse impact on the group's business, financial condition and results of operations in future periods.

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The directors do not use KPIs to assess the performance of the company as its principal activity is that of a holding company.

Future outlook

It is the intention of the directors that this entity will continue to operate as a holding company. The directors will continue to review management policies in light of changing trading and market conditions. Further detail of the future outlook of the group is provided in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Section 172 Statement

As directors we have a responsibility to promote the success of the company in good faith for the benefit of our shareholders whilst having regard, at least, to the following matters:

- the likely consequences of any decisions in the long term;
- the interests of our employees;
- the need to foster the business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- the impact of our operations on the community and environment;
- the desire to maintain high standard of reputation and business conduct; and
- the need to act fairly between our shareholders.

In discharging our responsibilities as directors of the company we have adopted the group's governance framework which includes best practice procedures to support the assessment of those matters necessary to make informed decisions in furtherance of the long-term success and sustainability of the company and the group as a whole.

The directors have delegated the day-to-day management of the company to the Executive Management Team whilst retaining sufficient oversight over specific reserved matters in addition to statutory matters. The affairs of the group (including the company) are conducted in accordance with the provisions of the shareholders' agreement between the ultimate shareholders of the group and the articles of association VMED O2 UK Limited as well as the articles of association of the company, which in include processes to make sure that each shareholder's interests are taken into account in decision-making.

From the perspective of the directors, and as a result of the group governance framework, the matters that the directors are responsible for considering under section 172(1) of the Companies Act 2006, as set out above, have been considered to an appropriate extent by the board of VMED O2 UK Limited and the Executive Management Team including the directors were appropriate.

The size and spread of the group's business and its stakeholders mean that the group's stakeholder engagement generally takes place at an operational level, led by a member of the Executive Management Team supported by the Senior Leadership Team which consists of professionals for the respective areas. As a group we find that this is the most efficient and effective approach and helps us achieve a greater positive impact on environmental, social and other issues that are relevant to our business and customers. Regular updates are provided to the VMED O2 Board and the Executive Management Team (including the directors of the company) to help them understand the interests and views of VMED O2's key stakeholders and other relevant factors, which ensures that the directors can take them into account when making decisions and can comply with their section 172 duty to promote the success of the company. Details of how the matters set out in section 172(1)(a) to (f) have been taken into account and the impact that has had decisions made can be found in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

During the year the company was involved in certain pre-completion financing arrangement in readiness for the joint venture, whilst performing their duties under section 172(1), the directors had regard to the interest of the shareholder and the group as a whole. The decision of the directors was supported by management information provided by the professional advisors in additional to the group's governance controls as to the integrity of the management information provided to the directors. As a result, the directors where able to satisfy themselves that the financing arrangements did not have any adverse effect on the matters set out in section 172(1) and will benefit the company and the group as a whole.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

This report was approved by the board on and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Hardman

M D Hardman Director

Date:22 September 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after tax, amounted to £2,974,263,000 (2020 - £1,362,950,000).

The directors have not recommended an ordinary dividend (2020 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and thereafter were:

J L Boyle (appointed 1 October 2021)

M D Hardman (appointed 1 October 2021)

M O Hifzi (resigned 1 November 2021)

R G Mcneil (resigned 1 October 2021)

L Milner (appointed 1 March 2021, resigned 31 August 2021)

CBE Withers (resigned 1 October 2021)

The directors of the company have been indemnified against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision is in force for directors serving during the financial year and as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

Political donations

The company did not make any political donations during the year (2020: £nil).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

UK employee engagement statement

The company does not have any employees in its own right; the group's employees are employed by Telefonica UK Limited or Virgin Media Limited, both of which solely operate in the UK and their respective employees are based in the UK with the exception of a handful which are seconded to other group companies from time to time. As part of the group governance framework the Board has delegated its duties in respect of the group's employees to the Executive Management Team of the group. The Board and the Executive Management Team have regard to the interest of employees, including the outcome of any engagement where appropriate, in the decisions taken (in particular in principal decisions) by the group during the financial year. Examples of the group's engagement with its employees include:

- CEO & executive live streams and roadshows: Through 2021 we continued regular CEO and Executive Management Team digital livestreams, in addition to face to face Roadshows. These events are an opportunity for the Executive Management Team to share important updates and provide an opportunity for our people to ask questions and to make comments.
- Employee network groups: Our six employee network groups (Enrich, Proudly, Gender Equality, Ultraviolet,
 Extra Ordinary and We Care) work to ensure the views, needs and sentiment of our diverse populations are
 represented on an on-going basis within and across the business. There are both formal and informal
 collaborative working sessions.
- Executive management team briefings: Each month the Executive Management Team brings together VMED O2's senior leaders to discuss a range of commercial, customer and leadership priorities. These forums are opportunities to invite questions, feedback, views and insights from the wider senior leadership community.
- Workplace: Our internal social media platform actively drives and encourages openness, communication
 and collaboration. All of our people have access to Workplace and are able to post comments, questions,
 ideas and set up groups. Workplace is a key vehicle in our communications and employee engagement
 approach, supporting business updates, dissemination of key information e.g. COVID-19 updates, and
 bespoke campaigns centred on key topics e.g. internal career opportunities. Workplace provides an alwayson forum for people to share updates, feedback, ideas and news from around the business.
- Engagement survey and pulse surveys: These tools gather our people's views and enable everyone to have a voice through the year. The results provide a company-wide view of our people's levels of motivation and identify what is going well and what can be improved.
- Quarterly update: Each quarter, members of the Executive Management Team share our commercial and
 financial results and business strategy updates with all of our people. These have been held digitally via
 Workplace through 2021, are accessible to all of our people and provide the opportunity for questions or
 comments.
- Employee representatives for O2: We work continuously and in partnership with our Trade Unions (CWU and Prospect) and employee representatives on a broad range of employee related matters to maintain a positive and collaborative industrial climate within the business.
- Employee representatives for Virgin Media: We work continuously and in partnership with our Voice Forum on a broad range of employee related matters to maintain a positive and collaborative industrial climate within the business.

Further examples of how the group has had regard to the interests of its employees and the effect this has had on the decisions taken by the group can be found in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Corporate governance

The company adopts the same governance framework for the group and full details of the governance arrangement can be found in the Corporate Governance Statement of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited Consolidated Annual Report, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

Going concern

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £1,826,068,000 as at 31 December 2021 and a profit for the year then ended of £2,974,263,000, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

After making suitable enquiries and obtaining the necessary assurances, including a letter of support from VMED O2 UK Limited, that sufficient resources will be made available to meet any liabilities as they fall due, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although at the date of approval of these financial statements they have no reason to believe that it will not do so, and continued operations are key to the wider group.

It is not VMED O2's practice to prepare forecasts and projections for individual entities that are wholly owned by the group, as operational and financial management is undertaken at a group level.

However, forecasts and projections which take into account of reasonably possible downsides in trading performance, have been prepared for the group as a whole and these showed that cash on hand, together with cash from operations and the revolving credit facility, are expected to be sufficient for the group and hence the company's cash requirements through to at least 12 months from the approval of these financial statements.

Taking into account these forecasts and projections and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation the company has adequate support and resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and consequently have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Consideration of the on-going impact of COVID-19 has not altered this conclusion.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

KPMG LLP will be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf by:

J L Boyle Director

Date: 22 September 2022

Julia Boyle

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements of the company in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements of the company for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the audited financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Virgin Media Investment Holdings Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the group's and the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period"), as the group has received a letter of intent from its parent entity VMED O2 UK Limited.

In our evaluation of the director's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty
 related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's
 ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to VMED O2 Holdings Limited's policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud that apply to this group company as well as enquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because there are no revenue transactions. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including agreeing all accounting entries in the period to supporting documentation.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

This company, as a holding company, is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

The directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 9 the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Antony Whittle (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 1 St Peter's Square Manchester M2 3AE

Date: 23 September 2022

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£000	£000
Administrative income		9,545	21,733
Operating profit	4	9,545	21,733
Income from subsidiaries	7	3,070,878	1,515,565
Finance income	8	227,999	201,719
Finance costs	9	(334,159)	(376,067)
Profit before tax		2,974,263	1,362,950
Income tax expense	10	-	-
Profit for the year		2,974,263	1,362,950
Other comprehensive income		· ·	
Gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity	. 16	-	4,885
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,974,263	1,367,835

The notes on pages 17 to 39 form part of these financial statements.

All results were derived from continuing operations.

VIRGIN MEDIA INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:03173552

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments in subsidiaries Current assets	11	7,333,966	7,333,966
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	6,936,756	5,170,365
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	789,025	750,122
Cash and cash equivalents		246	18
		7,726,027	5,920,505
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(2,615,339)	(2,451,715)
Net current assets		5,110,688	3,468,790
Total assets less current liabilities		12,444,654	10,802,756
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(3,982,325)	(5,320,176)
Net assets		8,462,329	5,482,580
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	17	600,568	600,568
Share premium	18	15,901,192	15,901,192
Hedging reserve	18	-	(5,486)
Accumulated losses	18	(8,039,431)	(11,013,694)
Total sharesholder's funds		8,462,329	5,482,580

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mark Hardman

M D Hardman

Director

Date: 22 September 2022

The notes on pages 17 to 39 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

				•	
	Share capital	Share premium	Hedging reserve	Accumulated losses	Total shareholder's funds
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Balance as at 1 January 2021	600,568	15,901,192	(5,486)	(11,013,694)	5,482,580
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	•	-	•	2,974,263	2,974,263
Transfer of hedging loss to profit and loss account		· · -	5,486	-	5,486
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	5,486	-	5,486
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	5,486	2,974,263	2,979,749
Balance as at 31 December 2021	600,568	15,901,192		(8,039,431)	8,462,329

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Balance as at 1 January 2020	Share capital £000 600,568	Share premium £000 15,901,192	Hedging reserves £000 (10,371)	losses £000	Total shareholder's funds £000 4,114,745
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,362,950	1,362,950
Gain on fair value hedge	-	-	4,885	-	4,885
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	4,885	•	4,885
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	4,885	1,362,950	1,367,835
Balance as at 31 December 2020	600,568	15,901,192	(5,486)	(11,013,694)	5,482,580

The notes on pages 17 to 39 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Company information

The principal activity of Virgin Media Investment Holdings Limited (the 'company') is the provision of financing to fellow group subsidiaries and that of a holding company.

The company is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the UK. The registered number is 03173552 and the registered address is 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

In accordance with s400 of the Companies Act 2006, consolidated financial statements for this company have not been prepared as the company and its subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited for the period ended 31 December 2021 which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of accounting

A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below. All accounting policies have been applied consistently, unless noted below.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The company's intermediate parent undertaking, VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and are available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a cash flow statement and related notes:
- comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- disclosures in respect of related party transactions with fellow group undertakings;
- disclosures in respect of capital management;
- the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel; and
- disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company.

As the consolidated financial statements of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

 certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 fair value measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 financial instrument disclosures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Going concern

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £1,826,068,000 as at 31 December 2021 and a profit for the year then ended of £2,974,263,000, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

After making suitable enquiries and obtaining the necessary assurances, including a letter of support from VMED O2 UK Limited, that sufficient resources will be made available to meet any liabilities as they fall due, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although at the date of approval of these financial statements they have no reason to believe that it will not do so, and continued operations are key to the wider group.

It is not VMED O2's practice to prepare forecasts and projections for individual entities that are wholly owned by the group, as operational and financial management is undertaken at a group level.

However, forecasts and projections which take into account of reasonably possible downsides in trading performance, have been prepared for the group as a whole and these showed that cash on hand, together with cash from operations and the revolving credit facility, are expected to be sufficient for the group and hence the company's cash requirements through to at least 12 months from the approval of these financial statements.

Taking into account these forecasts and projections and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation the company has adequate support and resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and consequently have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Consideration of the on-going impact of COVID-19 has not altered this conclusion.

2.3 Finance income

Finance income is recognised as interest accrues according to the effective interest rate method, which uses the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount.

2.4 Income from subsidiaries

Dividend income is recognised when the company's right to receive payment is established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments are recorded at cost, less provision for impairment as appropriate. The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an investment may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company makes an estimate of the investment's recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an investment exceeds its recoverable amount, the investment is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there was an event not foreseen in the original impairment calculations, such as a change in use of the investment or a change in economic conditions. The reversal of impairment loss would be to the extent of the lower of the recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the investment in prior years.

2.6 Debtors

Debtors are initially measured at fair value and subsequently reported at amortised cost, net of an allowance for impairment of trade receivables.

The company uses a forward looking impairment model which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance which is estimated based upon our assessment of anticipated loss related to uncollectible accounts receivable. We use a number of factors in determining the allowance, including, among other things, collection trends, prevailing and anticipated economic conditions, and specific customer credit risk. The allowance is maintained until either payment is received or the likelihood of collection is considered to be remote.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.8 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Creditors are presented as amounts falling due within one year unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or otherwise cancellation of liabilities are recognised respectively in finance income and finance costs using the effective interest method.

Finance costs which are incurred in connection with the issuance of debt are deferred and set off against the borrowings to which they relate. Deferred finance costs are amortised over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as creditors: amounts falling due within one year unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period in which case they are classified as creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year.

2.10 Non derivative financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents, current trade and other receivables, related-party receivables and payables, certain other current assets, accounts payable, certain accrued liabilities and value-added taxes (VAT) payable represent financial instruments that are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost. Due to their relatively short maturities, the carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their respective fair values.

Loans and other receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such loans and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

The company initially recognises loans and receivables on the date they are originated. All other financial assets (including assets designated as fair value through the statement of profit or loss) are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The company initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Derivative financial instruments and hedging

The group has established policies and procedures to govern the management of its exposure to interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risks, through the use of derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, cross currency interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward rate contracts.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Derivatives are recognised as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The foreign currency forward rate contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency interest rate swaps are valued using internal models based on observable inputs, counterparty valuations or market transactions in either the listed or over-the-counter markets, adjusted for non-performance risk. Non-performance risk is based upon quoted credit default spreads for counterparties to the contracts and swaps. Derivative contracts which are subject to master netting arrangements are not offset and have not provided, nor require, cash collateral with any counterparty.

While these instruments are subject to the risk of loss from changes in exchange rates and interest rates, these losses would generally be offset by gains in the related exposures. Financial instruments are only used to hedge underlying commercial exposures. The group does not enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes, nor does it enter into derivative financial instruments with a level of complexity or with a risk that is greater than the exposure to be managed.

The group designates certain derivatives as either fair value hedges, when hedging exposure to variability in the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments, or as cash flow hedges, when hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that are either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

Derivatives that are not part of an effective hedging relationship, as set out in IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9), must be classified as held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The treatment of gains and losses arising from revaluing derivatives designated as hedging instruments depends upon the nature of the hedging relationship and are treated as follows:

Cash flow hedges

For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income, while the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts taken to other comprehensive income are reclassified to the profit and loss account when the hedged transaction is recognised in profit or loss, such as when a forecast sale or purchase occurs, in the same line of the profit and loss account as the recognised hedged item. Where the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the gains and losses previously accumulated in equity are transferred to the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or liability.

If a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognised immediately in profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain in equity until the forecast transaction occurs and are reclassified to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Fair value hedges

For fair value hedges, the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The change in the fair value of the hedging instrument and the change in the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognised in the line of the profit and loss account relating to the hedged item.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, then the fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortised to profit or loss from that date.

2.12 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, management has made estimates and judgements that affect the application of the company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimates and assumptions

Carrying value of investments

Investments are held at cost less any necessary provision for impairment. Where the impairment assessment did not provide any indication of impairment, no provision is required. If any such indications exist, the carrying value of an investment is written down to its recoverable amount.

Recoverability of intercompany receivables

Intercompany receivables are stated at their recoverable amount less any necessary provision. Recoverability of intercompany receivables is assessed annually and a provision is recognised if any indications exist that the receivables are not considered recoverable.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments -

Management uses valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument.

Management bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date (see note 16).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

4. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after crediting:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Gain on foreign currency translation	8,803	22,717

Certain expenses are specifically attributed to the company. Where costs are incurred by other group companies on behalf of the company, expenses are allocated to the company on a basis that, in the opinion of the directors, is reasonable.

The directors received no remuneration for the qualifying services as directors of this company. All directors' remuneration for those which were in office during 2021 and 2020 is disclosed in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited, which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

5. Auditors' remuneration

Auditor's remuneration of £10,800 (2020 - £5,000) for the audit of the financial statements has been borne by a fellow group undertaking and not recharged.

6. Employees

The company does not have any directly employed staff and is not charged an allocation of staff costs by the group. Details of staff numbers and staff costs of the group are disclosed in the Consolidated Annual Report of VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited which is available from the company secretary at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU.

7. Income from subsidiaries

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Dividends received	3,070,878	1,515,565

On 10 December 2021, the company received a dividend in specie of £3,070,878,000 from Virgin Media Investments Limited.

On 28 September 2020, the company received a cash dividend of £8,622,000 from Virgin Media Investments Limited. On 27 November 2020, the company received a dividend in specie of £645,263,000 from Virgin Media Finco Limited. On 2 December 2020, the company received a dividend in specie of £861,680,000 from Virgin Media Investments Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8.	Finance income		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Interest on amounts owed by group undertakings	227,900	193,149
•	Gain on derivative financial instruments	•	8,505
	Other finance income	99	65
		227,999	201,719
9.	Finance costs		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Interest on amounts owed to group undertakings	219,940	234,724
	Other finance charges	105,169	141,343
	Loss on derivative financial instruments	9,050	-
		334,159	376,067
	Loss on derivative infancial institutions		376,067

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10. Income tax expense

Tax expense included in profit or loss:

	2021	2020
Current tax	£000£	£000
Total current tax	-	-
Deferred tax		
Total deferred tax		-
Tax on profit	-	

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Profit before tax	2,974,263	1,362,950
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	565,110	258,961
Income not taxable	(583,467)	(287,958)
Group relief surrendered	18,357	28,997
Tax expense	· ·	-

Factors affecting current and future tax charges

In March 2021, legislation was introduced to increase the UK corporate income tax rate from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023. This rate change was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021 and enacted on 10 June 2021 (Finance Bill 2021).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. Investments in subsidiaries

	Investments in subsidiaries £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	7,463,336
At 31 December 2021	7,463,336
Accumulated impairment	
At 1 January 2021	129,370
At 31 December 2021	129,370
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	7,333,966
At 31 December 2020	7,333,966

The investments in which the company holds at least 20% of the nominal value of any class of share capital, all of which are unlisted, are shown in note 21.

In the opinion of the directors the aggregate value of the investments in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12.	Debtors		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Due after more than one year	2000	2000
	Other debtors	15,304	4,033
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	6,747,000	4,694,286
	Debt issue costs	4,333	18,318
	Derivative financial assets	170,119	453,728
		6,936,756	5,170,365
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Due within one year	2000	2000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	777,636	643,730
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	13
	Derivative financial assets	11,389	106,379
		789,025	750,122
			
	The analysis of amounts owed by group undertakings is:	•	
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Loans advanced by group undertakings	7,077,007	4,924,514
	Other amounts owed by group undertakings	447,629	413,502
		7,524,636	5,338,016

Amounts owed by group undertakings represents loan notes which had a carrying value of £7,077,007,000 (2020 - £4,924,514,000) at the balance sheet date. Loan notes are denominated in sterling, which bear interest of 4.85%, and mature in November 2027.

Other amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

ordansers amounted raming and resum one year		
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Vendor financing	1,993,389	1,964,704
Other loans	-	6,733
Amounts owed to group undertakings	574,183	271,267
Accruals and deferred income	27,992	40,821
Derivative financial liabilities	19,748	168,190
Other creditors	27	-
. ·	2,615,339	2,451,715
The analysis of amounts owed to group undertakings is:		
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Loans advanced from group undertakings	24,425	22,548
Other amounts owed to group undertakings	549,758	248,719
	574,183	271,267
	=	

Amounts owed to group undertakings due within one year include loan notes which had a carrying value of £24,425,000 (2020 - £22,548,000) at the balance sheet date. Loan notes are denominated in sterling and US dollar, which bear interest ranging from 4.6% to 5.6%, and mature between April 2026 and July 2027.

Other amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

2021 £000	2020 £000
16,097	8,367
3,741,021	4,467,176
110,862	88,977
114,345	755,656
3,982,325	5,320,176
·	
2021 £000	2020 £000
3,741,021	4,467,176
	£000 16,097 3,741,021 110,862 114,345 3,982,325

Amounts owed to group undertakings due after more than one year represents loan notes which had a carrying value of £3,741,021,000 (2020 - £4,467,176,000) at the balance sheet date. Loan notes are denominated in sterling and US dollar, which bear interest of 4.6%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

15.	Loans and borrowings		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Vendor financing	2,104,251	2,053,681
	Other debt	16,097	15,100
		2,120,348	2,068,781
			-
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:	. •	
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Amounts falling due between one and five years		
	Vendor financing	2,104,703	2,053,681
	5.5% Vendor financing notes issued by VMRFN I DAC due 2024	-	2,700
	5.75% Vendor financing notes issued by VMRFN II DAC due 2023	-	1,333
		2,104,703	2,057,714
	Amounts falling due after more than five years		
	4.875% Vendor financing notes issued by VMRFN III DAC due 2028	9,922	8,761
	5.0% Vendor financing notes issued by VMRFN IV DAC due 2028	6,175	2,306
		16,097	11,067

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. Financial instruments

rinanciai instruments		
	2021	2020
Financial assets	£000	£000
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	181,508	560,107
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	7,544,246	5,360,386
	7,725,754	5,920,493
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss	(134,093)	(923,846)
Financial liabilities that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	(6,463,545)	(6,848,044)
	(6,597,638)	(7,771,890)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and derivative financial assets including cross currency swaps, cross currency interest rate swaps, interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward contracts.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise debt issue costs, other debtors and amounts owed by group undertakings.

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise bank overdrafts and derivative financial liabilities including cross currency swaps, cross currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swaps and certain other loans.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed by group undertakings, vendor financing, accruals and deferred income and certain other loans.

The group manages its treasury operations on a group basis and consequently derivative financial instruments are designed to mitigate the risks experienced by the group as a whole rather than a specific company. The group has obligations in a combination of US dollars and sterling at fixed and variable interest rates. As a result, the group is exposed to volatility in its cash flows and earnings resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

The group's objective in managing its exposure to interest rate and foreign currency exchange rates is to decrease the volatility of its earnings and cash flows caused by changes in the underlying rates. The group has established policies and procedures to govern these exposures and has entered into derivative financial instruments including interest rate swaps, cross currency interest swaps and foreign currency forward rate contracts. It is the group's policy not to enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes, nor to enter into derivative financial instruments with a level of complexity or with a risk that is greater than the exposure to be managed.

The derivative financial instruments held by the company are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial instruments. The fair values of these derivative financial instruments are valued using internal models based on observable inputs, counterparty valuations, or market transactions in either the listed or over-the-counter markets, adjusted for non-performance risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. Financial instruments (continued)

The fair values of derivative financial instruments recognised in the balance sheet of the company are as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Current assets (note 12)		
Derivatives not designated as hedges	11,389	106,379
	11,389	106,379
Non current assets (note 12)		
Derivatives not designated as hedges	170,119	453,728
	170,119	453,728
Current liabilities (note 13)		
Derivatives not designated as hedges	(19,748)	(168,190)
	(19,748)	(168,190)
Non current liabilities (note 14)		
Derivatives not designated as hedges	(114,345)	(755,656)
	(114,345)	(755,656)
Aggregate net fair value of derivative financial instruments	47,415	(363,739)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. Financial instruments (continued)

The following table sets out the total notional amounts and the related weighted average remaining contractual lives of the company's cross currency swap contracts at 31 December 2021. The derivative contracts held are not designated as cashflow hedges.

The company manages derivative instruments for the group and therefore the debt being hedged is not in the company's own balance sheet other than as reflected through inter-company loan notes.

Cross currency swap contracts

The terms of the outstanding cross currency swap contracts used to mitigate the foreign exchange and interest rate risk relating to the sterling value of interest payments on US dollar and euro denominated senior notes at 31 December 2021 were as follows:

Final maturity date	Notional amount due from counterparty (thousands)	Notional amount due to counterparty (thousands)	Weighted average remaining life (years)
January 2025	\$150,000	£90,303	3.04

In addition to the cross currency swap contracts shown above, the company also holds the following outstanding cross currency swap agreements with other companies within the VMED O2 group at 31 December 2021:

Final maturity date	Notional amount due from counterparty (thousands)	Notional amount due to counterparty (thousands)	Weighted average remaining life (years)
April 2023 - August 2028	£1,879,709	\$2,570,000	3.94
April 2023 - August 2028	£2,860,000	\$2,057,628	4.03

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate swaps

At 31 December 2021, the company had outstanding interest rate swap agreements to manage the exposure to volatility in future cash flows on interest payments, which accrue on a variable basis based on LIBOR.

The company has also entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage its exposure to changes in the fair value of certain group debt obligations due to interest rate fluctuations.

The terms of outstanding interest rate swap contracts at 31 December 2021 were as follows:

Final maturity date	Pay fixed	rate	Receive fixed	l rate
	Notional (thousands)	Weighted average remaining life	Notional (thousands)	Weighted average remaining life
June 2023	£300,000	1.5	£300,000 .	1.5

In addition to the interest rate swaps shown above, the company also holds the following outstanding interest rate swap agreements with other companies within the VMED O2 group at 31 December 2021:

Final maturity date	Notional amount due from counterparty (thousands)	Weighted average remaining life	Weighted average interest rate due from counterparty	Weighted average remaining life
January 2025	\$709,000	3.04	\$709,000	3.04
May 2023	£292,000	1.37	£292,000	1.37

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. Financial instruments (continued)

Foreign currency forward contracts

The company has also entered into the following foreign currency forward contracts with other companies within the VMED O2 group at 31 December 2021:

Final maturity date	Currency purchased forward	Currency sold forward
January 2022	 €619,622	€538,372

Cash flow hedges

For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income, while the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.

The following table presents the effective amount of gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and amounts reclassified to earnings:

•	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts reclassified to other comprehensive income - foreign exchange gains	· <u>-</u>	4,885

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

17. Share capital

2021	2020
£000	£000

Allotted, called up and fully paid

600,567,734,802 (2020 - 600,567,734,802) Ordinary shares of £0.001 each

600,568 600,568

18. Reserves

Share capital

The balance classified as share capital represents the nominal value on issue of the company's share capital, comprising £600,568,735 ordinary shares.

Share premium

Includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium.

Accumulated losses

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses net of dividends paid.

Hedging reserve

Includes all the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument for the cash flow hedges. See note 16 for further information.

19. Guarantees

The company, along with fellow group undertakings, is party to a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks. As at 31 December 2021, this comprised term facilities that amounted to £5,916 million (2020 - £3,982 million) and revolving credit facilities of £1,378 million (2020 - £1,000 million), which were undrawn as at 31 December 2020 and 2021. Borrowings under the facilities are secured against the assets of certain members of the group including those of this company.

In addition, a fellow group undertaking has issued senior secured notes which, subject to certain exceptions, share the same guarantees and security which have been granted in favour of the senior secured credit facility. The amount outstanding under the senior secured notes at 31 December 2021 amounted to £8,066 million (2020 - £4,400 million). Borrowings under the notes are secured against the assets of certain members of the group including those of this company.

Furthermore, a fellow group undertaking has issued senior notes for which the company, along with certain fellow group undertakings, has guaranteed the notes on a senior subordinated basis. The amount outstanding under the senior notes as at 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately £1,103 million (2020 - £1,127 million).

The company has joint and several liabilities under a group VAT registration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

20. Controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Virgin Media Finance PLC.

The smallest and largest groups of which the company is a member and into which the company's accounts were consolidated at 31 December 2021 are VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited and VMED O2 UK Limited, respectively.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party at 31 December 2021 was VMED O2 UK Limited.

Copies of VMED O2 UK Limited and VMED O2 UK Holdings Limited accounts referred to above which include the results of the company are available from the company secretary at Griffin House, 161 Hammersmith Road, London, United Kingdom, W6 8BS and 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

21. List of investments

Name of company		Holdings	Proportion	Nature of
Direct shareholdings			held	business
ntl Communications Services Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Virgin Media SFA Finance Limited		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Finco Limited		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Investments Limited		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Secured Finance PLC		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Indirect shareholdings				
Birmingham Cable Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Bitbuzz UK Limited		Ordinary	100%	Telecoms
Cable on Demand Limited	. Ф	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
CableTel Herts and Beds Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
CableTel Northern Ireland Limited	β	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
CableTel Surrey and Hampshire Limited	·	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Eurobell (Holdings) Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Flextech Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
General Cable Limited		Ordinary	100%	Holding
Green Park Services Limited	Φ	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl (B) Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl (Broadland) Limited	Φ	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl (South East) Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl (V)		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl Business Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl CableComms Group Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
NTL CableComms Group, LLC	Ξ	Common stock	100%	Dormant
ntl Glasgow	Σ .	Ordinary	56%	Telecoms
ntl Glasgow Holdings Limited	μ	Ordinary	51%	Holding
ntl Kirklees	·	Ordinary	52%	Telecoms
ntl Kirklees Holdings Limited	μ	Ordinary	51%	Holding
ntl Midlands Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl Pension Trustees II Limited		Ordinary	100%	Corporate Trustee
ntl Pension Trustees Limited	•	Ordinary	100%	Corporate Trustee
ntl Rectangle Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl South Central Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl Telecom Services Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
ntl Trustees Limited		Ordinary	100%	Corporate Trustee
Telewest Communications (Scotland) Limited	Σ	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Telewest Communications Cable Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Telewest Communications Networks Limited	•	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Telewest Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

21. List of investments (continued)

Name of company		Holdings	Proportion held	Nature of business
Indirect shareholdings				,
Theseus No.1 Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Theseus No.2 Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Virgin Media Bristol LLC	Ξ	Common stock	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Employee Medical Trust Limited		Ordinary	100%	Corporate Trustee
Virgin Media Finco 2 Limited		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Intermediary Purchaser Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Virgin Media Limited		Ordinary	100%	Telecoms
Virgin Media National Networks Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Virgin Media Operations Limited		Ordinary	100%	Holding
Virgin Media Payments Limited		Ordinary	100%	Collections
Virgin Media PCHC Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Virgin Media Secretaries Limited		Ordinary	100%	Guarantor
Virgin Media Senior Investments Limited		Ordinary	100%	Holding
Virgin Media Trade Receivables Intermediary Financing Limited		Ordinary	100%	Financing
Virgin Media Wholesale Limited		Ordinary	100%	Telecoms
Virgin Mobile Telecoms Limited		Ordinary	100%	Telecoms
VM Ireland Group Limited	Φ	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Virgin WiFi Limited		Ordinary	100%	Telecoms
VM Transfers (No 4) Limited		Ordinary.	100%	Dormant
Yorkshire Cable Communications Limited		Ordinary	100%	Dormant

All companies are registered at 500 Brook Drive, Reading, United Kingdom, RG2 6UU, unless otherwise noted below:

- β Unit 3, Blackstaff Road, Kennedy Way Industrial Estate, Belfast, BT11 9AP
- Σ 1 South Gyle Crescent Lane, Edinburgh, EH12 9EG
- Ξ 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, DE 19808. These entities are registered in the USA.
- μ Remainder of shares held by group undertakings
- Φ Dissolved subsequent to the year end